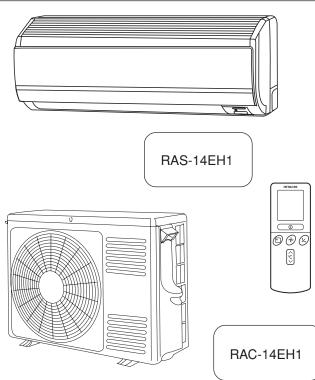
HITACHI

SERVICE MANUAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY



SM0774

RAS-14EH1/RAC-14EH1

REFER TO THE FOUNDATION MANUAL

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SPECIFICATIONS

ТҮРЕ			DC INVERTER (WALL TYPE)		
1112			INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT	
MODEL			RAS-14EH1	RAC-14EH1	
POWER S	OURCE		1 PHASE, 50 Hz, 220-230V		
	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	1,090 (155 ~ 1,460)		
COOLING	TOTAL AMPERE	ES (A)	5.22	-4.99	
		(kW)	3.50 (0.9	0 ~ 4.00)	
	CAPACITY	(B.T.U./h)	11,940 (3,070 ~ 13,650)		
	TOTAL INPUT	(W)	1,110(115 ~ 1,440)		
HEATING	TOTAL AMPERES (A)		5.32-5.09		
	CAPACITY	(kW)	4.20 (0.9	0 ~ 5.00)	
		(B.T.U./h)	14,330 (3,07	70 ~ 17,060)	
		W	780	750 (+91) [*]	
DIMENSIC (mm)	NS	Н	280	548	
(mm)		D	220	288 (+47)**	
NET WEIGHT (kg)		(kg)	9.5	35	

* After installation

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

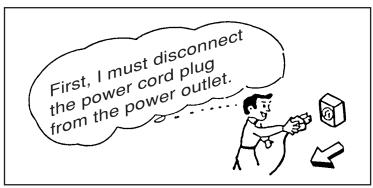
ROOM AIR CONDITIONER

INDOOR UNIT + OUTDOOR UNIT

FEBRUARY 2007 Hitachi Appliances, Inc.

SAFETY DURING REPAIR WORK

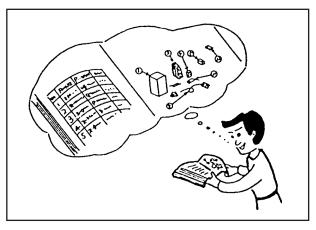
1. In order to disassemble and repair the unit in question, be sure to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet before starting the work.



 If it is necessary to replace any parts, they should be replaced with respective genuine parts for the unit, and the replacement must be effected in correct manner according to the instructions in the Service Manual of the unit.

If the contacts of electrical parts are defective, replace the electrical parts without trying to repair them.

- 3. After completion of repairs, the initial state should be restored.
- 4. Lead wires should be connected and laid as in the initial state.
- 5. Modification of the unit by user himself should absolutely be prohibited.



- 6. Tools and measuring instruments for use in repairs or inspection should be accurately calibrated in advance.
- 7. In installing the unit having been repaired, be careful to prevent the occurence of any accident such as electrical shock, leak of current, or bodily injury due to the drop of any part.
- 8. To check the insulation of the unit, measure the insulation resistance between the power cord plug and grounding terminal of the unit. The insulation resistance should be $1M\Omega$ or more as measured by a 500V DC megger.
- The initial location of installation such as window, floor or the other should be checked for being and safe enough to support the repaired unit again.
 If it is found not so strong and safe, the unit should be installed at the initial location reinforced or at a new location.
- 10. Any inflammable thing should never be placed about the location of installation.
- 11. Check the grounding to see whether it is proper or not, and if it is found improper, connect the grounding terminal to the earth.



WORKING STANDARDS FOR PREVENTING BREAKAGE OF SEMICONDUCTORS

1. Scope

The standards provide for items to be generally observed in carrying and handling semiconductors in relative manufacturers during maintenance and handling thereof. (They apply the same to handling of abnormal goods such as rejected goods being returned).

- 2. Object parts
 - (1) Micro computer
 - (2) Integrated circuits (IC)
 - (3) Field-effect transistors (FET)
 - (4) P.C. boards or the like on which the parts mentioned in (1) and (2) of this paragraph are equipped.
- 3. Items to be observed in handling
 - (1) Use a conductive container for carrying and storing of parts. (Even rejected goods should be handled in the same way).

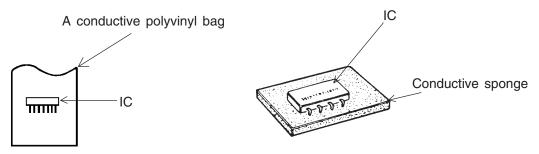


Fig. 1 Conductive Container

- (2) When any part is handled uncovered (in counting, packing and the like), the handling person must always use himself as a body earth. (Make yourself a body earth by passing one M ohm earth resistance through a ring or bracelet).
- (3) Be careful not to touch the parts with your clothing when you hold a part even if a body earth is being taken.
- (4) Be sure to place a part on a metal plate with grounding.
- (5) Be careful not to fail to turn off power when you repair the printed circuit board. At the same time, try to repair the printed circuit board on a grounded metal plate.

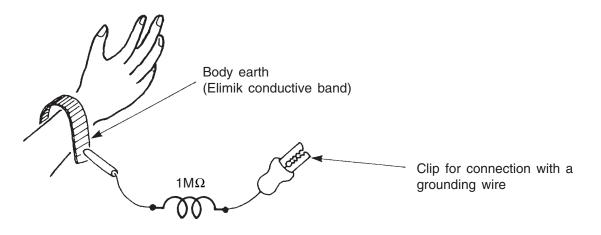
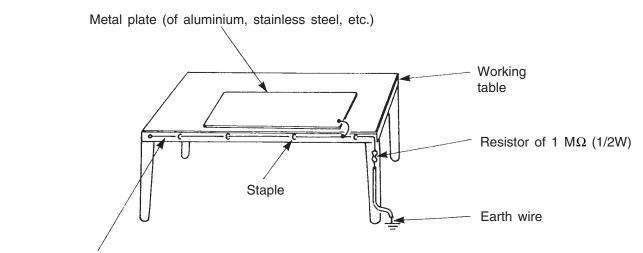
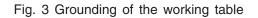


Fig. 2 Body Earth

(6)Use a three wire type soldering iron including a grounding wire.



Bare copper wire (for body earth)



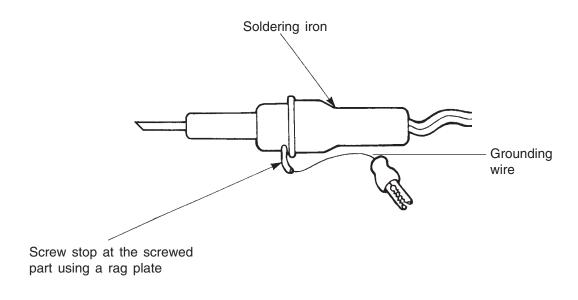


Fig. 4 Grounding a soldering iron

Use a high insulation mode (100V, 10M Ω or higher) when ordinary iron is to be used.

(7) In checking circuits for maintenance, inspection or some others, be careful not to have the test probes of the measuring instrument shortcircuit a load circuit or the like.

