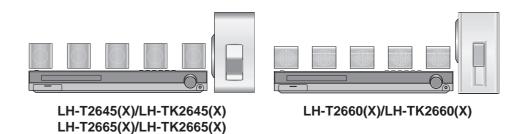


P/NO: AFN31220002

AUGUST, 2006

# DVD/CD RECEIVER SERVICE MANUAL



MODELS: LH-T2645(X)/LH-TK2645(X)/LHS-26SGS/26SGW LH-T2665(X)/LH-TK2665(X)/LHS-26SQS/26SQW LH-T2660(X)/LH-TK2660(X)/LHS-26SHS/26SHW

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SECTION 3. DVD & AMP PART
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• PRINTED CIRCUIT DIARGAMS
SECTION 4. EXPLODED VIEWS
SECTION 5. SPEAKER PART
SECTION 6. REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

# **SECTION 1. GENERAL**

# SERVICING PRECAUTIONS NOTES REGARDING HANDLING OF THE PICK-UP

#### 1. Notes for transport and storage

- 1) The pick-up should always be left in its conductive bag until immediately prior to use.
- 2) The pick-up should never be subjected to external pressure or impact.

Storage in conductive bag

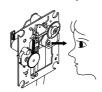




Drop impact

#### 2. Repair notes

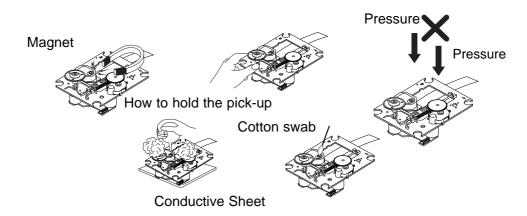
- 1) The pick-up incorporates a strong magnet, and so should never be brought close to magnetic materials.
- 2) The pick-up should always be handled correctly and carefully, taking care to avoid external pressure and impact. If it is subjected to strong pressure or impact, the result may be an operational malfunction and/or damage to the printed-circuit board.
- 3) Each and every pick-up is already individually adjusted to a high degree of precision, and for that reason the adjustment point and installation screws should absolutely never be touched.
- 4) Laser beams may damage the eyes! Absolutely never permit laser beams to enter the eyes! Also NEVER switch ON the power to the laser output part (lens, etc.) of the pick-up if it is damaged.



NEVER look directly at the laser beam, and don't let contact fingers or other exposed skin.

#### 5) Cleaning the lens surface

If there is dust on the lens surface, the dust should be cleaned away by using an air bush (such as used for camera lens). The lens is held by a delicate spring. When cleaning the lens surface, therefore, a cotton swab should be used, taking care not to distort this.



6) Never attempt to disassemble the pick-up.

Spring by excess pressure. If the lens is extremely dirty, apply isopropyl alcohol to the cotton swab. (Do not use any other liquid cleaners, because they will damage the lens.) Take care not to use too much of this alcohol on the swab, and do not allow the alcohol to get inside the pick-up.

#### NOTES REGARDING COMPACT DISC PLAYER REPAIRS

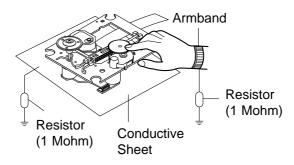
#### 1. Preparations

- 1) Compact disc players incorporate a great many ICs as well as the pick-up (laser diode). These components are sensitive to, and easily affected by, static electricity. If such static electricity is high voltage, components can be damaged, and for that reason components should be handled with care.
- 2) The pick-up is composed of many optical components and other high-precision components. Care must be taken, therefore, to avoid repair or storage where the temperature of humidity is high, where strong magnetism is present, or where there is excessive dust.

#### 2. Notes for repair

- 1) Before replacing a component part, first disconnect the power supply lead wire from the unit
- 2) All equipment, measuring instruments and tools must be grounded.
- 3) The workbench should be covered with a conductive sheet and grounded.

  When removing the laser pick-up from its conductive bag, do not place the pick-up on the bag. (This is because there is the possibility of damage by static electricity.)
- 4) To prevent AC leakage, the metal part of the soldering iron should be grounded.
- 5) Workers should be grounded by an armband (1M  $\Omega$ )
- 6) Care should be taken not to permit the laser pick-up to come in contact with clothing, in order to prevent static electricity changes in the clothing to escape from the armband.
- 7) The laser beam from the pick-up should NEVER be directly facing the eyes or bare skin.



# **ESD PRECAUTIONS**

# **Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD)**

Some semiconductor (solid state) devices can be damaged easily by static electricity. Such components commonly are called Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD). Examples of typical ESD devices are integrated circuits and some field-effect transistors and semiconductor chip components. The following techniques should be used to help reduce the incidence of component damage caused by static electricity.

- 1. Immediately before handling any semiconductor component or semiconductor-equipped assembly, drain off any electrostatic charge on your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, obtain and wear a commercially available discharging wrist strap device, which should be removed for potential shock reasons prior to applying power to the unit under test.
- 2. After removing an electrical assembly equipped with ESD devices, place the assembly on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil, to prevent electrostatic charge buildup or exposure of the assembly.
- 3. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron to solder or unsolder ESD devices.
- 4. Use only an anti-static solder removal device. Some solder removal devices not classified as "anti-static" can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- 5. Do not use freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- 6. Do not remove a replacement ESD device from its protective package until immediately before you are ready to install it. (Most replacement ESD devices are packaged with leads electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil or comparable conductive materials).
- 7. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ESD device, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will by installed.

# CAUTION: BE SURE NO POWER IS APPLIED TO THE CHASSIS OR CIRCUIT, AND OBSERVE ALL OTHER SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.

8. Minimize bodily motions when handing unpackaged replacement ESD devices. (Otherwise harmless motion such as the brushing together of your clothes fabric or the lifting of your foot from a carpeted floor can generate static electricity sufficient to damage an ESD device).

#### **CAUTION. GRAPHIC SYMBOLS**

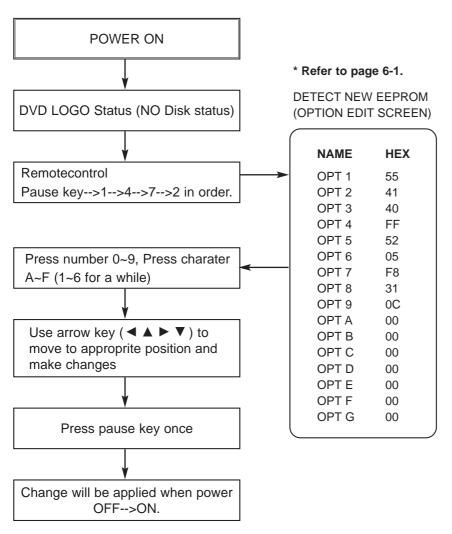


THE LIGHTNING FLASH WITH APROWHEAD SYMBOL. WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE, IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF UNINSULATED "DANGEROUS VOLTAGE" THAT MAY BE OF SUFFICIENT MAGNITUDE TO CONSTITUTE A RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.



THE EXCLAMATION POINT WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION IN SERVICE LITERATURE.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR EEPROM



#### \* OPTION

- NTSC model doesn't have VCR option and use DVD option B~F as VCR option. (only DVD exist)
- PAL model has another separate VCR option. (Both VCR and DVD exist)

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

**GENERAL** 

Power supply Refer to main label Power consumption Refer to main label

Net Weight 3.9 kg

External dimensions (W x H x D) 430 x 57 x 295 mm

Operating conditions Temperature: 5°C to 35°C, Operation status: Horizontal

Operating humidity 5% to 85%

CD/DVD

Laser Semiconductor laser, wavelength 650 nm

Signal system PAL 625/50, NTSC 525/60

Frequency response (audio) 150 Hz to 18 kHz

Signal-to-noise ratio (audio) More than 75 dB (1 kHz, NOP -6 dB, 20 kHz LPF/A-Filter)

Dynamic range (audio) More than 70 dB

Harmonic distortion (audio) 0.5 % (1 kHz, at 1W position) (20 kHz LPF)

**VIDEO** 

Video input 1.0 V (p-p), 75 Ω, negative sync., RCA jack x 1

Video output 1.0 V (p-p), 75 Ω, negative sync., RCA jack x 1/ SCART (TO TV)

**TUNER** 

**FM** 

Tuning Range 87.5 - 108.0 MHz or 65.0 - 74.0 MHz, 87.5 - 108.0 MHz

Intermediate Frequency 10.7 MHz
Signal-to Noise Ratio 60 dB (Mono)
Frequency Response 140 - 8,000 Hz

AM [MW]

Tuning Range 522 - 1,620 kHz or 520 - 1,720 kHz

Intermediate Frequency 450 kHz

AMPLIFIER(LH-T26's)

Stereo mode Front: 30 W + 30 W (THD 10 %)

(\* Depending on the sound mode settings and the source, there may

be no sound output.) Surround\*: 30 W + 30 W ( $6\Omega$  at 1 kHz, THD 10 %)

Subwoofer\*: 70 W (8Ω at 30 Hz, THD 10 %)

Input AUX IN, MIC

Outputs MONITOR, PHONES:  $(32 \Omega, 1.0 \text{ V})$ 

SPEAKERS(LHS-26SG)

Satellite Speaker Passive Subwoofer
Type 1 Way 1 Speaker 1 Way 1 Speaker

Impedance  $6 \Omega$   $8 \Omega$ 

 Frequency Response
 130 - 20,000 Hz
 50 - 1,500 Hz

 Sound Pressure Level
 83 dB/W (1m)
 82 dB/W (1m)

Rated Input Power 30W 70W Max. Input Power 60W 140W

Net Dimensions 88 x 100 x 95 mm 160 x 350 x 325 mm

Net Weight 0.54 kg 4.12 kg

#### SPEAKERS(LHS-26SH)

Satellite Speaker Passive Subwoofer Type 1 Way 1Speaker 1 Way 1Speaker

Impedance 6  $\Omega$  8  $\Omega$ 

 Frequency Response
 130 - 20,000 Hz
 50 - 1,500 Hz

 Sound Pressure Level
 130 - 20,000 Hz
 50 - 1,500 Hz

Rated Input Power 30W 70W Max Input Power 60W 140W

Net Dimensions 88 x 100 x 95 mm 160 x 350 x 325 mm

Net Weight 0.54 kg 4.12 kg

#### SPEAKERS(LHS-26SQ)

Satellite Speaker Passive Subwoofer Type 1 Way 1 Speaker 1 Way 1 Speaker

Impedance  $6 \Omega$   $8 \Omega$ 

 Frequency Response
 130 - 20,000 Hz
 50 - 1,500 Hz

 Sound Pressure Level
 83 dB/W (1m)
 82 dB/W (1m)

Rated Input Power 30W 70W Max. Input Power 60W 140W

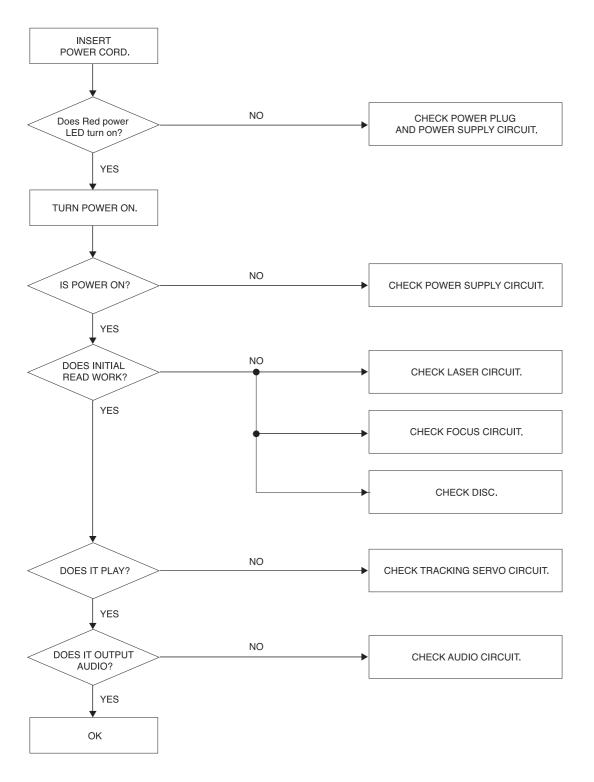
Net Dimensions 88 x 100 x 95 mm 160 x 350 x 325 mm

Net Weight 0.54 kg 4.12 kg

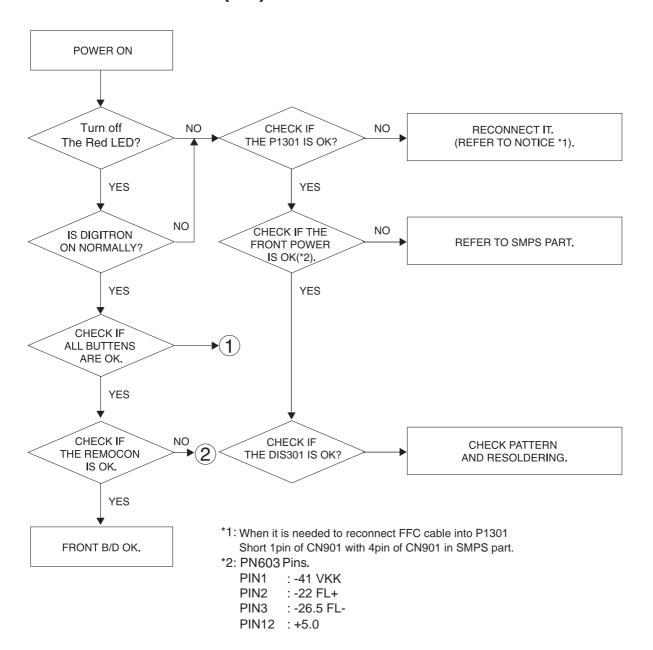
# **SECTION 2. AUDIO PART**

# **AUDIO TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

#### 1. POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

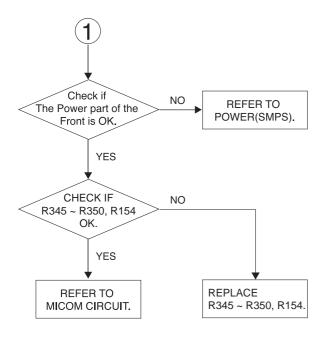


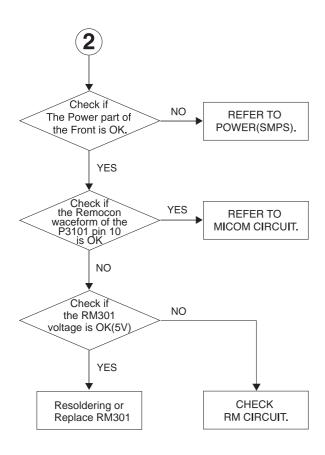
# 2. FRONT CIRCUIT (1/2)