- 1. In quiet operation or stopping the running, slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle is heard occasionally, but this noise is not abnormal for the operation.
- 2. When it thunders near by, it is recommend to stop the operation and to disconnect the power cord plug from the power outlet for safety.
- 3. The room air conditioner does not start automatically after recovery of the electric power failure for preventing fuse blowing. Re-press START/STOP button after 3 minutes from when unit stopped.
- 4. If the room air conditioner is stopped by adjusting thermostat, or missoperation, and re-start in a moment, there is occasion that the cooling and heating operation does not start for 3 minutes, it is not abnormal and this is the result of the operation of IC delay circuit. This IC delay circuit ensures that there is no danger of blowing fuse or damaging parts even if operation is restarted accidentally.
- 5. This room air conditioner should not be used at the cooling operation when the outside temperature is below -10°C (14°F).
- This room air conditioner (the reverse cycle) should not be used when the outside temperature is below -15°C (5°F).
 If the reverse cycle is used under this condition, the outside heat exchanger is frosted and efficiency falls.
- 7. When the outside heat exchanger is frosted, the frost is melted by operating the hot gas system, it is not trouble that at this time fan stops and the vapour may rise from the outside heat exchanger.

SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL		RAS-14EH1	RAC-14EH1
FAN MOTOR		PWM DC35V	40 W
FAN MOTOR CAPACITOR		NO	NO
FAN MOTOR PROTECTOR		NO	NO
COMPRESSOR		_	ASC092CD-A8JK
COMPRESSOR MOTOR CAP	ACITOR	NO	NO
OVERLOAD PROTECTOR		NO	YES
OVERHEAT PROTECTOR		NO	YES
FUSE (for MICROPROCESSC	PR)	NO	3.0A
POWER RELAY		NO	G4A
POWER SWITCH		YES	NO
TEMPORARY SWITCH		YES	NO
SERVICE SWITCH		NO	YES
TRANSFORMER	TRANSFORMER		NO
VARISTOR		NO	450NR
NOISE SUPPRESSOR		NO	YES
THERMOSTAT		YES(IC)	YES(IC)
REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH (LIQUID CRYSTAL)		YES	NO
REFRIGERANT CHARGING	UNIT		870g
VOLUME (Refrigerant 410A)	PIPES (MAX. 20m)		ERANT BECAUSE FLARE TYPE.

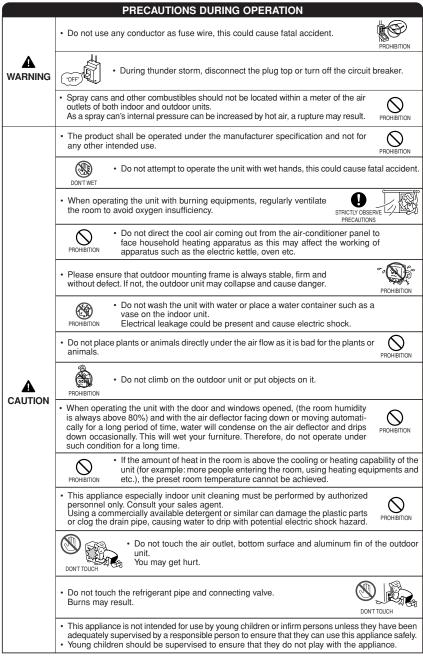
HOW TO USE

SAFETY PRECAUTION

- Please read the "Safety Precaution" carefully before operating the unit to ensure correct usage of the unit.
- Pay special attention to signs of " A Warning" and "A Caution". The "Warning" section contains
 matters which, if not observed strictly, may cause death or serious injury. The "Caution" section
 contains matters which may result in serious consequences if not observed properly. Please observe
 all instructions strictly to ensure safety.

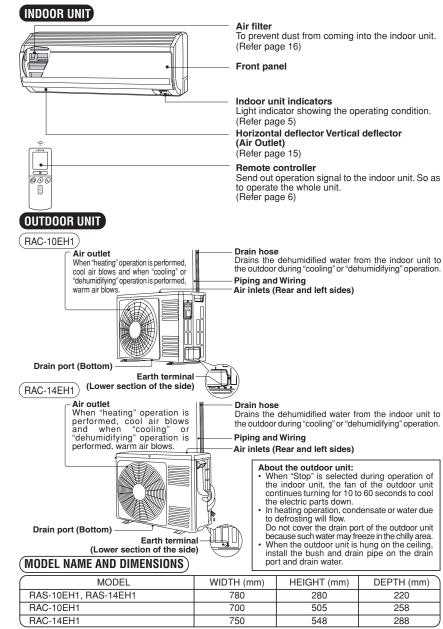
 This sign in the figure indicates prohibition. Please keep this manual after reading. PRECAUTIONS DURING INSTALLATION Do not reconstruct the unit. Water leakage, fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you reconstruct yourself. Please ask your sales agent or qualified technician for the installati unit. Water leakage, short circuit or fire may occur if you install the unit by Please use earth line. Do not place the earth line near water or gas pipes, lightning-conduce earth line of telephone. Improper installation of earth line may cau shock. Be sure to use the specified piping set for R410A. Otherwise, this mat broken copper pipes or faults. A circuit breaker should be installed depending on the mounting site of Without a circuit breaker, the danger of electric shock exists. Do not install the unit near a location where there is flammable gas. The outdoor unit may catch fire if flammable gas leaks around it. Pipin 	the unit by	be followed.			
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Without a circuit breaker, the danger of electric shock exists.Do not install the unit near a location where there is flammable gas.	y result in				
	of the unit.				
suitable supported with a maximum spacing of 1m between the supp		PROHIBITION			
 Please ensure smooth flow of water when installing the drain hose. If is found in the drain path, water drops from the indoor and outdoor univ wet household effects. 	any failure s, causing				
 Make sure that a single phase 230V power source is used. The use of other power sources may cause electrical components to and lead to fire. 					

PRECAUTIONS DURING SHIFTING OR MAINTENANCE Should abnormal situation arise (like burning smell), please stop operating the unit and remove plug from the socket or turn off the circuit breaker. Contact your agent. Fault, short circuit or fire may occur if you continue to operate the unit under abnormal situation. · Please contact your agent for maintenance. Improper self maintenance may cause electric shock and fire. Please contact your agent if you need to remove and reinstall the unit. Electric shock or fire may occur if you remove and reinstall the unit yourself improperly. \bigcirc · Avoid an extended period of direct air flow for your health. Α PROHIBITION WARNING · Do not connect the power calbe with an extension cable or do not plug too many leads of the other electric appliance into the socket where this cable is plugged. In addition, wire the cable with some allowances to prevent the cable from stretching. Not doing so will cause an electrical shock, heat generation or fire. PROHIBITION Do not bundle the power cable, pull it, put something on it, heat it, process it, or ₩.T put it between things. Breakage of the power cable may result. Use of a damaged cable may cause an electrical shock or a fire. PROHIBITION GOOL · Do not put objects like thin rods into the panel of blower and suction side because the high-speed fan inside may cause danger. PROHIBITION



(J)

NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART



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DEPTH (mm)

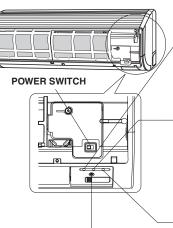
220

258

288

NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART

INDOOR UNIT INDICATIONS



FILTER LAMP (Green)

When the device is operated for a total of about 200 hours, the FILTER lamp lights indicates that it is time to clean the filter. The lamp goes out when the "(x)(AUTO SWING)" button is pressed while the operation is stopped.

OPERATION LAMP (Yellow)

This lamp lights during operation. The OPERATION LAMP flashes in the following cases during heating.

(1) During preheating

For about 2-3 minutes after starting up.

(2) During defrosting

Defrosting will be performed about once an hour when frost forms on the heat exchanger of the outdoor unit. for 5-10 minutes each time.

TIMER LAMP (Orange)

This lamp lights when the timer is working.

TEMPORARY SWITCH

Use this switch to start and stop when the remote controller does not work.

- This temporary operation will be at the most recent setting made. (The unit
 - will immediately go into automatic operation once power is switched on.)

CAUTION

Turn off the circuit breaker or pull out the power plug if the unit is not be operated for a long period.

☆ If the power stays on and the unit is not operated, power is slightly consumed in the control circuit. The power is saved by turning off the power switch (or the circuit breaker when the power is supplied from the outdoor unit).

Attaching the air cleansing and deodorizing filters (Accessories) to the filter frame.

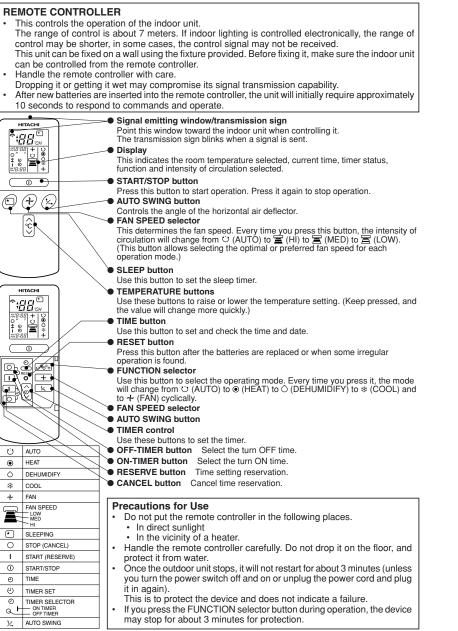
 Attach the air cleansing and deodorizing filters to the frame by gently compress its both sides and release after insertion into filter frame.



- · The cooling capacity is slightly weakened and the cooling speed becomes slower when the air cleansing and deodorizing filters are used.
- · Air cleansing and deodorizing filters can be used for about 2 years. When you want to renew it, please ask your sales agent.



NAMES AND FUNCTIONS OF EACH PART



VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

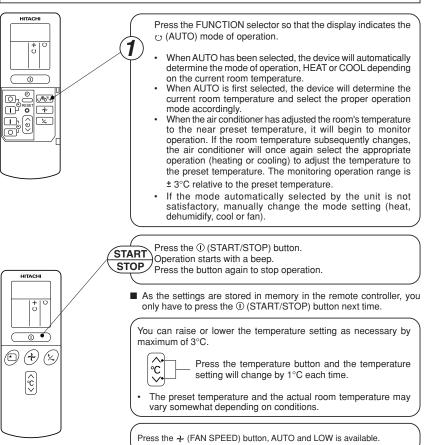
Auto Restart Control

- If there is a power failure, operation will be automatically restarted when the power is resumed with previous operation mode and airflow direction.
- (As the operation is not stopped by remote controller.)
- If you intend not to continue the operation when the power is resumed, switch off the power supply. When you switch on the circuit breaker, the operation will be automatically restarted with previous operation mode and airflow direction.
- Note: 1. If you do not require Auto Restart Control, please consult your sales agent.

2. Auto Restart Control is not available when Timer or Sleep Timer mode is set.

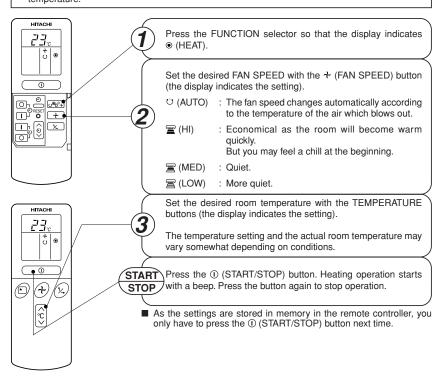
AUTOMATIC OPERATION

The device will automatically determine the mode of operation, HEAT or COOL depending on the initial room temperature. The selected mode of operation will change when the room temperature varies.



HEATING OPERATION

- Use the device for heating when the outdoor temperature is under 21°C.
- When it is too warm (over 21°C), the heating function may not work in order to protect the device.
- In order to keep reliability of the device, please use this device above -15°C of the outdoor temperature.



Defrosting

Defrosting will be performed about once an hour when frost forms on the heat exchange of the outdoor unit, for $5 \sim 10$ minutes each time.

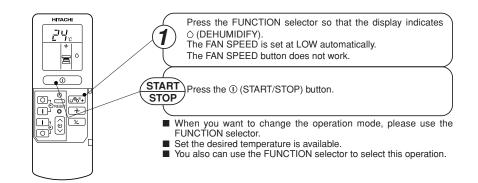
During defrosting operation, the operation lamp blinks in cycle of 3 seconds on and 0.5 second off.

The maximum time for defrosting is 20 minutes.

(If the piping length used is longer than usual, frost will likely to form.)

DEHUMIDIFYING OPERATION

Use the device for dehumidifying when the room temperature is over 16°C. When it is under 15°C, the dehumidifying function will not work.



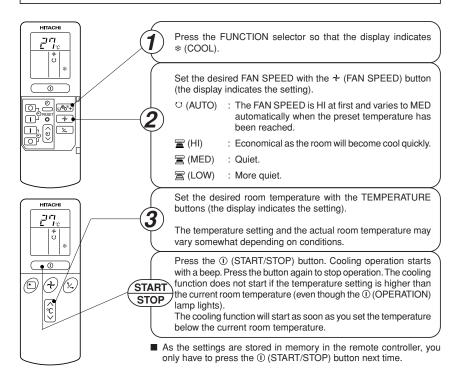
Dehumidifying Function

- Dehumidifying takes place with a target temperature which is slightly lower than the room temperature setting. (However, target temperature is 16°C for a temperature setting of 16°C.) If the room temperature becomes lower than the target value, operation stops. If the room temperature becomes higher than the target value, operation restarts.
- The preset room temperature may not be reached depending on the number of people present in the room conditions.

COOLING OPERATION

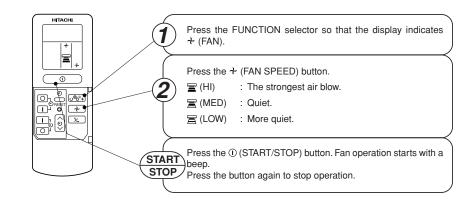
Use the device for cooling when the outdoor temperature is -10 to 42°C.

If humidity is very high (over 80%) indoors, some dew may form on the air outlet grille of the indoor unit.



FAN OPERATION

You can use the device simply as an air circulator. Use this function to dry the interior of the indoor unit at the end of summer.

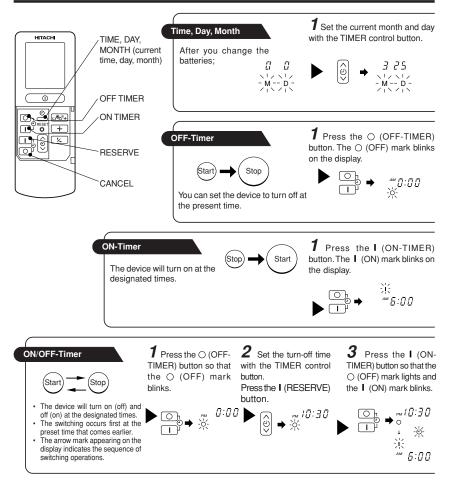


FAN SPEED (AUTO)

)	When the AUTO fan speed mode is set in the cooling/heating operation:
---	-----------------------------------------------------------------------

For the heating operation	 The fan speed will automatically change according to the temperature of discharged air. As room temperature reaches the preset temperature, a very light breeze will blow.
For the cooling operation	 Operation starts in the "HI" mode to reach the preset temperature. As room temperature approaches the preset temperature, fan speed automatically switches to "LOW".

HOW TO SET THE TIMER



How to Cancel Reservation

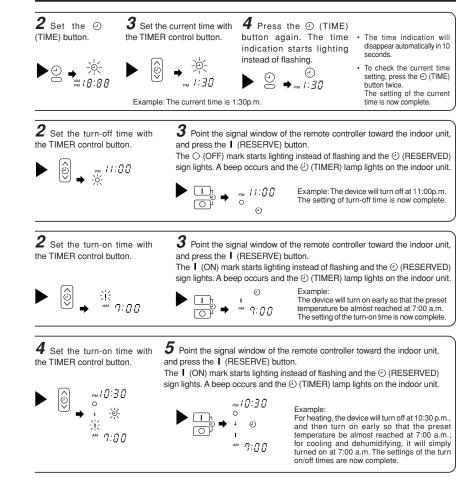
Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the \odot (CANCEL) button.