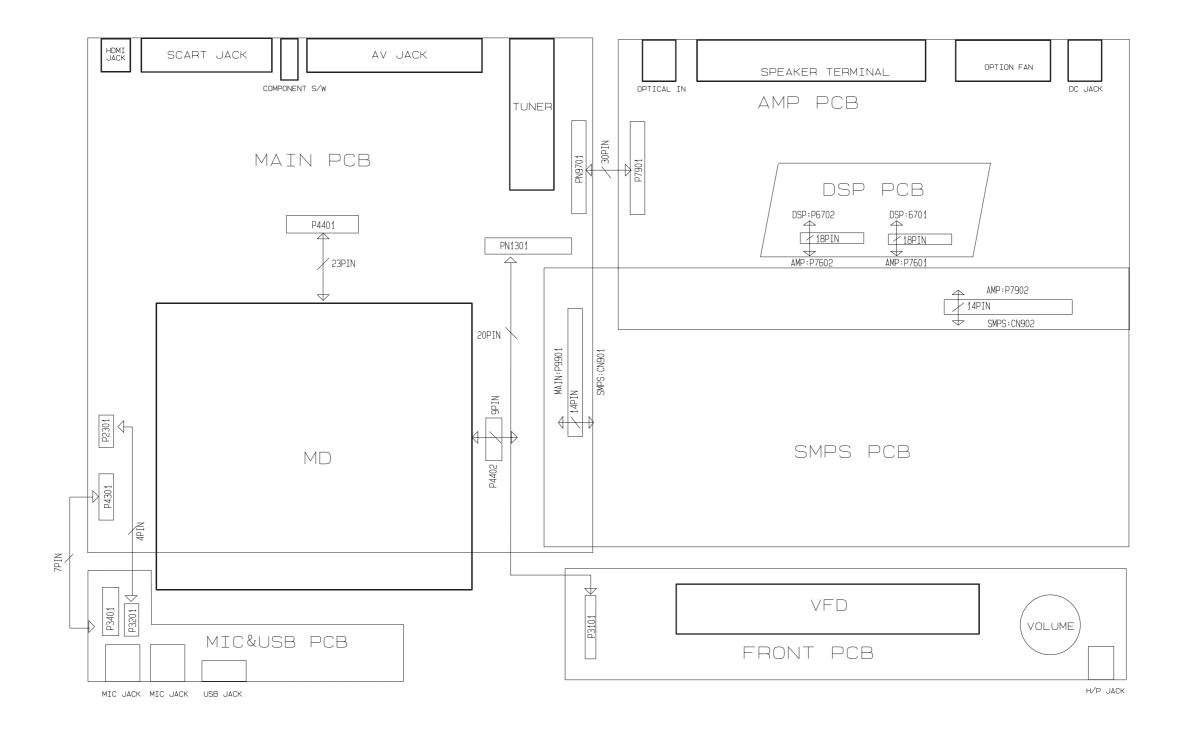
2-2

# 3. FRONT CIRCUIT (2/2)



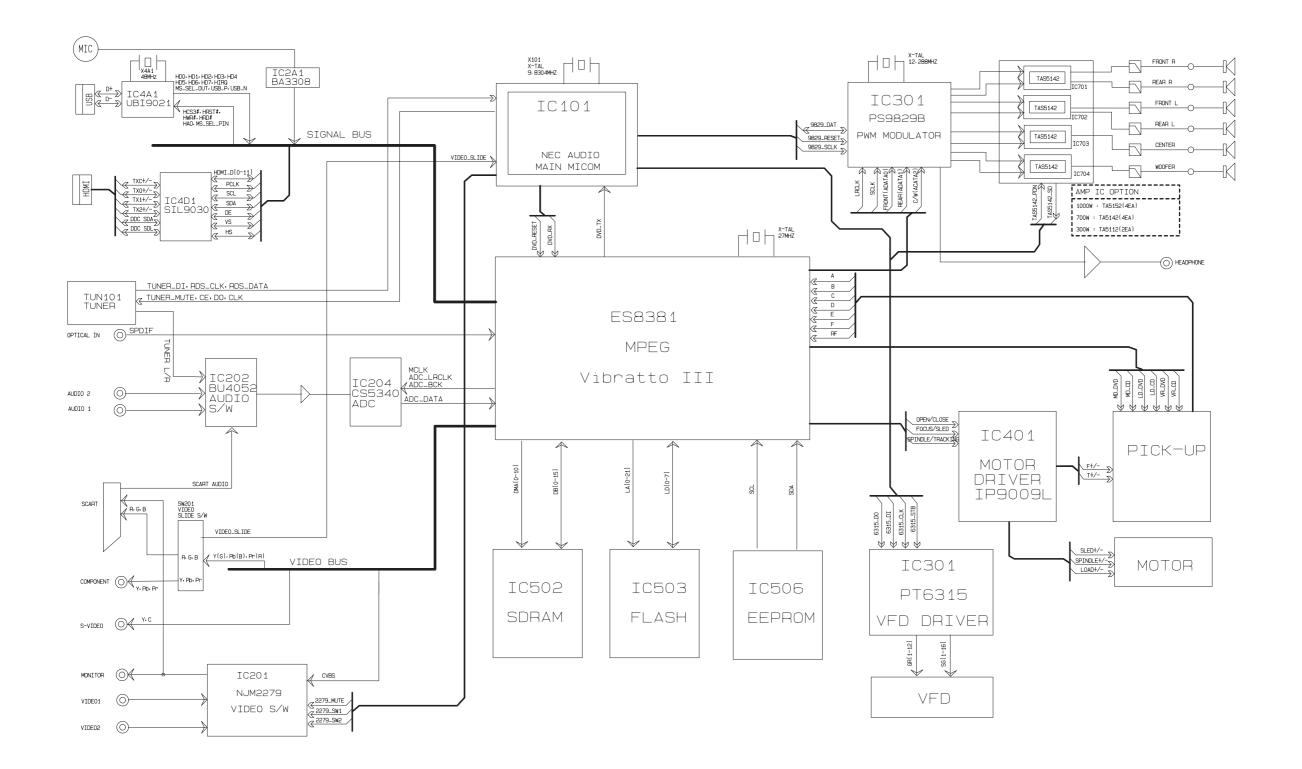


# **WIRING DIAGRAM**



EMATIC DIAGRAM (WIRING DIAGRAM)

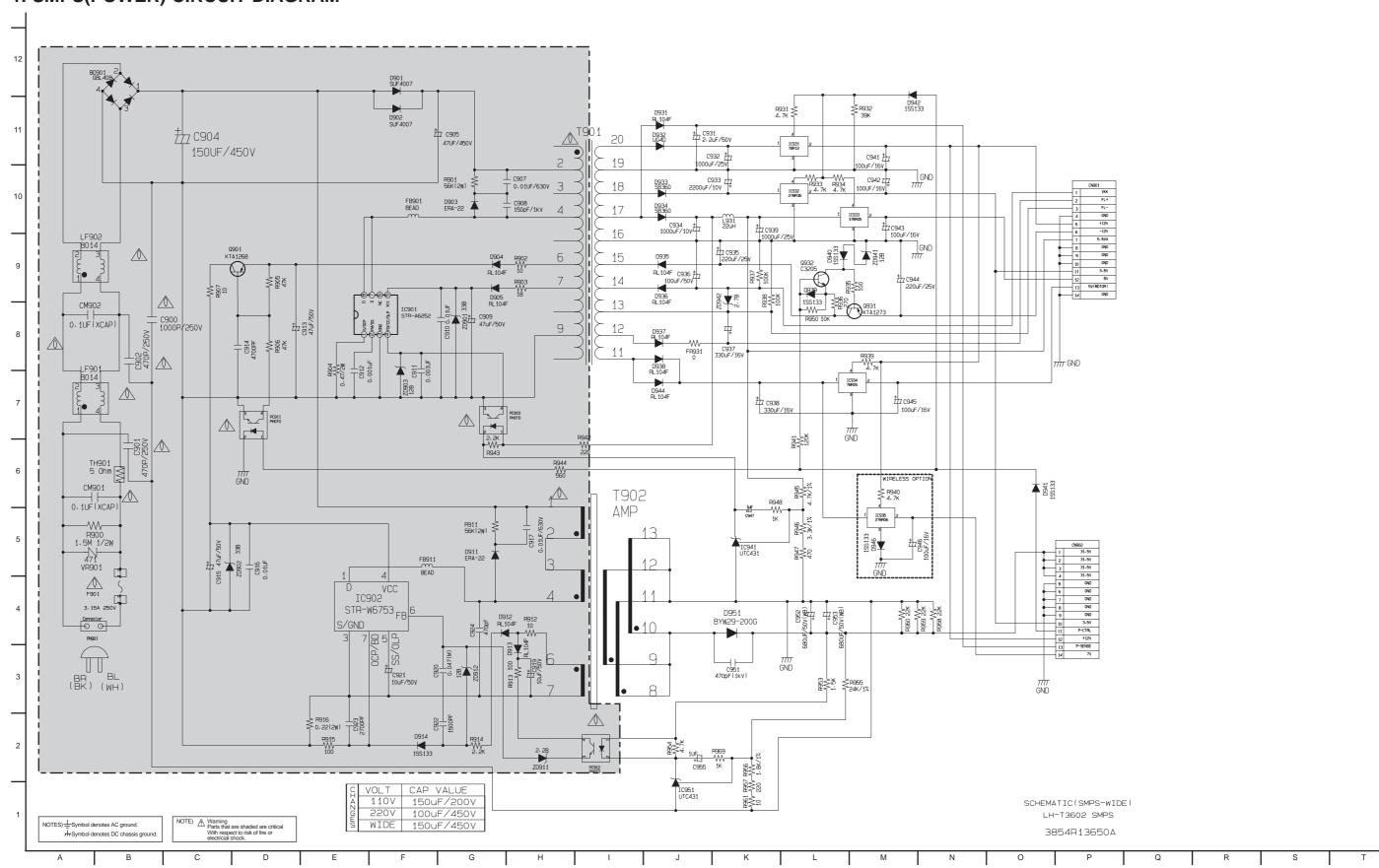
## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