The \oplus (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the \oplus (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

- 12 -

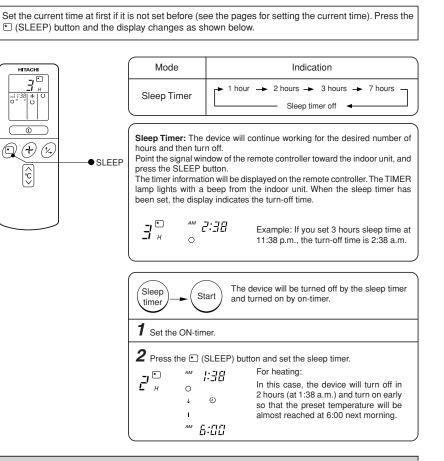
NOTE

You can set only one of the OFF-timer, ON-timer and ON/OFF-timer.



- The timer may be used in three ways: off-timer, on-timer and ON/OFF (OFF/ON)-timer. Set the current time at first because it serves as a reference.
- As the time settings are stored in memory in the remote controller, you only have to press the I (RESERVE) button is order to use the same settings next time.

HOW TO SET THE SLEEP TIMER



How to Cancel Reservation

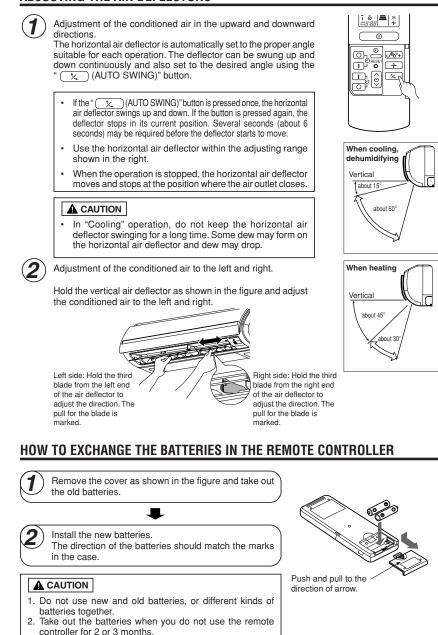
Point the signal window of the remote controller toward the indoor unit, and press the O (CANCEL) button.

The () (RESERVED) sign goes out with a beep and the () (TIMER) lamp turns off on the indoor unit.

NOTE

If you set the sleep timer when the off-time or on/offtimer has been set earlier, the sleep timer becomes effective instead of the off - or on/off-timer set earlier.

ADJUSTING THE AIR DEFLECTORS





- 15 -

MAINTENANCE

A CAUTION

Cleaning and maintenance must be carried out only by qualified service personal. Before cleaning, stop operation and switch off the power supply.

1. AIR FILTER III

When the filter indicator lamp comes on, be sure to clean the filter. By doing so, the power rates are saved. In case the air filter is full of dust, the air flow will decrease and the cooling capacity will be reduced. Further, noise may occur. Be sure to clean the filter following the procedure below.

PROCEDURE

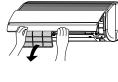


) Open the front panel carefully and remove the filter.



Vacuum dust from the air filter using vacuum cleaner. If there is too much dust, wash the filter with a detergent and rinse it thoroughly. After that, dry it in the shade.





Set the filter with "FRONT" mark facing front, and slot them into the original state.

 After attaching the filters, push the front panel at three arrow portions as shown in figure and close it.

A CAUTION

- Do not wash with hot water at more than 40°C. The filter may shrink.
- When washing it, shake off moisture completely and dry it in the shade; do not expose it directly to the sun. The filter may shrink.
- Don't operate the unit without filter. Fault may occur if you continue.

- 2. CLEANING OF FRONT PANEL Remove the front panel and wash with clean water. Wash it with a soft sponge. After using neutral detergent, wash thoroughly with clean water. When front panel is not removed, wipe it with a soft dry cloth. Wipe the remote controller thoroughly with a soft dry cloth. Wipe the water thoroughly. If water remains at indicators or signal receiver of indoor unit, it causes trouble. Method of removing the front panel. Be sure to hold the front panel with both hands to detach and attach it. Removing the Front Panel Attaching the Front Panel Shaft Hole • When the front panel is fully opened with both Move the shafts of the left and right arms into hands, push the right arm to the inside to the steps in the unit and securely insert them release it, and while closing the front panel into the holes. slightly, put it out forward. · Do not splash or direct water to the body of the unit when cleaning it as this may cause short circuit. Never use hot water (above 40°C), benzine, gasoline, acid, thinner or a brush, because they will damage the plastic surface and the coating. 3. MAINTENANCE AT BEGINNING OF LONG OFF PERIOD Run the unit by setting the operation mode to + (FAN) and the fan speed to HI for about half a day
 - Switch off the power plug or turn off the circuit breaker.

on a fine day, and dry the whole of the unit.

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- 17 -

INFORMATION

CAPABILITIES

Heating Capability

 This room air conditioner utilizes a heat pump system that absorbs exterior heat and brings it into a room to be heated. As the ambient temperature gets lower, heating capability will also lower. In such situation, the inverter work to increase compressor rpm to keep the unit's heating capability from decreasing. If the unit's heating performance is still unsatisfactory, other heating appliances should be used to augment this unit's performance.
 CAUTION
 Do not use a stove or any other hightemperature devices in proximity to the indoor unit.



 The air conditioner is designed to heat an entire room so that it may take some time before you feel warm. Timer operation is recommended for effective preheating ahead of the desired time.

Cooling and Dehumidifying Capabilities

 If the heat present in a room exceeds the unit's cooling capacity (for example, if there are many people in the room or other heating appliances are used), the preset room temperature may not be reached.

VARIOUS FUNCTIONS

- When fan speed, room temperature are set with the remote controller before starting manual operation and the buttons are released, the indication of settings will go off in 10 seconds and only the operation mode will be displayed.
- Pressing the web button while the unit is in operation will let the protective circuit work so that the unit will not operate for approximately 3 minutes.
- During heating operation, the indoor unit's color indicator lamp may flash with no air emitted for a while.
- If you feel cold wind during heating operation with the
 [™] (HI) fan speed or want to make the unit operation
 quieter after the room is heated, use of
 [™] (AUTO) setting is recommended.
- With the 🚖 (LOW) setting, the unit's cooling capability will lower slightly.
- With the 🚖 (LOW) setting, the unit's heating capacity will vary with the operating conditions.

TIMER PROGRAMMING/SLEEP TIMER OPERATION

- When the timer has been programmed, the unit will not operate even if the set time is reached unless the unit receives a signal from the remote controller. Confirm that timer programming is complete (beep) and the TIMER lamp of the indoor unit lights.
- If the
 (SLEEP) button is pressed while the ON/OFF timer is programmed, the sleep timer takes priority.
 During sleep timer operation, the fan speed sets to
 (LOW) regardless of the preset speed. The remote controller display indication will remain unchanged even with the
 (LOW) setting.

REGULAR INSPECTION

PLEASE CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS EVERY EITHER HALF YEARLY OR YEARLY. CONTACT YOUR SALES AGENT SHOULD YOU NEED ANY HELP.

1	A WARNING	Check to see if the unit's earth line has been con- nected correctly. If the earth line is disconnected or faulty, unit failure or electric shock hazard may result.
2	A WARNING	Check to see if the mounting frame has rusted ex- cessively or if the outdoor unit has tilted or become unstable. It could collapse or fall, causing injury.
3	A WARNING	Check to see if the power plug is securely inserted into the wall socket. If the power plug is not inserted into the wall socket securely or becomes hot, an electric shock or fire may result. If dust or dirt is found on the power plug, clean the plug and insert it into the wall socket.

AFTER SALES SERVICE AND WARRANTY

WHEN ASKING FOR SERVICE, CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS.

CONDITION	CHECK THE FOLLOWING POINTS		
If the remote controller is not transmitting a signal. (Remote controller display is dim or blank.)	Do the batteries need replacement?Is the polarity of the inserted batteries correct?		
When it does not operate.	 Is the fuse all right? Is the voltage extremely high or low? Is the circuit breaker "ON"? Is the power plug inserted? Do you have any power cut? 		
When it does not cool well. When it does not heat well.	 Is the air filter blocked with dust? Is the set temperature suitable? Have horizontal air deflectors been adjusted to their correct positions according to the operation mode selected? Are the air inlets or air outlets of indoor and outdoor units blocked? Is the fan speed "LOW"? 		

The following phenomena do not indicate unit failure.

During heating, the operation indicator blinks and air blow stops	<operation start=""> The unit is preparing to blow warm air. Please wait. <in operation=""> The outdoor unit is defrosting. Please wait.</in></operation>	
Hissing or fizzy sounds	Refrigerant flow noise in the pipe or valve sound generated when flow rate is adjusted.	
Squeaking noise	Noise generated when the unit expands or contracts due to temperature changes.	
Rustling noise	Noise generated with the indoor unit fan's rpm changing such as operation start times.	
Clicking noise	Noise of the motorized valve when the unit is switched on.	

Perking noise	Noise of the ventilation fan sucking in air present in the drain hose and blowing out dehumidifying water that had accumulated in the condensed water collector. For details, consult your sales agent.	
Changing operation noise	Operation noise changes due to power variations according to room temperature changes.	
Mist emission	Mist is generated as the air within the room is suddenly cooled by conditioned air.	
Steam emitted from the outdoor unit	Water generated during defrosting operation evaporates and steam is emitted.	
Odors	Caused as the smells and particles of smoke, food, cosmetics, etc. present in room air become attached the unit and blown off into the room again.	
The outdoor unit continues to operate even if operation is stopped.	Defrosting is underway (as the heating operation is stopped, the microcompute checks frost accumulated in the outdoor unit and instructs the unit to perform automatic defrosting if necessary).	
The OPERATION lamp is blinking.	Shows preheating or defrosting operation is underway. As the protective circuit or preheat sensor operates when unit operation is stopped during preheating and then restarted, or when operation mode is switched from cooling to heating, the lamp continues to blink.	
Does not reach the temperature setting	Actual room temperature may deviate slightly from the remote controller's temperature setting depending on the number of people in the room, indoor or outdoor conditions.	

 If the unit still fails to operate normally after performing the above inspections, turn the circuit breaker off, or pull the power plug out, and contact your sales agent immediately.

Contact your sales agent immediately if the following phenomena should occur:

- The circuit breaker switches off or the fuse blows frequently.
- The switch operation is not stable.
- Foreign matter or water accidentally enters the unit interior.
- · The power cord gets excessively hot or its insulation is torn or stripped.
- TIMER lamp on the indoor unit display blinks.
- As the nature of the failure can be identified by the blinking cycle,
- check the blinking cycle before turning off the circuit breaker.



- In quiet operation or stopping the running, the following phenomena may occasionally occur, but they are not abnormal for the operation.
 - (1) Slight flowing noise of refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle.
 - (2) Slight rubbing noise from the fan casing which is cooled and then gradually warmed as operation stops.
- The odor will possibly be emitted from the room air conditioner because the various odor, emitted by smoke, foodstuffs, cosmetics and so on, sticks to it. So please clean the air filter and the evaporator regularly to reduce the odor.
- Please contact your sales agent immediately if the air conditioner still fails to operate normally after the above inspections. Inform your agent of the model of your unit, production number, date of installation. Please also inform him regarding the fault.

Please note:

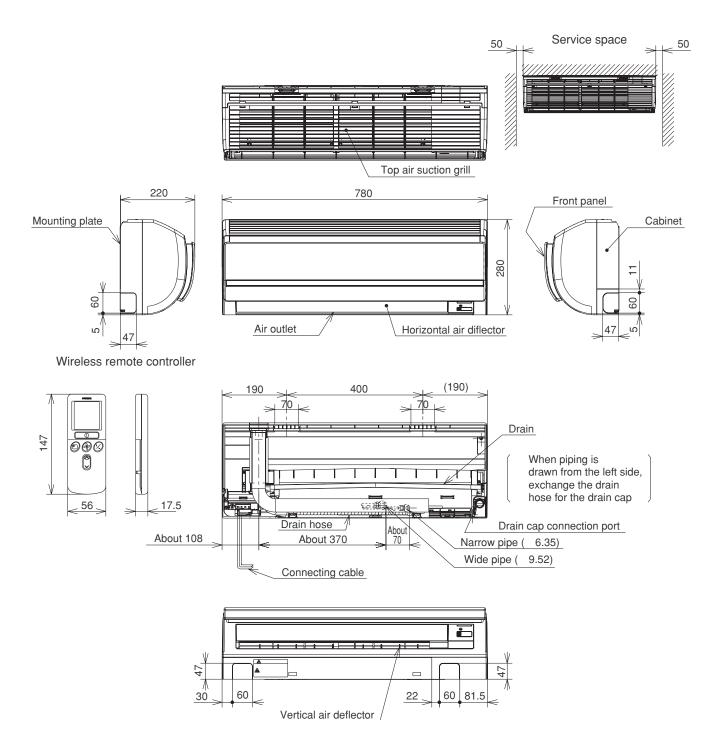
On switching on the equipment, particularly when the room light is dimmed, a slight brightness fluctuation may occur. This is of no consequence. The conditions of the local Power Supply Companies are to be observed.

CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-14EH1

INDOOR UNIT

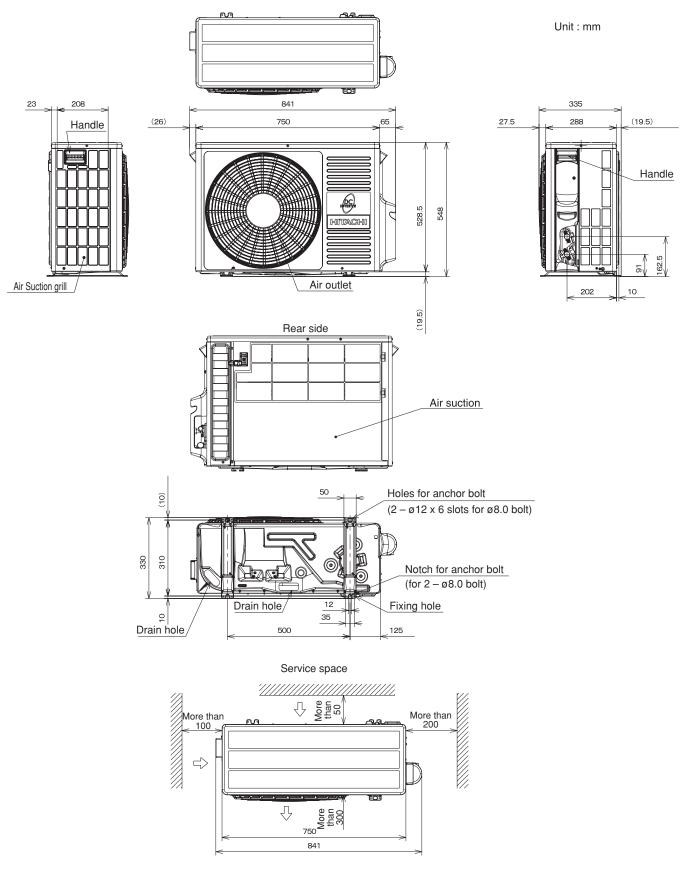
Unit : mm



CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAM

MODEL RAC-14EH1

OUTDOOR UNIT



MAIN PARTS COMPONENT

THERMOSTAT

Thermostat Specifications

MODEL			RAS-14EH1	
THERMOSTAT MODEL			IC	
OPERATION MODE			COOL	HEAT
	INDICATION 16	ON	16.7 (62.1)	18.7 (65.7)
		OFF	16.0 (60.8)	19.3 (66.7)
TEMPERATURE °C (°F)	INDICATION 24	ON	24.7 (76.5)	26.7 (80.1)
		OFF	24.0 (75.2)	27.3 (81.1)
	INDICATION 32	ON	32.7 (90.9)	34.7 (94.5)
		OFF	32.0 (89.6)	35.3 (95.5)