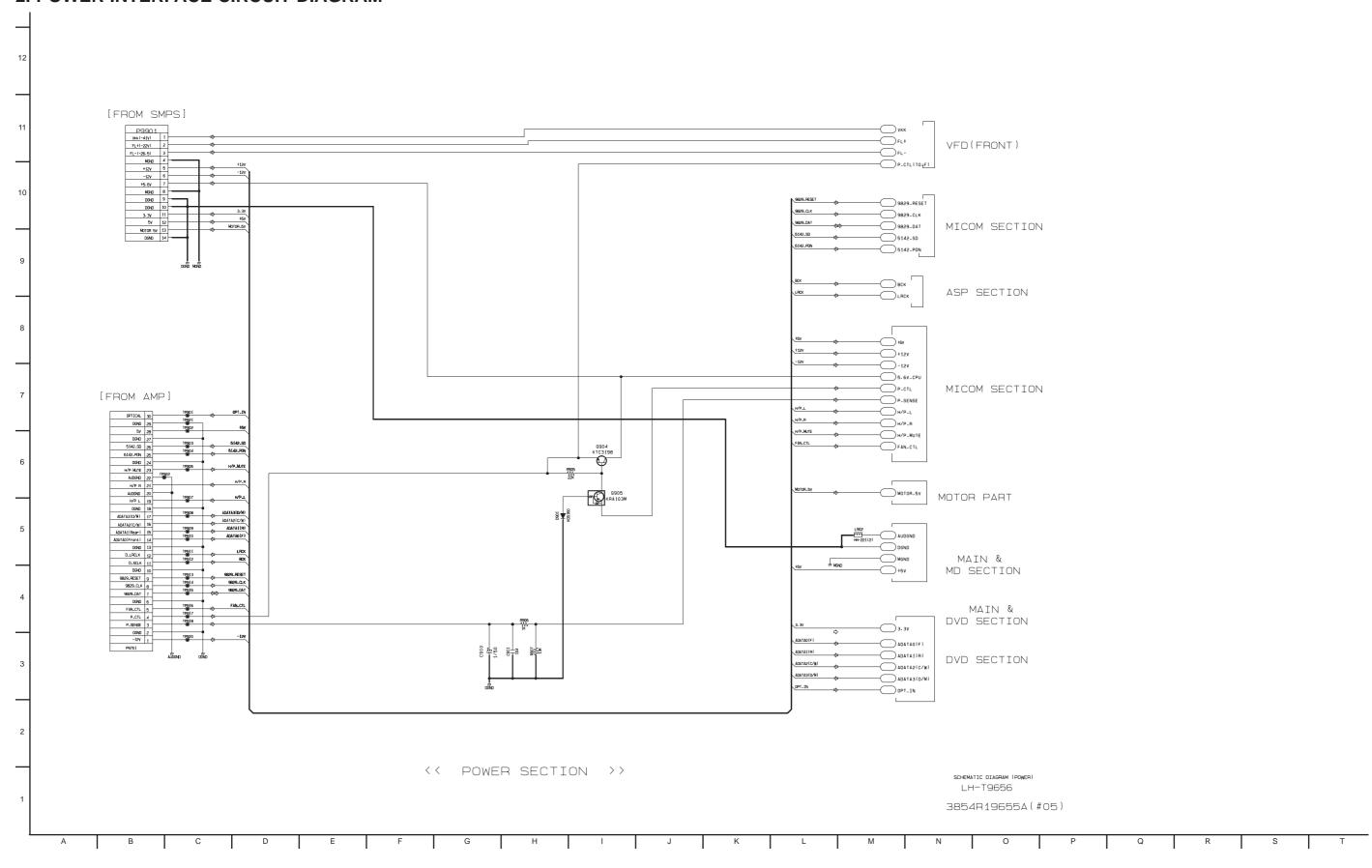
2-6

# **CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

# 1. SMPS(POWER) CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

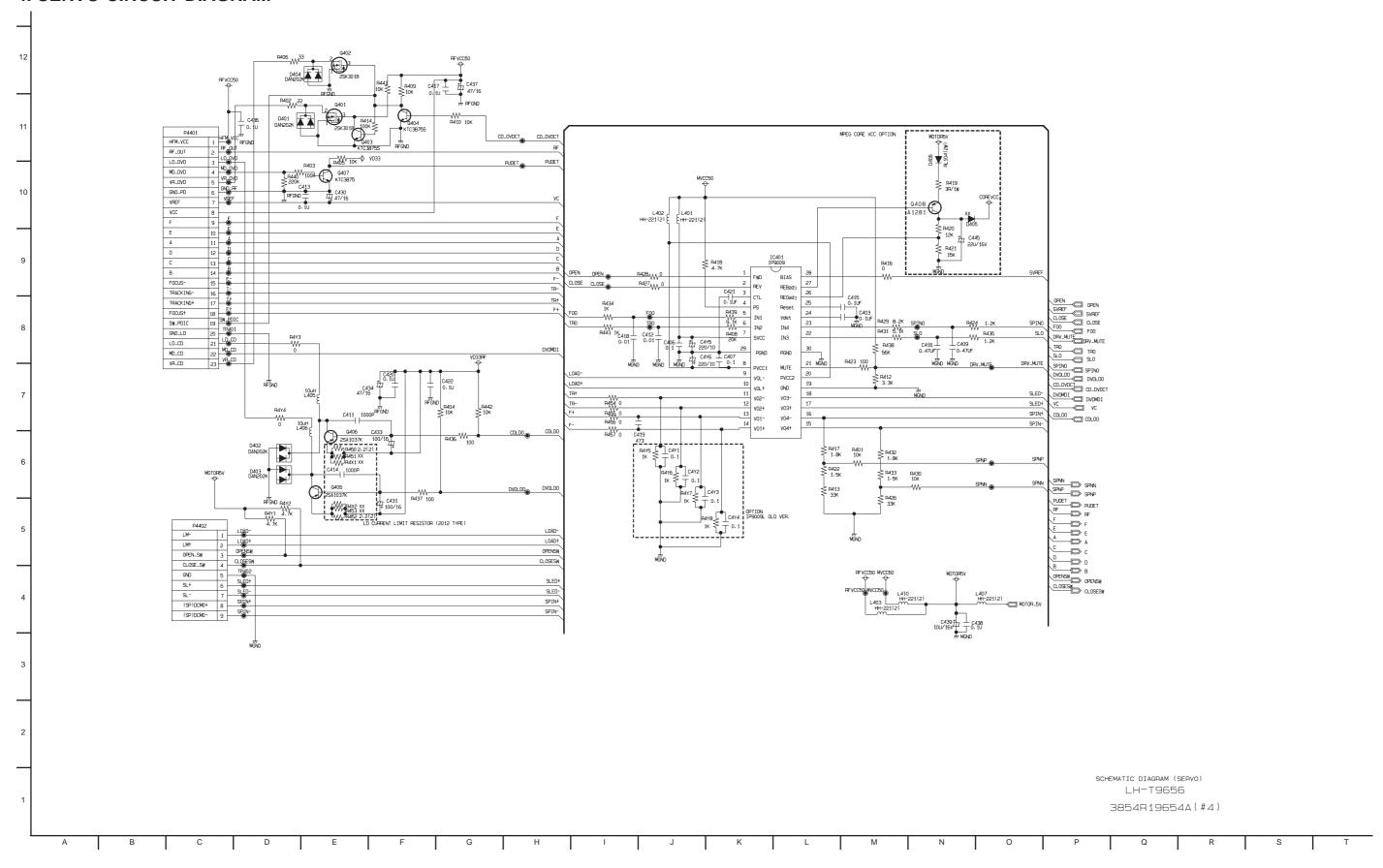


#### 2. POWER INTERFACE CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

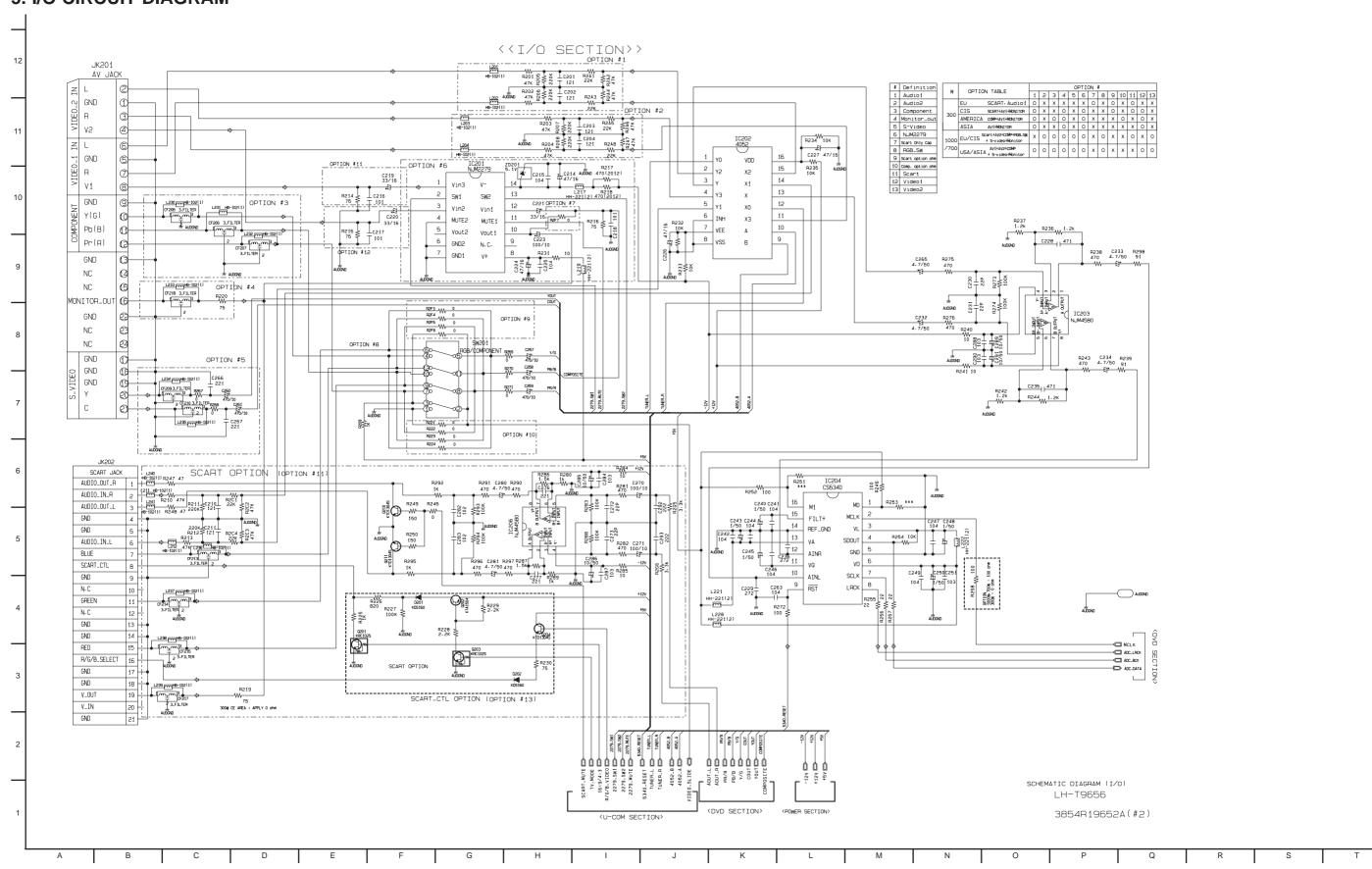


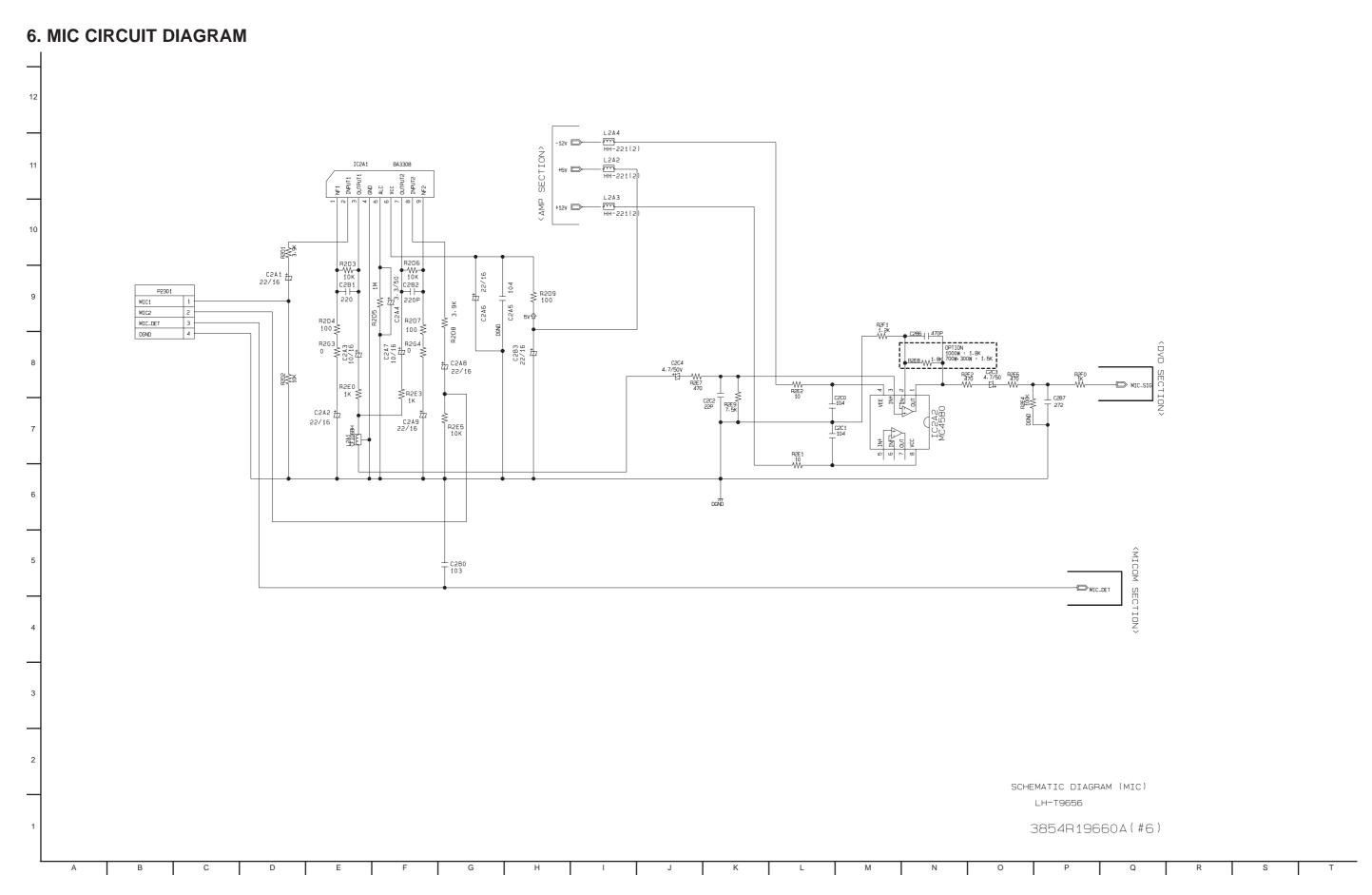
# 3. µ-COM(MAIN) CIRCUIT DIAGRAM <<micom section>> <I/O SECTION> <POWER SECTION> (DVD SECTION> <MICOM OPTION TABLE> οροφορο ορορορορο Τ Qφφ 9829.0 9829.0 5142.P 5142.P 6142.P FAN.CT MICOM DOWNLOAD ON BOARD TUNER ₽₽₽ TUNER\_D 0104 NTA1273 WT A1632.2K R1632.2K R1036755 <MAIN\_MIC&USB\_SECTION> STBY\_LED SY\_MICOM MIC\_DET PWR.KEY # **2**88 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (MICOM) LH-T9656 <POWER SECTION> 3854R19651A(#01)

#### 4. SERVO CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



#### 5. I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

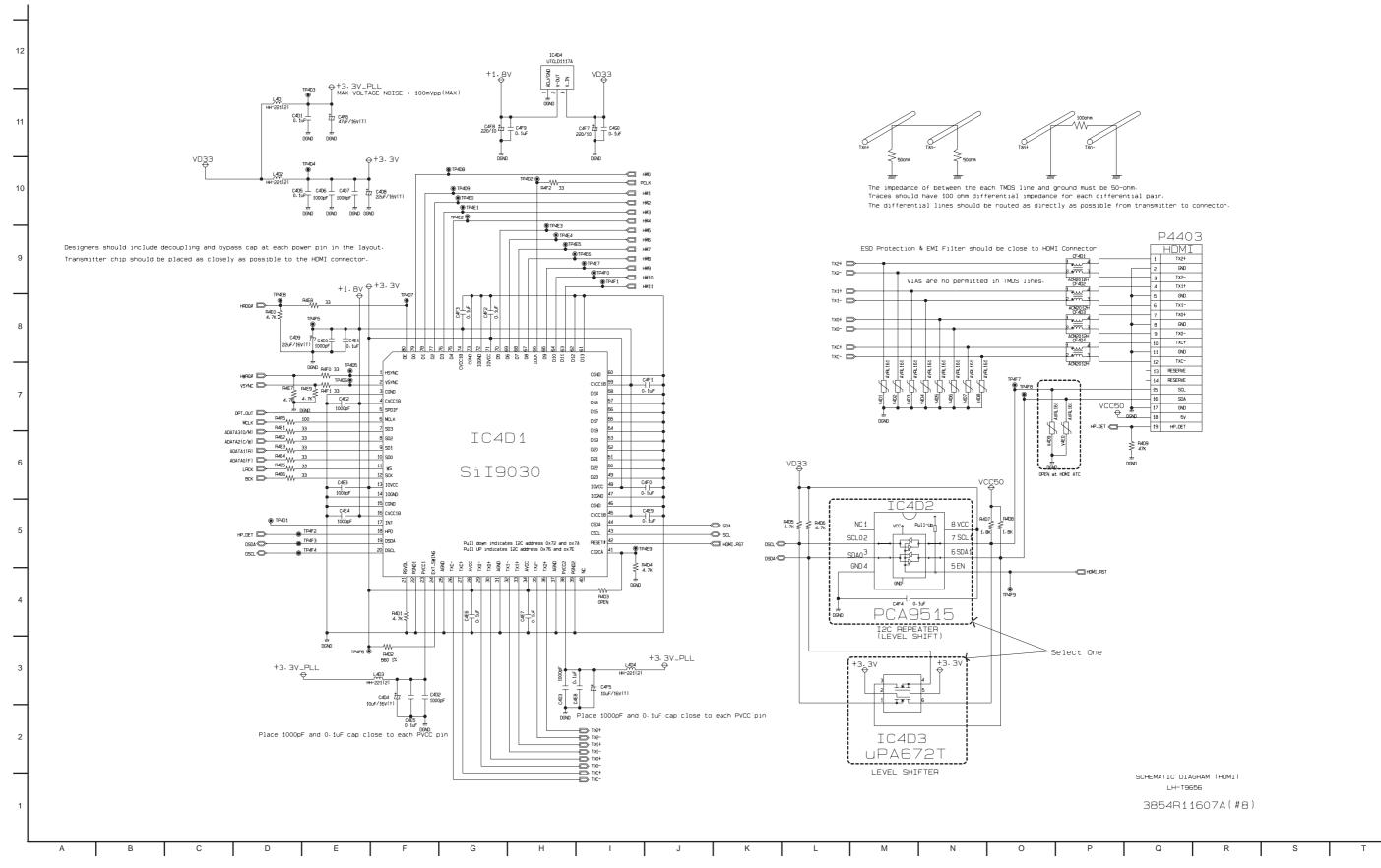




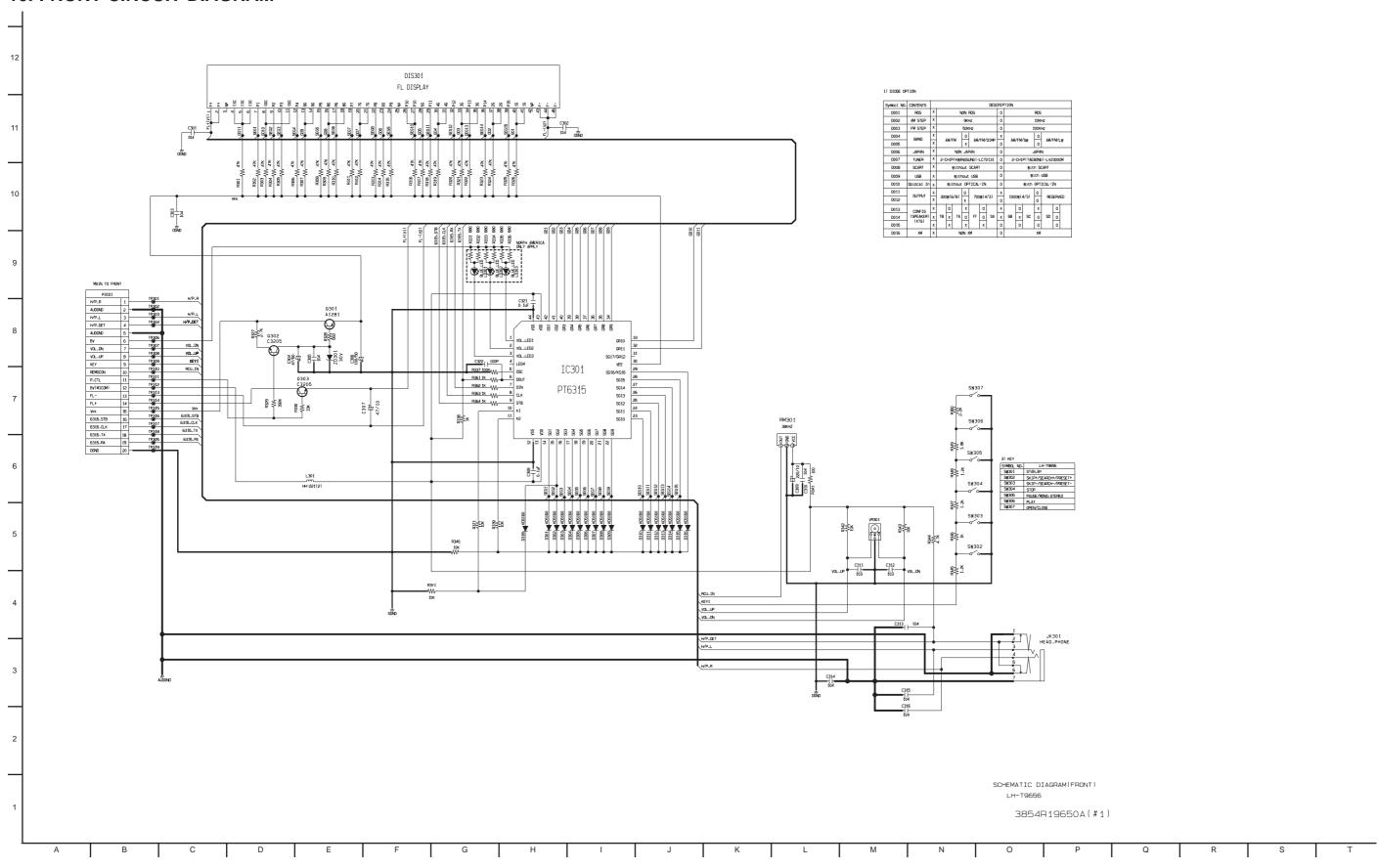
#### 7. USB CIRCUIT DIAGRAM HIRO — **—** № но7 39 TESTADOR4 IODAT6 22 ——— HD6 40 TESTADOR5 —**□** HD5 41 TESTADDA6 IODAT4 20 **→** № нд4 42 TESTADOR7 VDD VSS 43 MS\_SEL\_OUT MS\_SEL\_OUT -IODAT3 — В ноз нуп≉ 📂— 45 NCS HCS3₽ □> —**□** HD2 46 NAD 47 A0 IODAT1 15 → HD1 HRD# IODATO 14 нао 🗁 H-221(2) MS\_SEL\_PIN 🗁 HRST# USB\_N 🗇 USB\_P <□ DGND 5 5V\_Micom 6 STBY\_LED 7 PWR\_KEY 5V\_MICOM □> STBY\_LED -C4B3 0.01U — | — C4B2 0.01U PWR\_KEY SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (USB) LH-T9656 3854R19661A(#7)

# 8. MIC & USB CIRCUIT DIAGRAM P3401 5٧ DGND AUDGND 5V\_Micom STBY\_LED PWR\_KEY MIC2 CF302 CF106BF MIC2 MIC\_DET DGND 7/17 AUDGND SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (MIC&USB) LH-T9656 3854R19658A(#02)

# 9. HDMI CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(OPTIONAL PART)

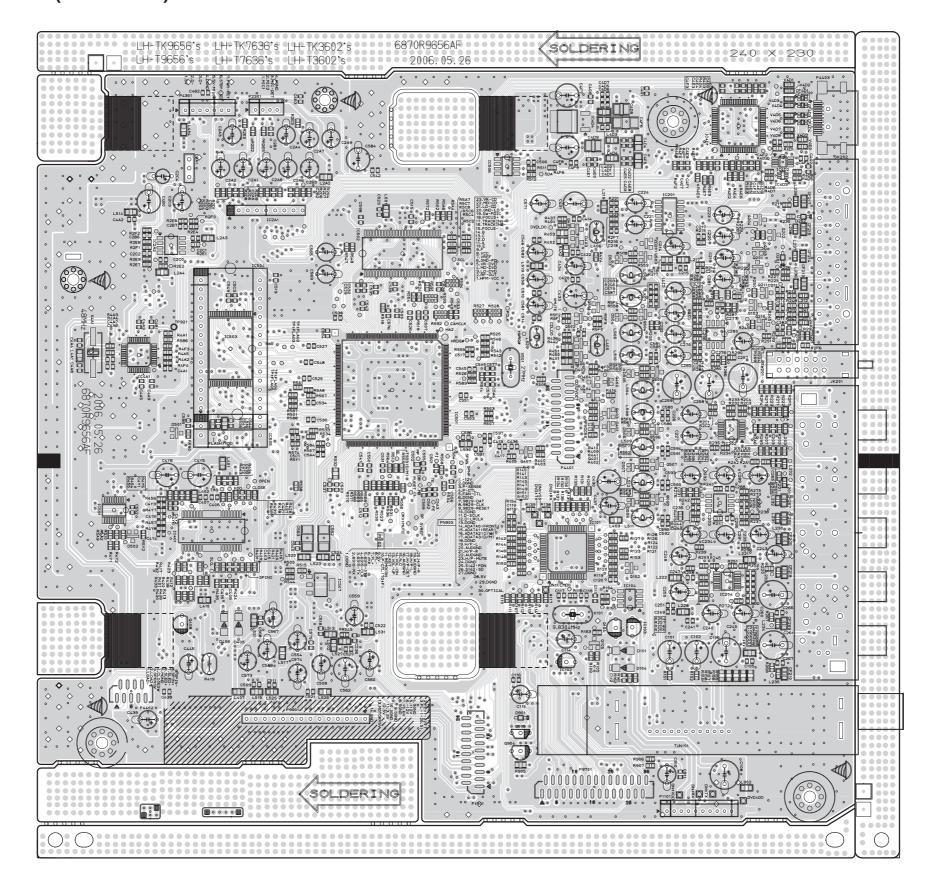


#### 10. FRONT CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

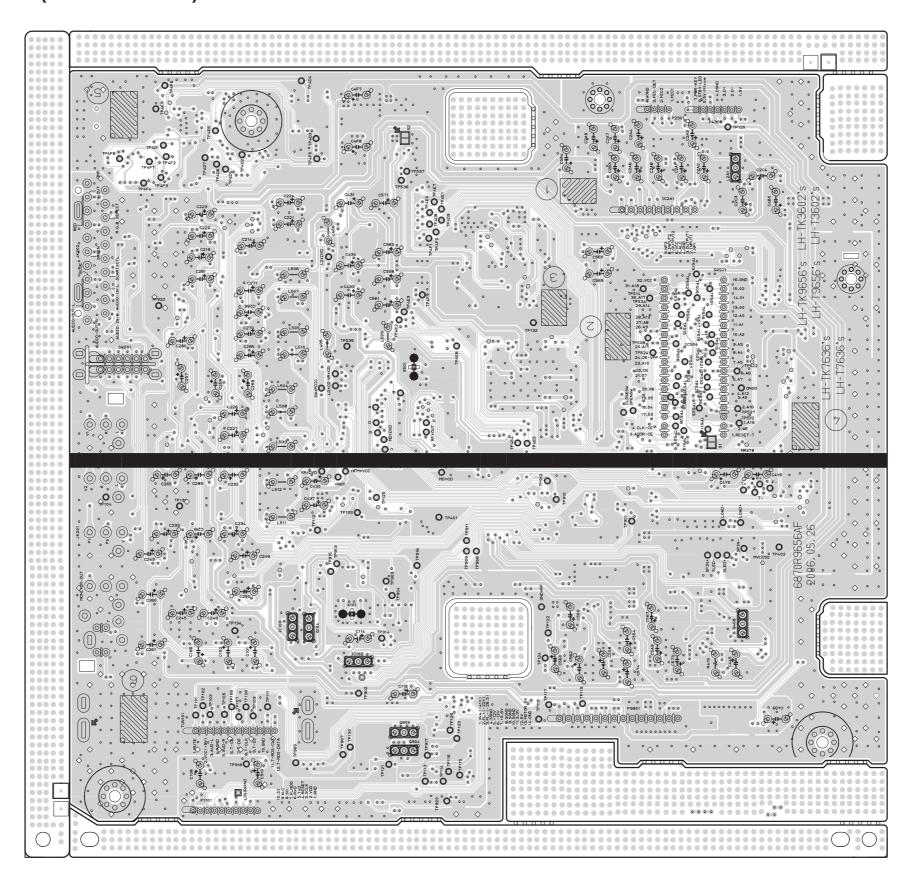


# PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAMS

1. MAIN P.C. BOARD DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)

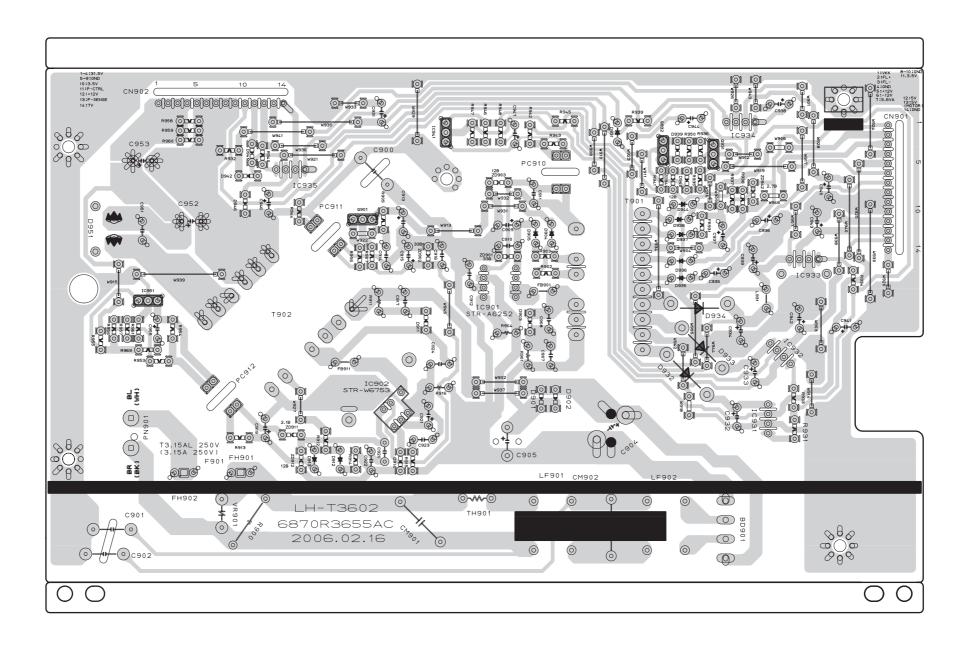


# 2. MAIN P.C. BOARD DIAGRAM (BOTTOM VIEW)

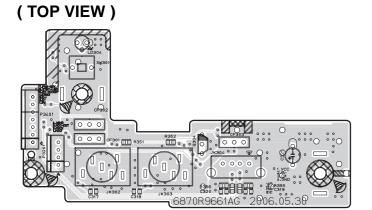


2-30 2-31

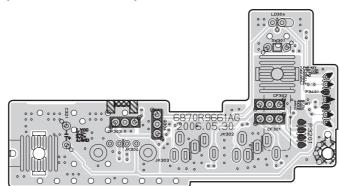
#### 3. SMPS P.C. BOARD



#### 4. KEY P.C. BOARD

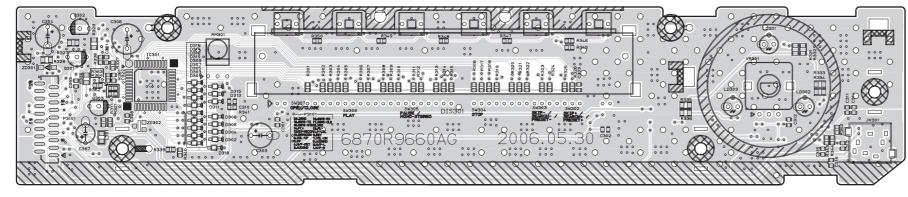


#### ( BOTTOM VIEW )

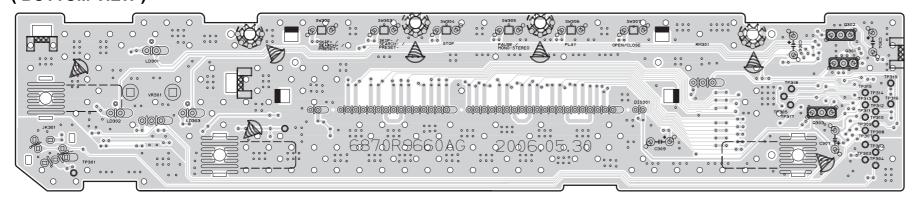


#### 5. TIMER P.C. BOARD

(TOP VIEW)