FAN MOTOR

Fan Motor Specifications

MODEL	RAS-14EH1	RAC-14EH1
POWER SOURCE	DC 5V, 35V	DC 140 ~ 350V
OUTPUT	25W	40W
CONNECTION	$\begin{array}{c} 35V \circ \begin{matrix} RED \\ 0V \circ \begin{matrix} BLK \\ WHT \\ 5V \circ \begin{matrix} WHT \\ 7EL \\ 0 \sim 5V \circ \begin{matrix} BLU \\ FG \circ \end{matrix}$ (Control circuit built in)	140~ RED 350V BLK 0V BLK 15V WHT 15V YEL 0~6V YEL 0~15V BLU
BLU : BLUEYEL : YELLGRY : GRAYORN : ORANBLK : BLACKPNK : PINK		WHT : WHITE RED : RED

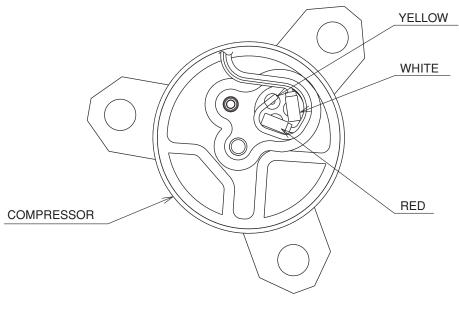
MAIN ELECTRIC COMPONENTS FOR OUTDOOR UNIT

NAME	RATING	APPLICABLE MODELS
REVERSING VALVE COIL	135 Ω (20 °C)	RAC-14EH1
REACTOR L1	13 (mH), 0.224 Ω	RAC-14EH1
REACTOR L2	25.5 (mH), 0.37 Ω	RAC-14EH1
FILM CAPACITOR	45 (µF)	RAC-14EH1

COMPRESSOR MOTOR

Compressor Motor Specifications

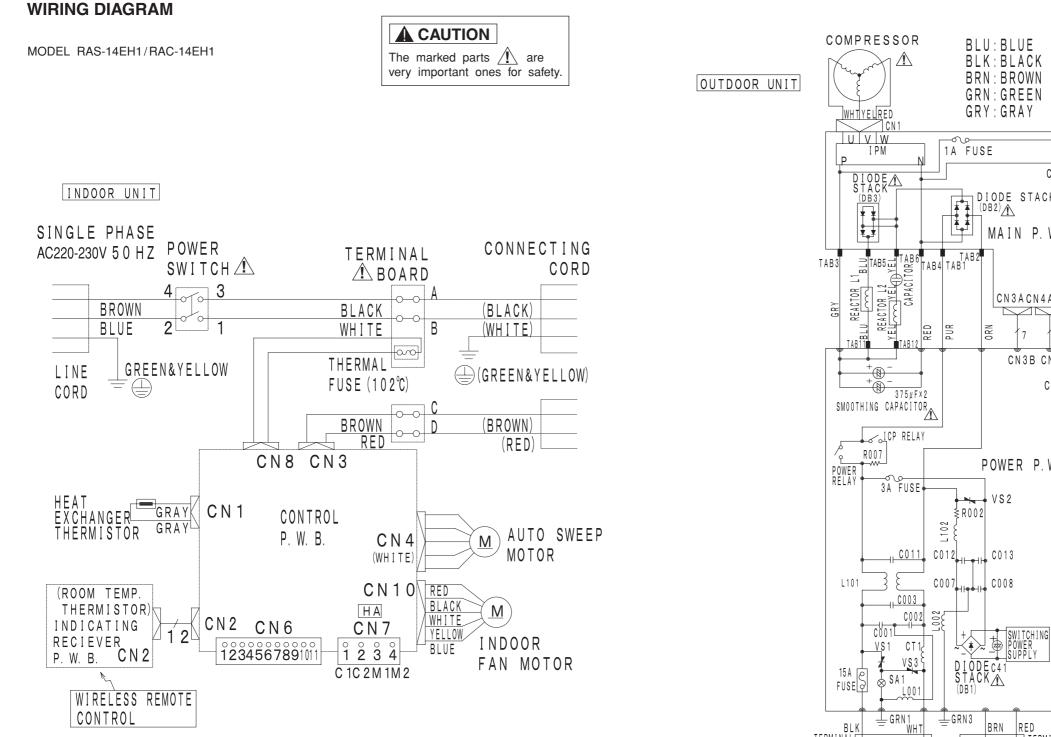
ITEM	MODEL	RAC-14EH1
COMPRESSOR TYPE		ASC092CD-A8JK
POWER SOUR	CE	DC 220 ~ 350 V
OUTPUT		750W
WINDING		(U) O WHITE M M (V) O YELLOW (V) O RED
RESISTANCE	20°C	2M=1.15
(Ω)	75°C	2M=1.40



FRONT SIDE OF OUTDOOR UNIT

ACAUTION

When the refrigerating cycle has been operated for a long time with the capillary tubes clogged or crushed or with too little refrigerant, check the color of the refrigerating machine oil inside the compressor. If the color has been changed conspicuously, replace the compressor.



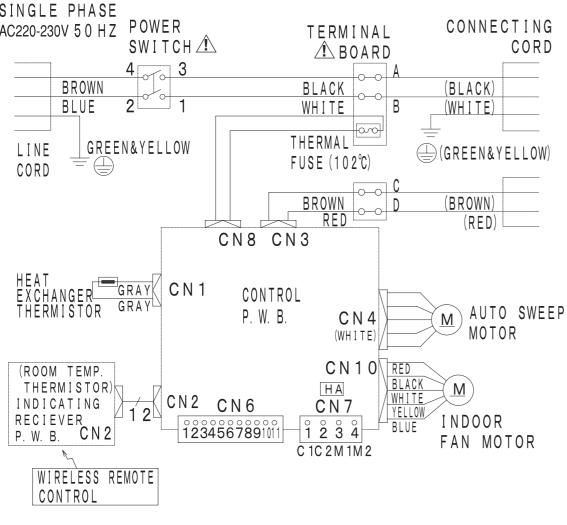
 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{TERMINAL} & & & & & \\ \text{BOARD} & & & & & \\ \text{L} \varphi(A) & & & & \\ \text{N} \varphi(B) \end{array}$ (GRN+YEL) (WHT) (BRN) (RED) (BLK)