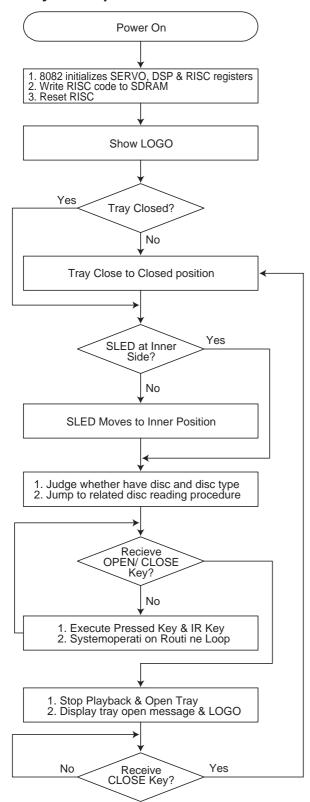
## (BOTTOM VIEW)



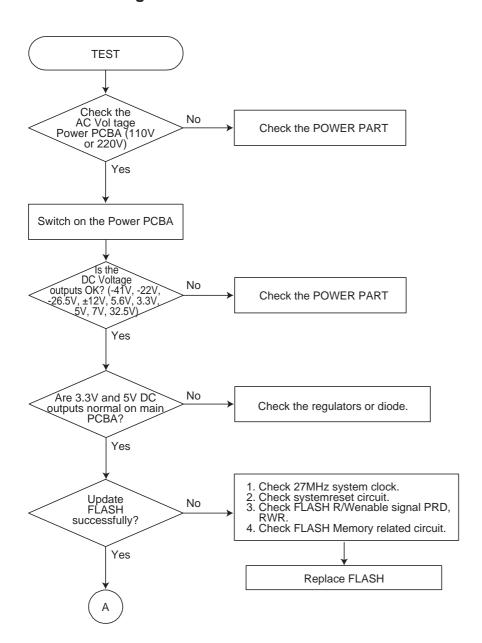
# SECTION 3. DVD & AMP PART

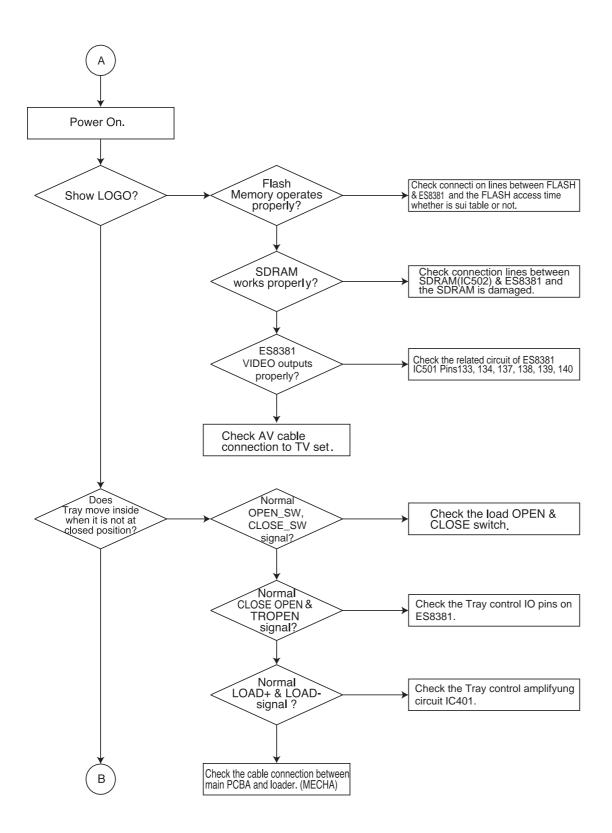
# **ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

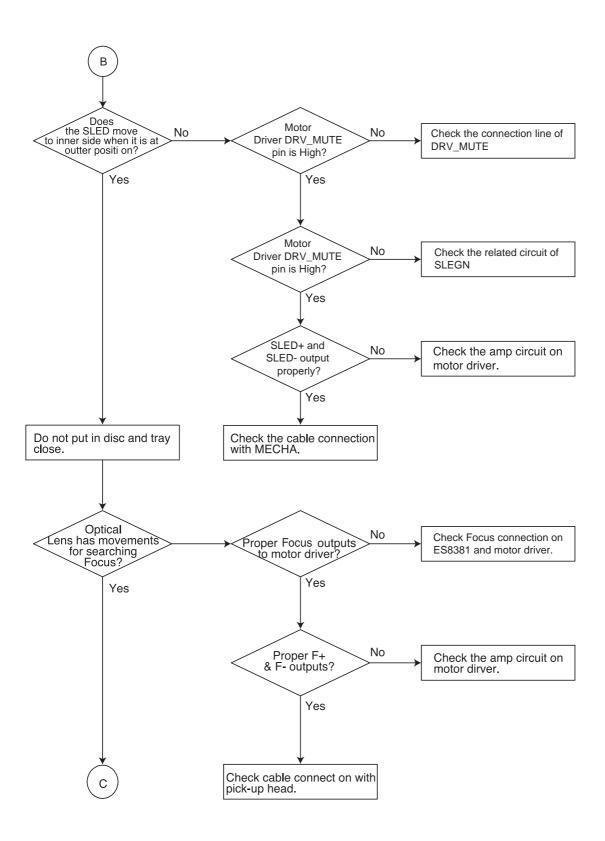
#### 1. System operation flow

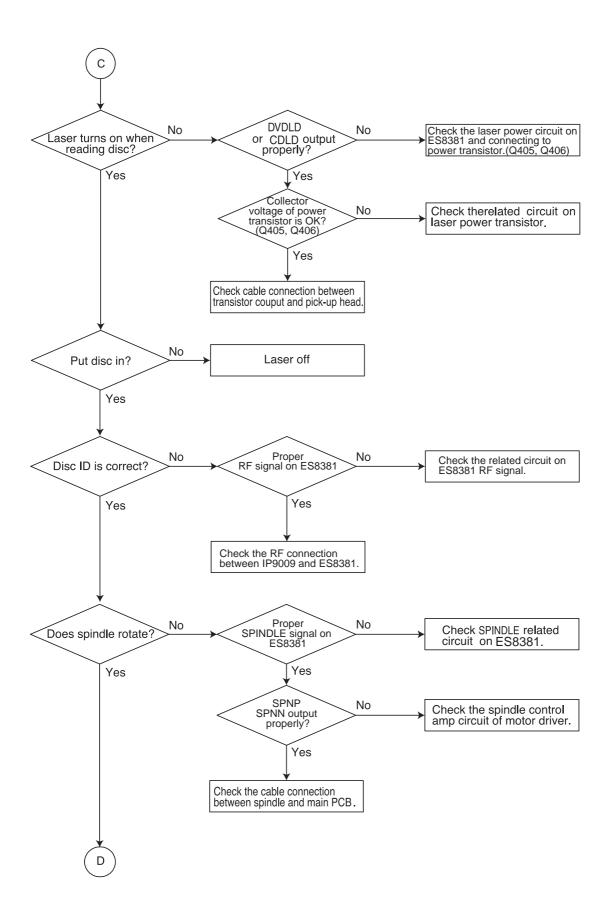


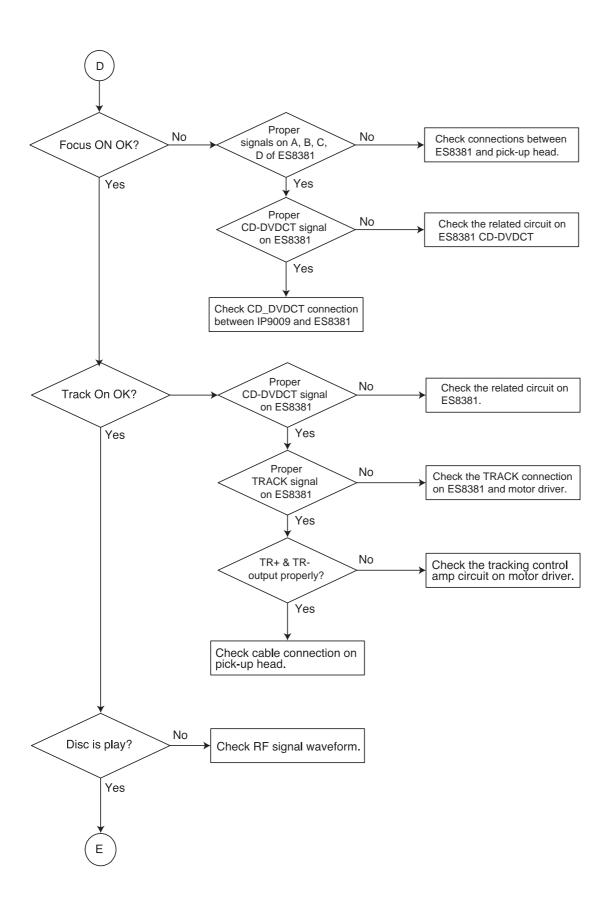
#### 2. Test & debug flow

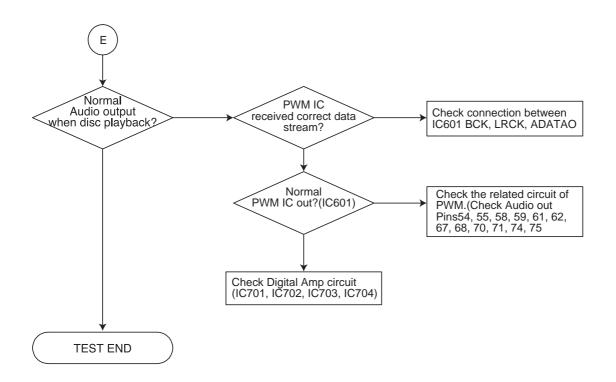




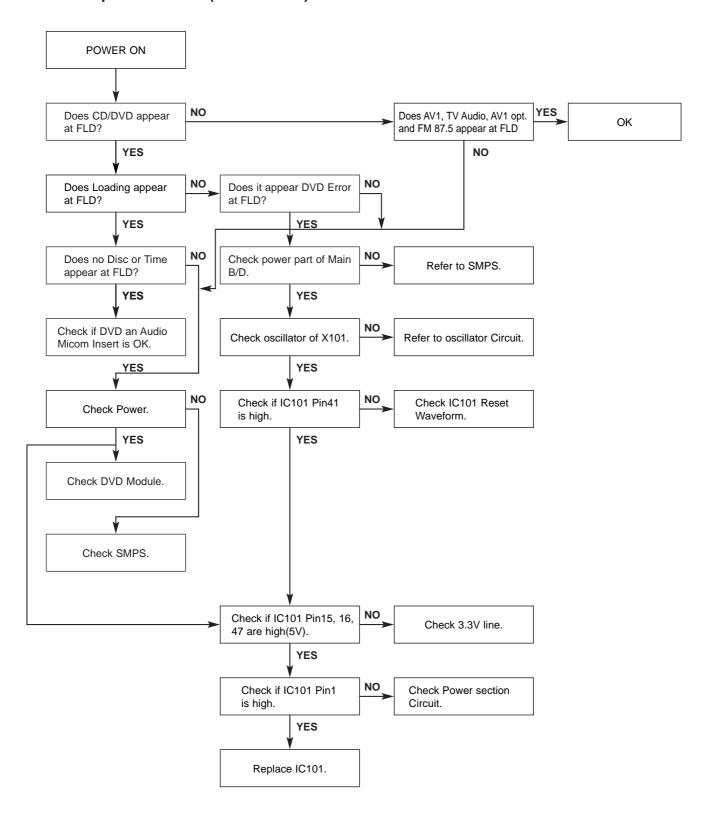








#### 3. AUDIO µ-COM Circuit(DVD & AMP)



#### DETAILS AND WAVEFORMS ON SYSTEM TEST AND DEBUGGING

#### 1. SYSTEM 27MHz CLOCK, RESET, FLASH R/W SIGNAL

#### 1) ES8381 main clock is at 27MHz(X501)

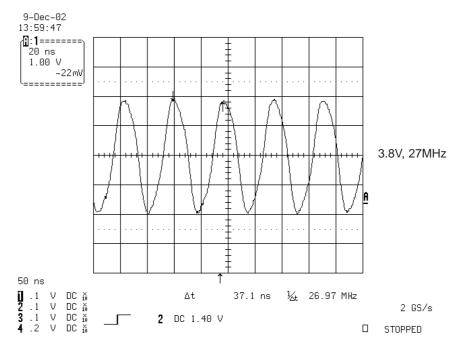


FIG 1-1

#### 2) ES8381 reset is high active.

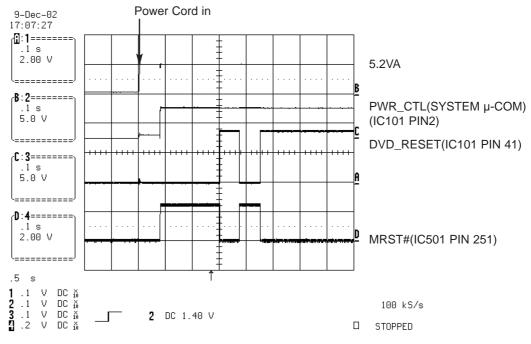


FIG 1-2

## 3) Flash R/W enable signal during download(Downloading)

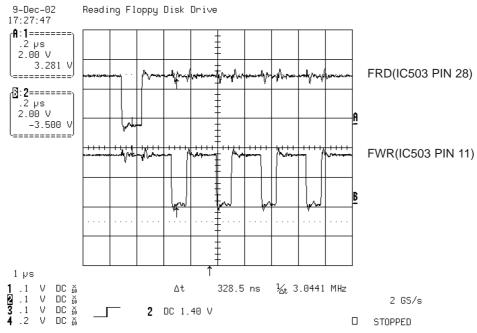
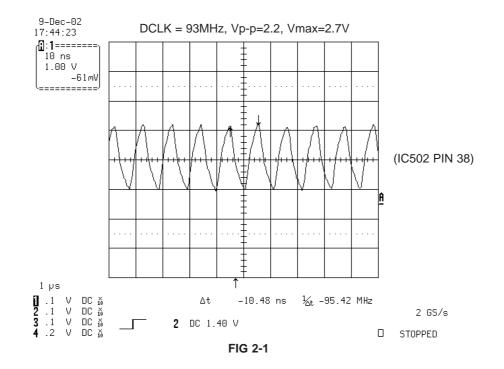


FIG 1-4

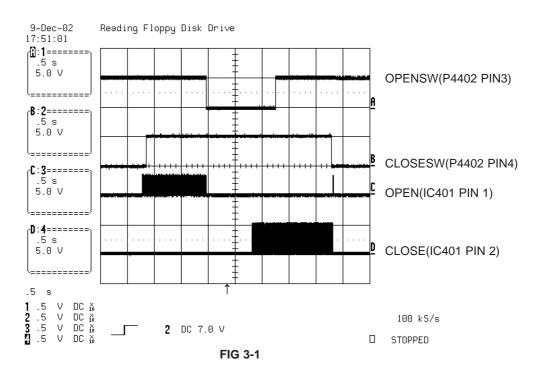
#### 2. SDRAM CLOCK

## 1) ES8381 main clock is at 27MHz(X501)



#### 3. TRAY OPEN/CLOSE SIGNAL

## 1) Tray open/close waveform



# 2) Tray close waveform

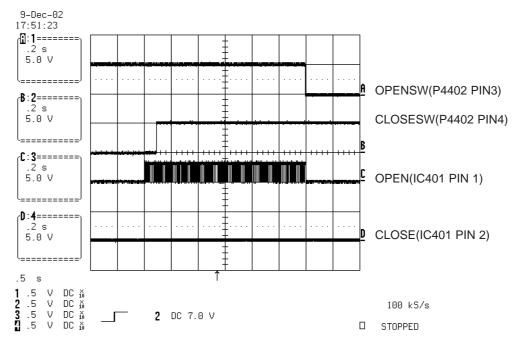


FIG 3-2

## 3) Tray open waveform

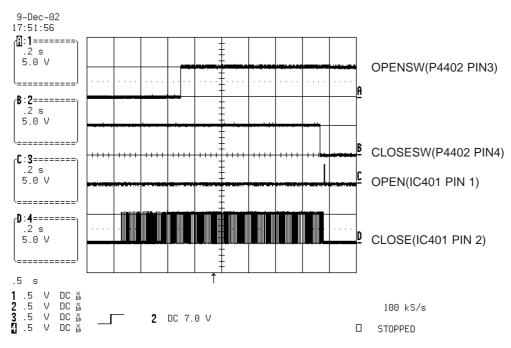


FIG 3-3

#### 4. SLED CONTROL RELATED SIGNAL (NO DISC CONDITION)

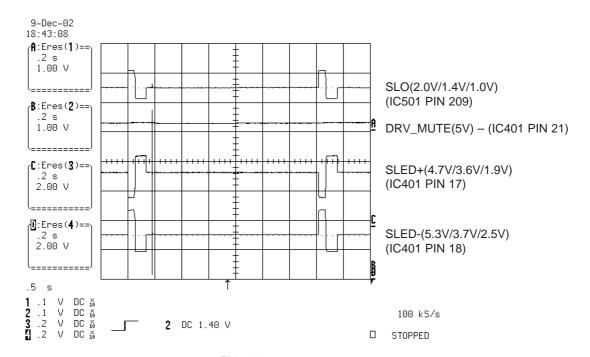


FIG 4-1

## 5. LENS CONTROL RELATED SIGNAL(NO DISC CONDITION)

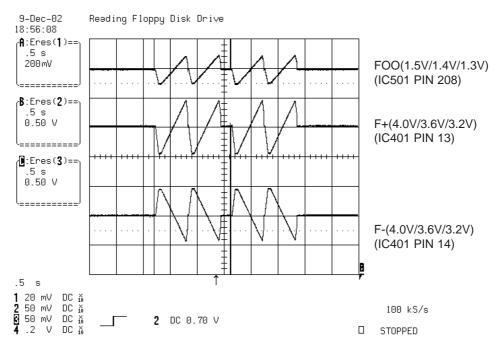


FIG 5-1

## 6. LASER POWER CONTROL RELATED SIGNAL(NO DISC CONDITION)

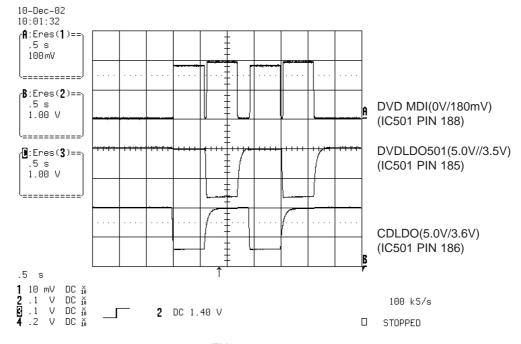


FIG 6-1

#### 7. DISC TYPE JUDGEMENT WAVEFORMS

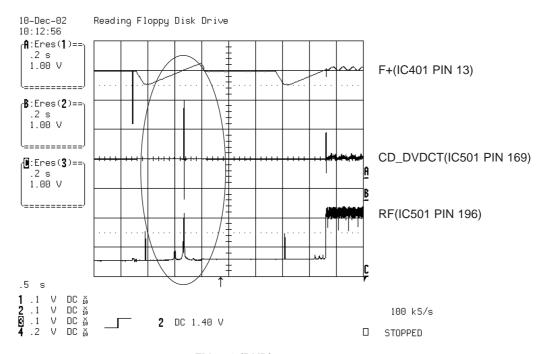


FIG 7-1 (DVD)

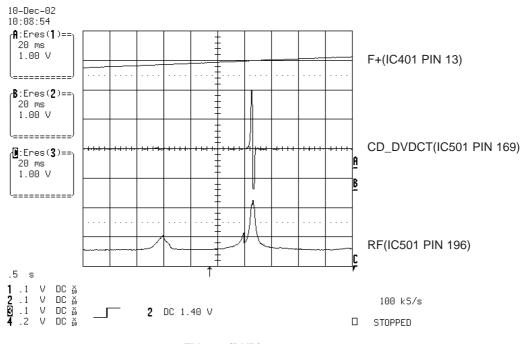


FIG 7-2 (DVD)

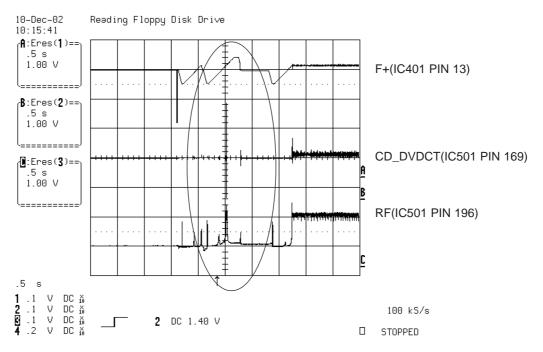


FIG 7-3 (CD)

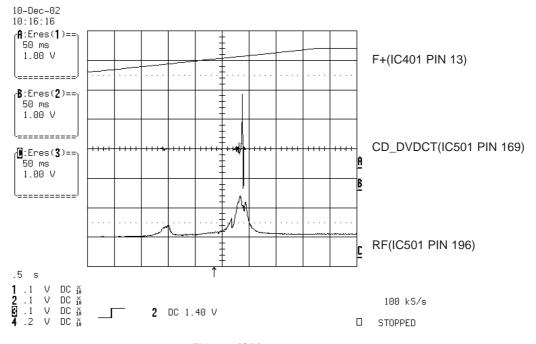


FIG 7-4 (CD)

#### 8. FOCUS ON WAVEFORMS

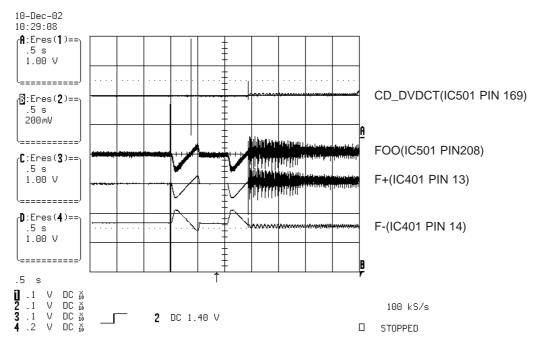


FIG 8-1 (DVD)

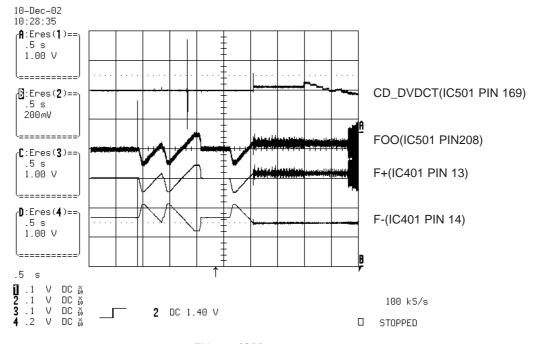


FIG 8-2 (CD)

## 9. SPINDLE CONTROL WAVEFORMS (NO DISC CONDITION)

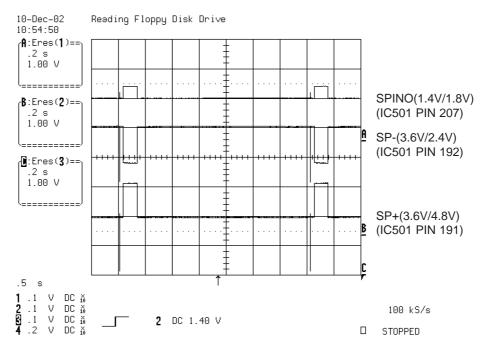


FIG 9-1

## 10. TRACKING CONTROL RELATED SIGNAL(System checking)

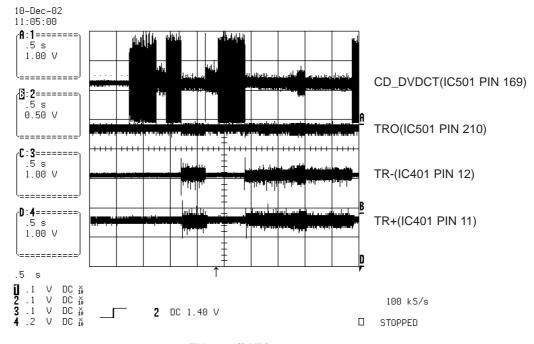


FIG 10-1(DVD)

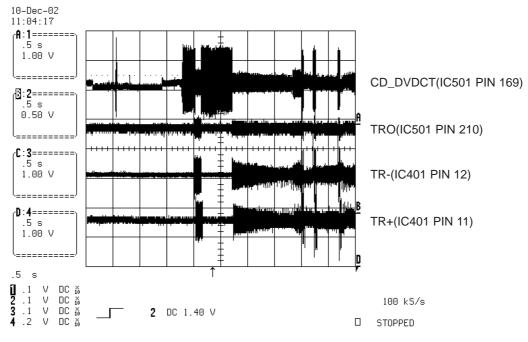


FIG 10-2(CD)

#### 11. ES6698FD VIDEO OUTPUT WAVEFORMS

## 1) Full colorbar signal(COMPOSIT)

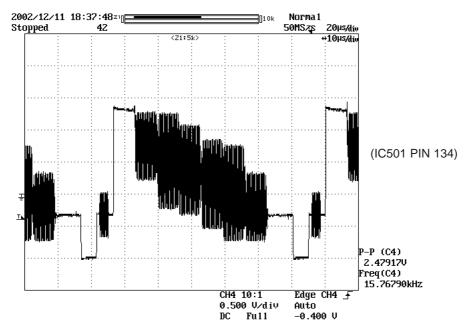
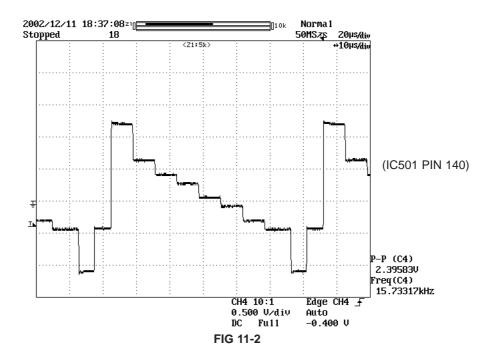


FIG 11-1

## 2) Y



#### 12. AUDIO OUTPUT FROM PWM IC

# 1) Audio L/R

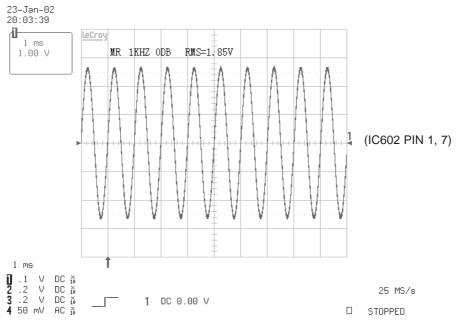
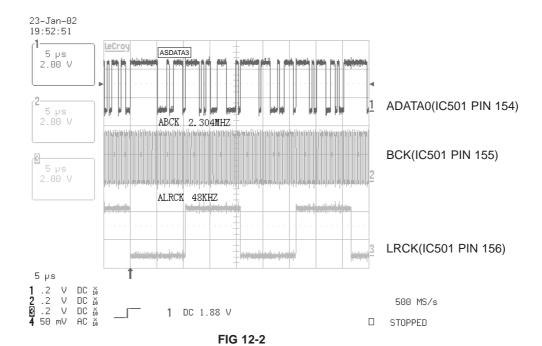
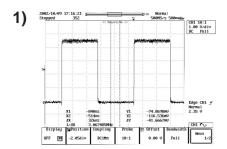


FIG 12-1

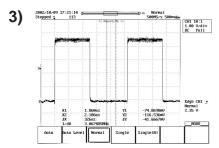
# 2) Audio related Signal



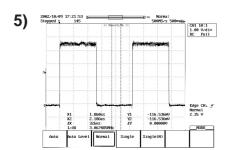
#### 13. DVD & AMP WAVEFORMS



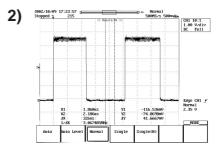
 $\begin{tabular}{l} \bullet \ R620 \rightarrow TP611 \\ or \\ R621 \ TP612 \\ \end{tabular}$ 



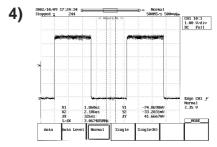
• R612 → TP603 or R613 TP604



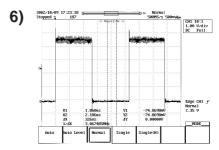
• R614  $\rightarrow$  TP605 or R615 TP606



 R618 → TP609 or R619 TP610



• R610  $\rightarrow$  TP601 or R611 TP602

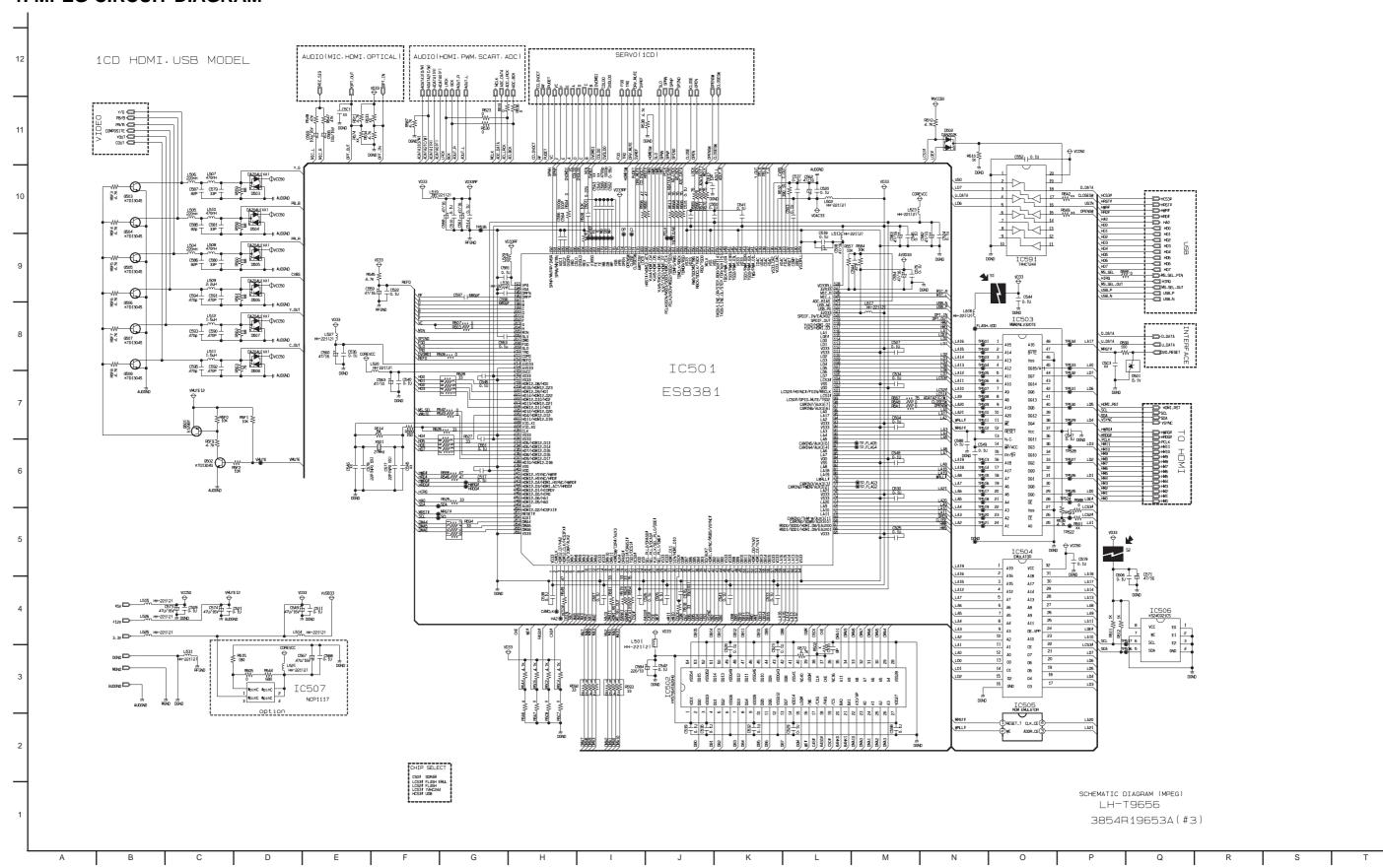


 $\begin{tabular}{l} \bullet \ R616 \rightarrow TP607 \\ or \\ R617 \ TP608 \\ \end{tabular}$ 

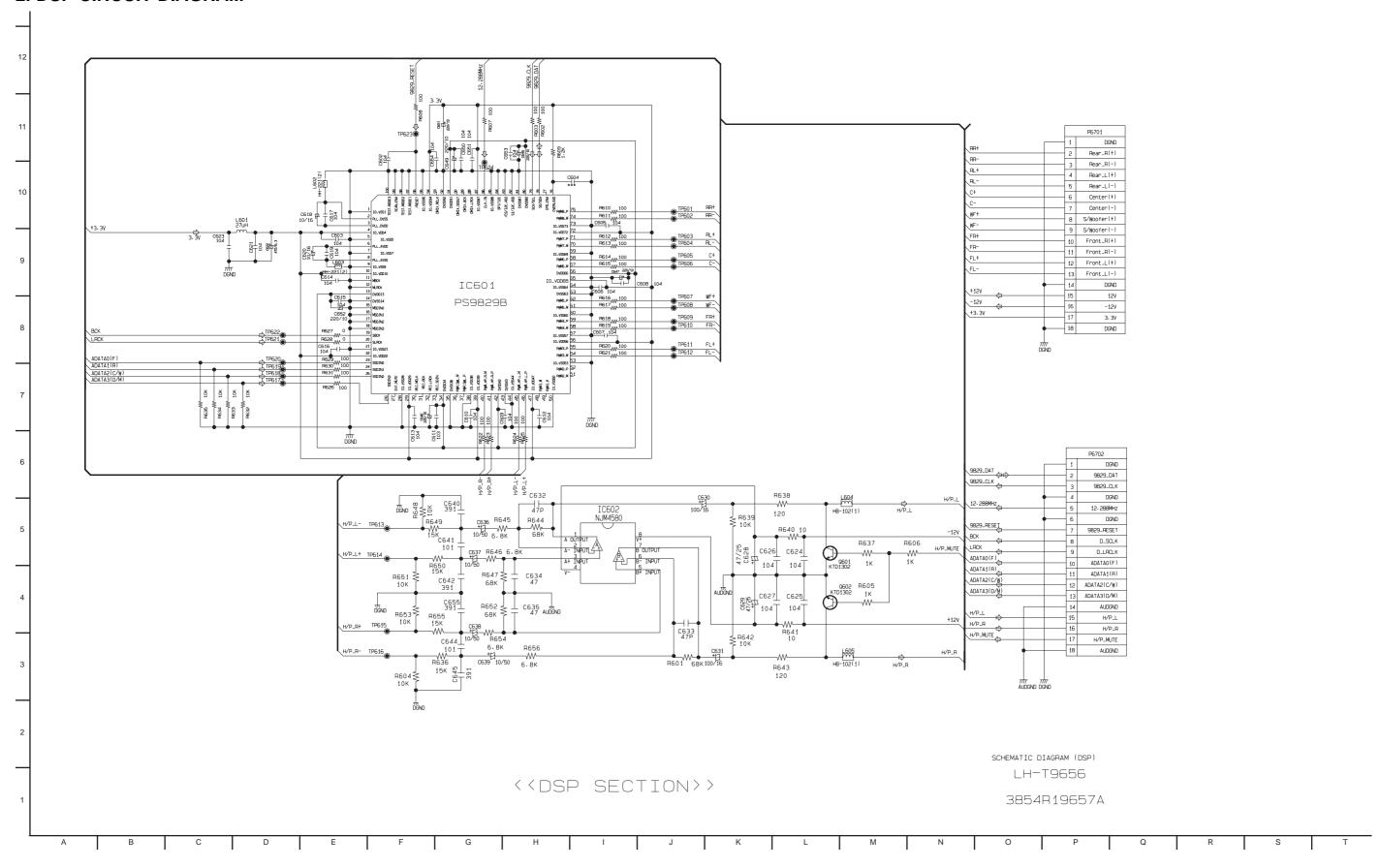
# **MEMO**

# **DVD & AMP CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

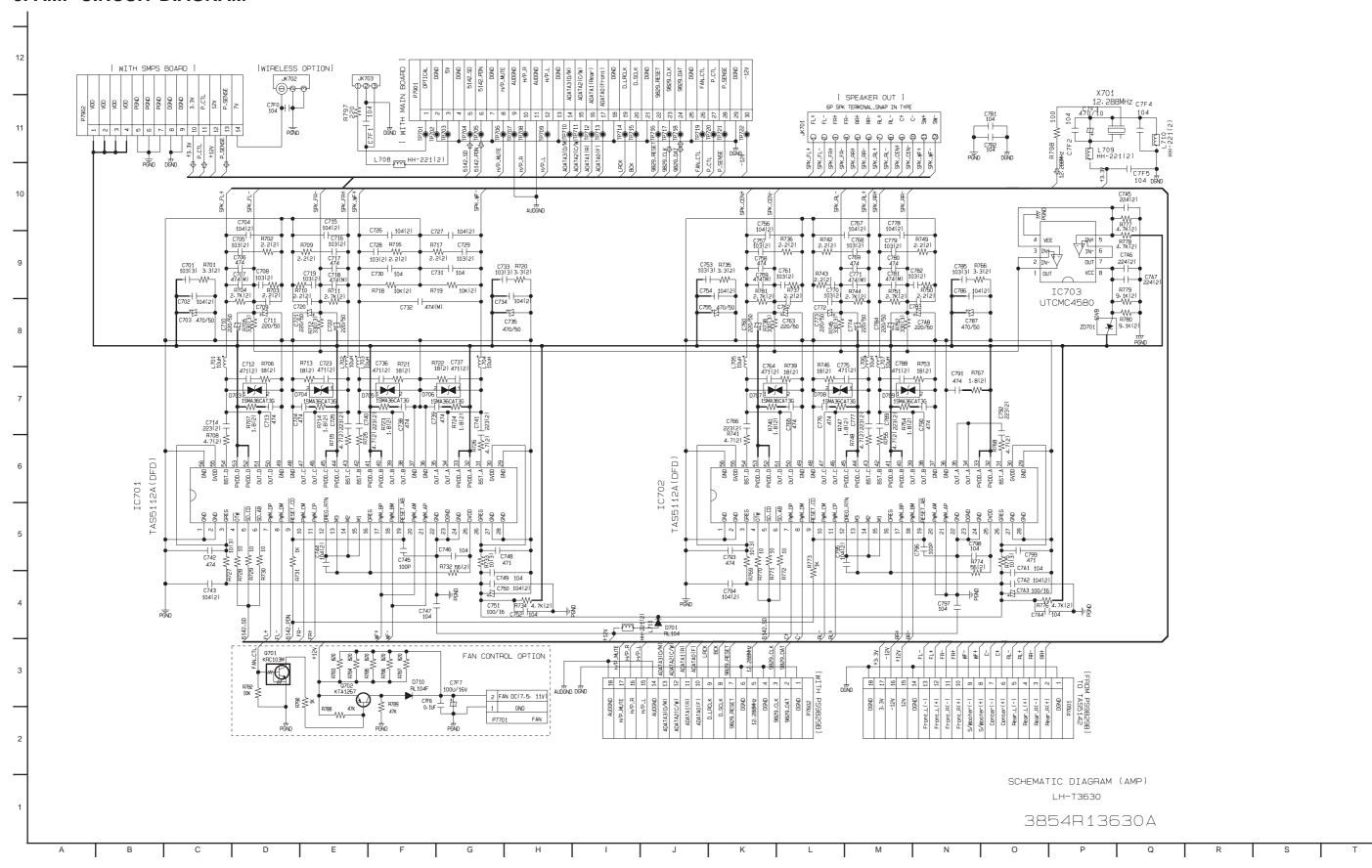
## 1. MPEG CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



## 2. DSP CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

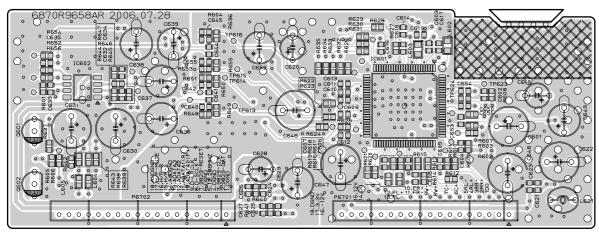


#### 3. AMP CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

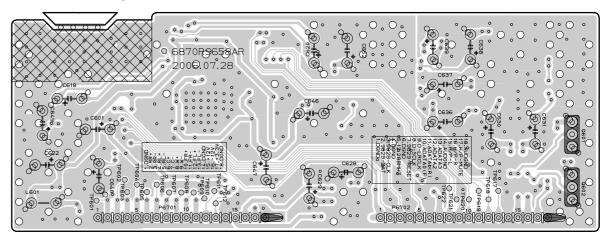


# PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAMS

1. DSP P.C. BOARD DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)

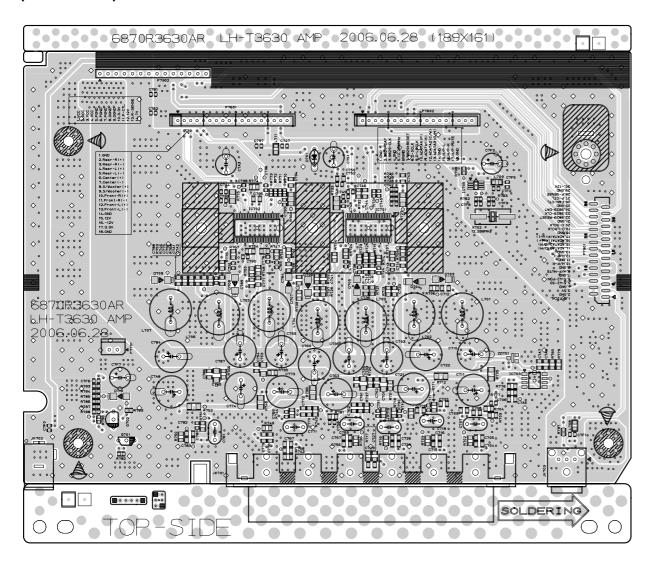


# (BOTTOM VIEW)

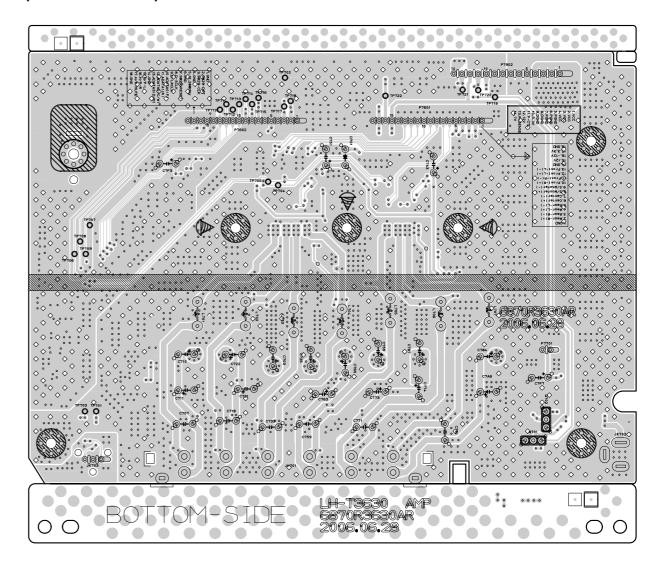


3-28 3-29

# 2. AMP P.C. BOARD DIAGRAM (TOP VIEW)



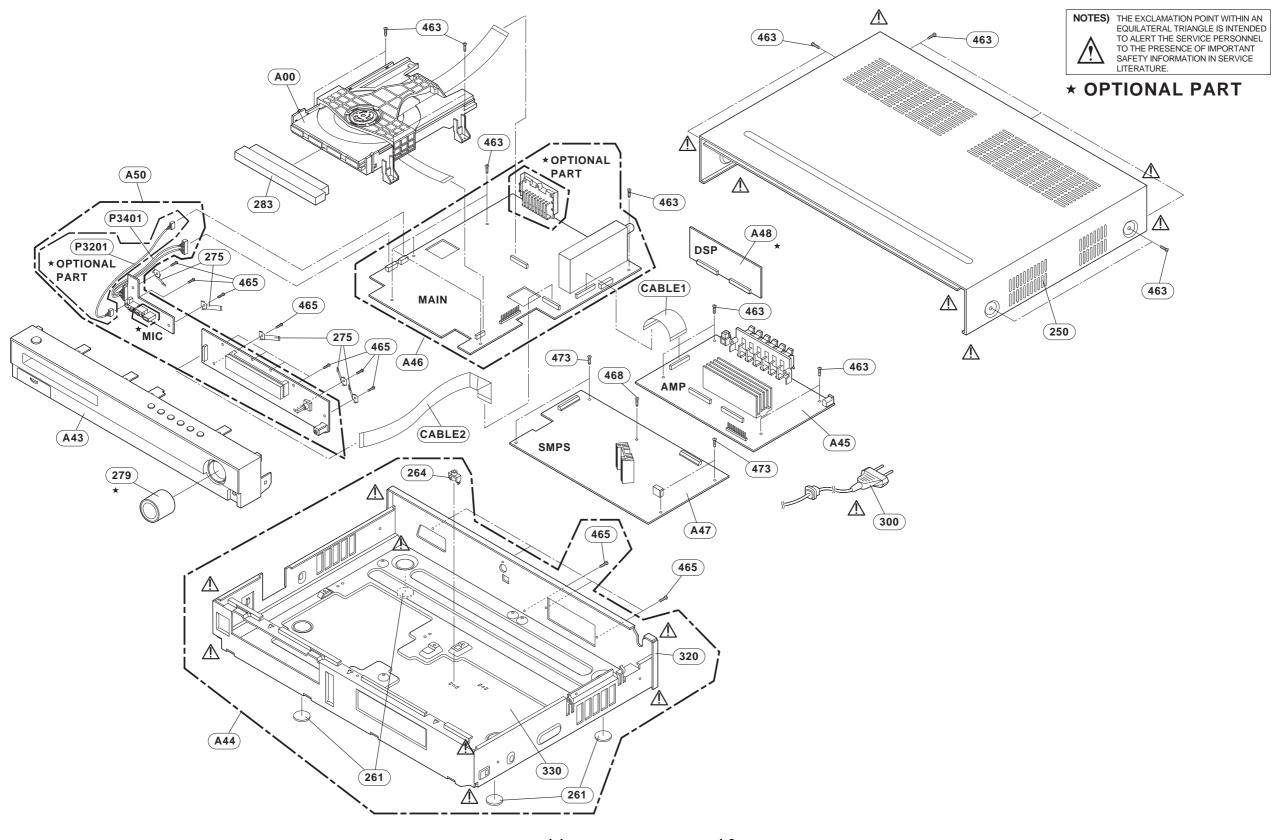
## (BOTTOM VIEW)



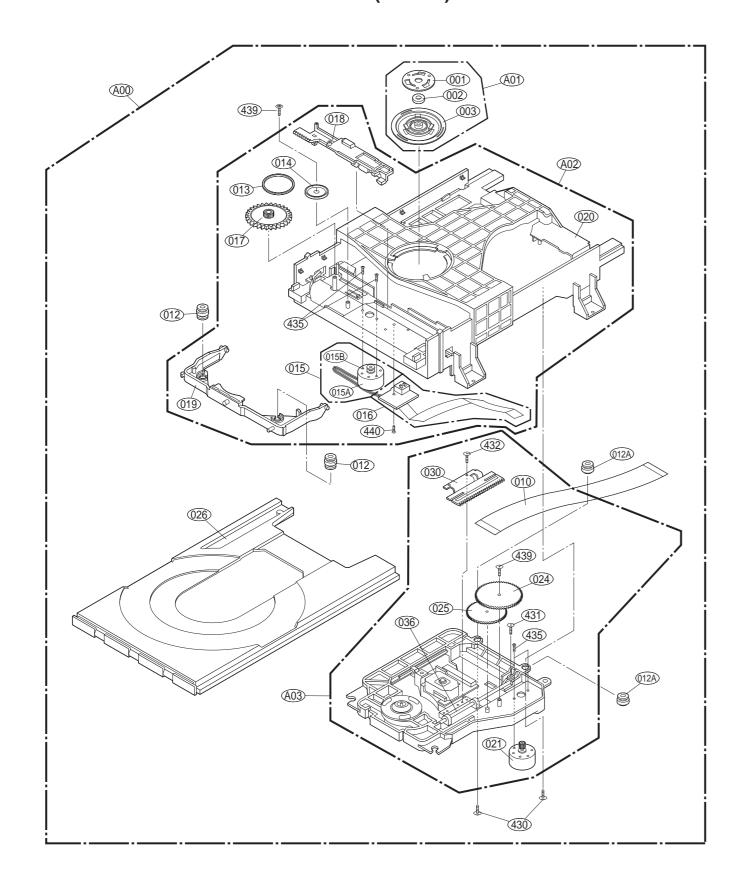
3-30 3-31

# **SECTION 4. EXPLODED VIEWS**

# • CABINET AND MAIN FRAME SECTION



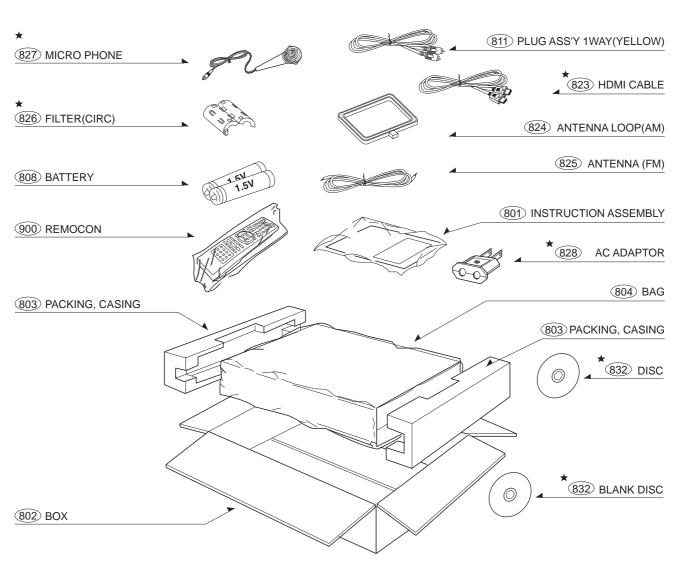
# • DECK MECHANISM EXPLODED VIEW(DP-10T)



MEMO MEMO

# • Packing Accessory Section

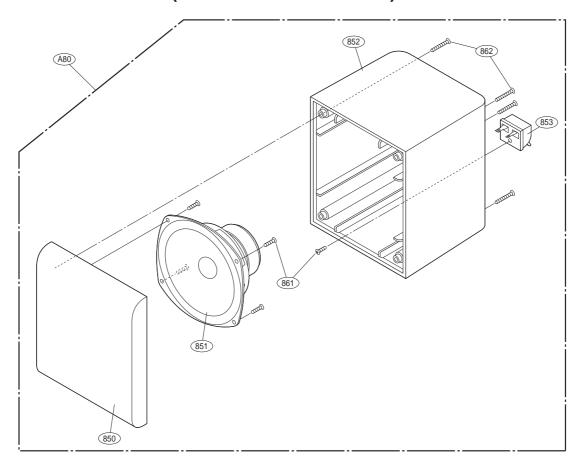
**★** OPTIONAL PART



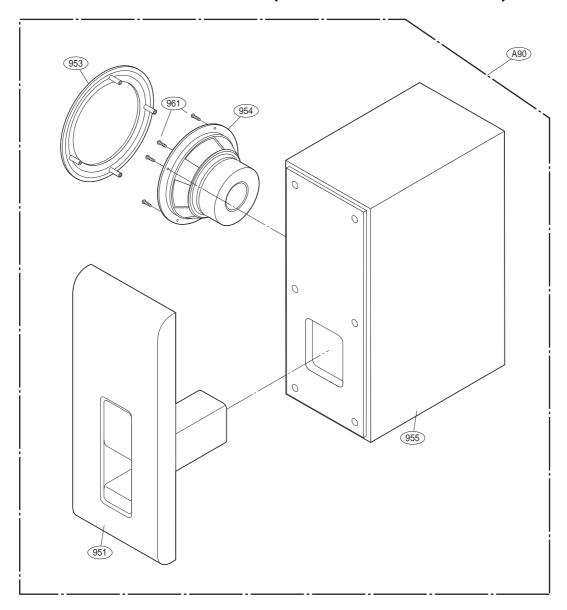
# **SECTION 5. SPEAKER SECTION**

# 1. LHS-26SG/LHS-26SQ

• SATELLITE SPEAKER(LHS-26SGS/LHS-26SQS)

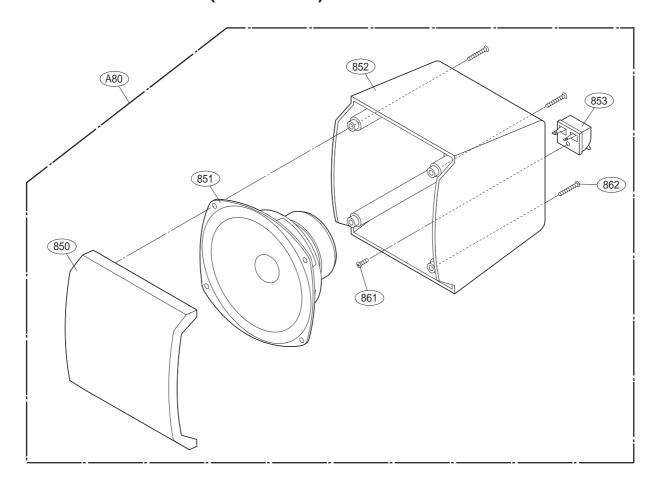


# • PASSIVE SUBWOOFER SPEAKER(LHS-26SGW/LHS-26SQW)

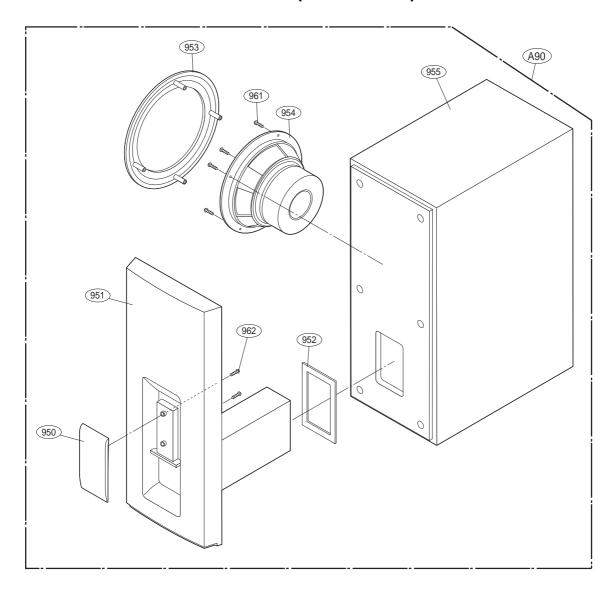


# 2. LHS-26SH

# • SATELLITE SPEAKER(LHS-26SHS)



# • PASSIVE SUBWOOFER SPEAKER(LHS-26SHW)



# **MEMO**