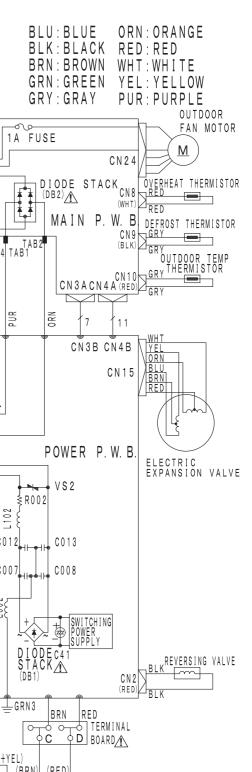
UNIT

INDOOR | _ | INDOOR

UNIT

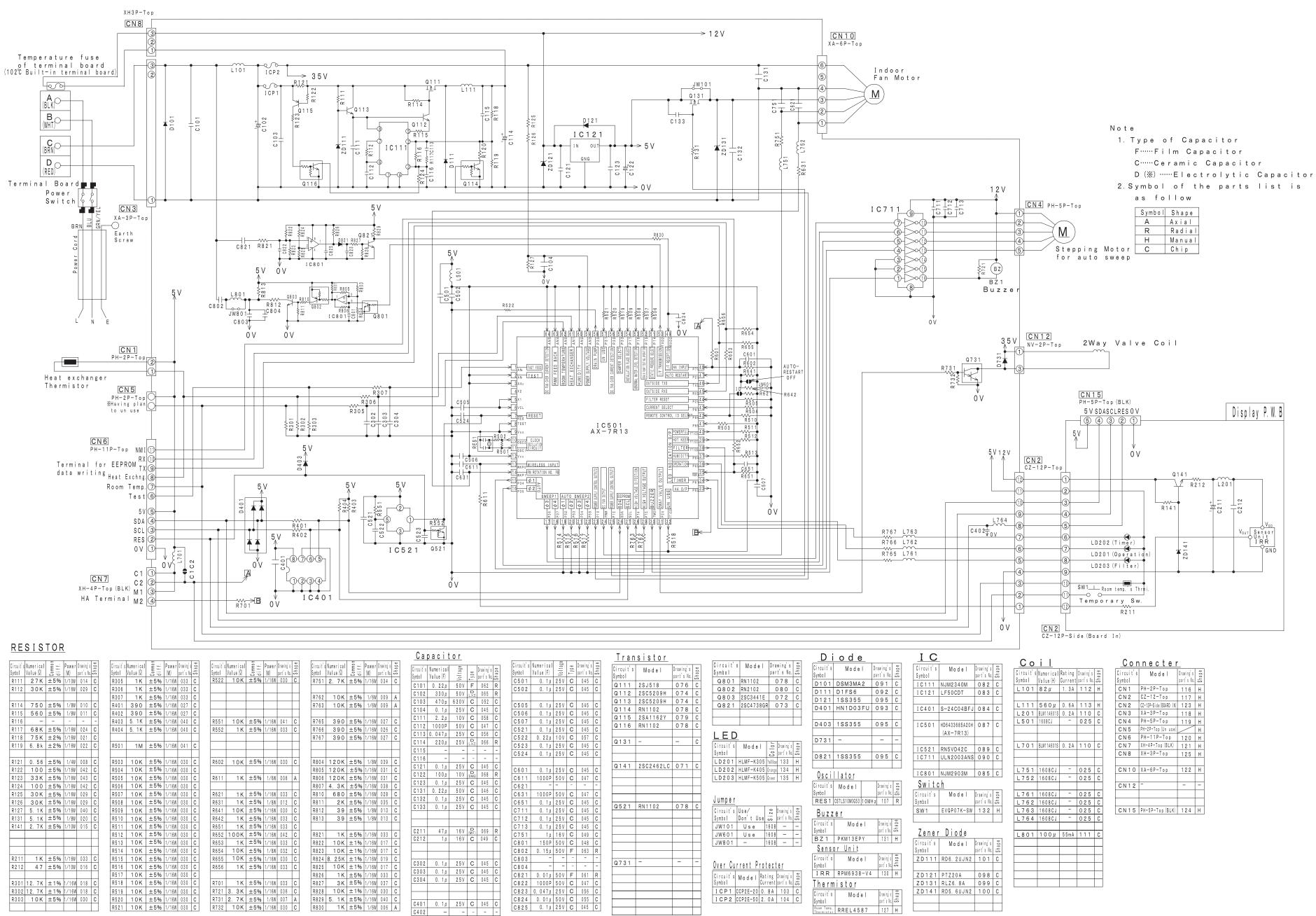
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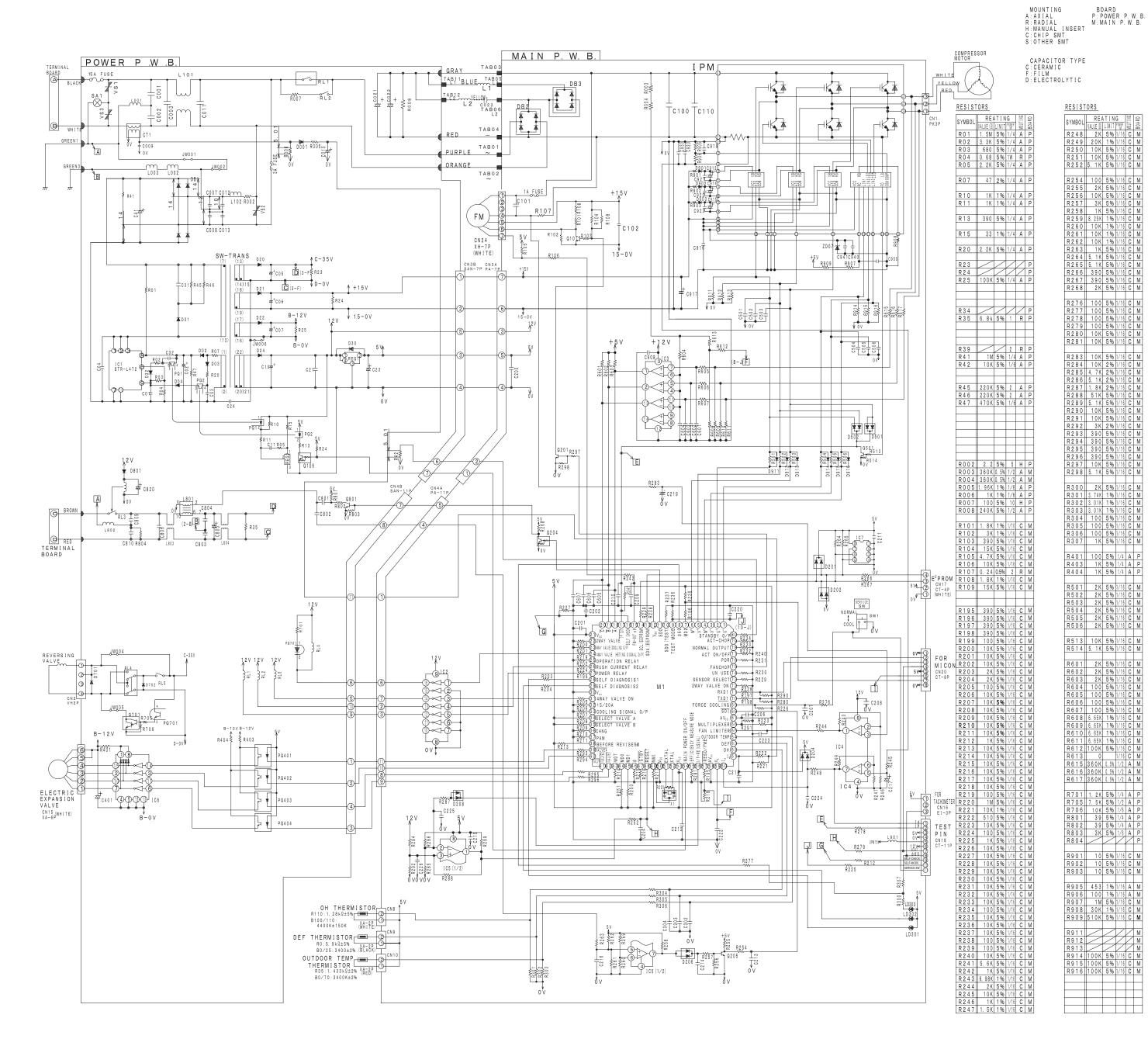


CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

MODEL RAS-14EH1



			Lapacitor	Transistor
Circuit's Numerical 🗧 🛫 Power Drawing's 🚆 Circuit's N	Numerical 🗧 🛫 Power Drawing's 🚆 Circuit's	's Numerical 🗧 Power Draving's 🚆 Circuit's Numerical 🗧 Power Draving's 🚆 🛛	Strouit's Numerical Cravit's la Construction (Strouit's Numerical Construction) (Strou	
Circuit's Numerical E T Power Draning's E Circuit's N Symbol Value (2) S T (W) part's No. 5 Symbol V	Numerical E Power Draning's ed Circuit's Value (Ω) 5 (W) part's No.5 Symbol		Sircuit's Numerical and praint's a second structure (F) and the first state of the second structure (F) and the second structure (F)	Circuit's Model Drawii Symbol part's
R111 27K ±5% 1/10W 014 C R305	1 K ±5% 1/16W 033 C R522	2 10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R751 2 7K +5% 1/16W 034 C 💾		
R112 30K ±5% 1/16W 029 C R306	1 K ±5% 1/16W 033 C		C101 0. 22 µ 50V F 062 R C502 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C	Q111 2SJ518 07 Q112 2SC5209H 07
R307	1 K ±5% 1/16W 033 C		C102 330µ 50V (LXz) 065 R	
R114 750 ±5% 1/8W 010 C R401	390 ±5% 1/16W 027 C	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	C103 470p 630V C 052 C C505 0.1µ 25V C 045 C	Q113 2SC5209H 07
R115 560 ±5% 1/8W 011 C R402	390 ±5% 1/16W 027 C		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Q114 RN1102 07
R116 R403	5. 1K ±5% 1/16W 040 C R551	1 1 0 K ± 5 % 1/16W 041 C R/65 3 9 0 ± 5 % 1/16W 027 C ⊢	C111 2. 2µ 10V C 058 C C507 0 1/ 25V C 045 C	Q115 2SA1162Y 07
R117 68K ±5% 1/16W 024 C R404	5. 1K ±5% 1/16W 040 C R552		C112 1000P 50V C 047 C C521 0 1/ 25V C 0/5 C	Q116 RN1102 07
R118 75K ±2% 1/16W 021 C		R767 390 +5% 1/16W 027 C	C113 0. 047μ 25V C 056 C C C522 0. 22 μ 10V C 057 C	
R119 6.8k ±2% 1/16W 022 C R501	1M ±5% 1/16W 041 C		C114 220 µ 25V (LXZ) 066 R C523 0.1 µ 25V C 045 C	Q131
			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
R121 0.56 ±5% 1/4W 008 C R503	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R602	/ TOKI±5%/1//MU/030_CL _ 188041120K1±5%/1//MU/039_CL _ E	C116	
R122 100 ±5% 1/16W 042 C R504	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C		C121 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C601 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C	Q141 2SC2462LC 07
R123 33K ±5% 1/16W 043 C R505	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R611		C122 100 # 10V (SMG) 068 R C611 1000P 50V C 047 C	
R124 100 ±5% 1/16W 042 C R506	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	C123 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C621	
R125 30K ±5% 1/16W 029 C R507	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R621	$1 1 \kappa \pm 5\% 1/16W 0.33 C R810 6.80 \pm 5\% 1/16W 0.28 C $	C131 0. 22µ 50V C 046 C C631 1000P 50V C 047 C	
R126 30K ±5% 1/16W 029 C R508	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R631	1 1K ±5% 1/8W 012 C R811 2K ±5% 1/16W 035 C	C132 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C651 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C	
R127 5. 1K ±5% 1/16W 040 C R509	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R641		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Q521 RN1102 07
R131 5. 1K ±5% 1/8W 020 C R510	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R642		C712 0.1µ 25V C 045 C	
R141 2. 7K ±5% 1/10W 015 C R511	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R651	1 1K ±5% 1/16W 033 C	C713 0 1# 25V C 045 C	
R512	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R652	$2 100 \text{ K} \pm 5\% 1/16\text{ W} 0/2 \text{ C} = 8821 - 1 \text{ K} \pm 5\% 1/16\text{ W} 033 \text{ C}$	C211 47µ 16V (MF) 069 R C751 1/ 16V C 049 C	
R513	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R653		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
R514	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R654		C802 0.15µ 50V F 063 R	
R211 1K ±5% 1/16W 033 C R515	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R655	5 10K + 5% 1/16W 030 C R824 8 25K + 1% 1/16W 019 C	<u>C803</u>	
R212 47 ±5% 1/10W 016 C R516	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R656	n K ±5%0 / bW 033 C R825 UK ± %0 / bW 0 / C ⊨	C302 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C 045 C C C804	Q731
R517	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C	R826 1K ±5% 1/16W 033 C	C303 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C821 0.01/ 50V E 061 R	
R301 12. 7K ± 1% 1/16W 018 C R518	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R701		C304 0. 1µ 25V C 045 C C822 1000P 50V C 047 C	
R302 12. 7K ± 1% 1/16W 018 C R519	10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R721		C823 0. 047µ 25V C 056 C	
R303 10K ±5% 1/16W 030 C R520		1 2 7K +5% 1/6W 007 A R829 5 1K +5% 1/16W 040 C	C824 0 01# 50V C 055 C	
			C401 0 1/ 25V C 045 C	



R2 65 5.1 K 5% 1/16 C M R2 66 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 67 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 76 100 5% 1/16 C M R2 76 100 5% 1/16 C M R2 77 100 5% 1/16 C M R2 77 100 5% 1/16 C M R2 80 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 81 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 83 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 84 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 85 1.K 5% 1/16 C M R2 84 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 94 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 95	RESIST				e 14	
R248 2K 5% 1/16 C R249 20K 1% 1% C R250 10K 5% 1/16 C R251 10K 5% 1/16 C R252 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R256 10K 5% 1/16 C R255 2.K 5% 1/16 C R256 10K 5% 1/16 C R258 1.K 5% 1/16 C R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R263 1.K 5% 1/16 C R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R278 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R264 5.1K 5%	SYMBOL				MOUTING	BOARD
R250 10K 5% 1/16 C R251 10K 5% 1/16 C R252 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R252 2K 5% 1/16 C R253 2K 5% 1/16 C R253 2K 5% 1/16 C R254 10K 5% 1/16 C R254 2K 5% 1/16 C R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R263 10K 5% 1/16 C R263 11K 5% 1/16 C R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R276 100 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R280 10K 5% 1/16 C R281 10K 5% 1/16 C R271 100 5%		2 K	5%			Μ
R252 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R254 100 5% 1/16 C R256 10K 5% 1/16 C R256 10K 5% 1/16 C R257 3K 5% 1/16 C R258 1.K 5% 1/16 C R259 8.25K 1% 1/16 C R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R261 5% 1/16 C M R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R266 300 5% 1/16 C R276 100 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R278 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5%	R250	10K	5%	1/16	С	Μ
R254 100 5% 1/16 C M R255 25/5 1/16 C M R255 25/5 1/16 C M R258 1.5% 1/16 C M R258 1.5% 1/16 C M R259 8.25% 1.6% 1/16 C R259 8.25% 1.6% 1/16 C R261 1.0K 1% 1/16 C R262 1.0K 1% 1/16 C R263 1.K 5% 1/16 C R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R265 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10					_	
R255 2K 5% 1/16 C M R256 10K 5% 1/16 C M R257 3K 5% 1/16 C M R258 1.K 5% 1/16 C M R251 10K 1% 1/16 C M R261 10K 1% 1/16 C M R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R264 5.0K 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K						
R257 3K 5% 1/16 C M R258 1K 5% 1/16 C M R259 8.25K 1% 1/16 C M R260 10K 1% 1/16 C M R261 10K 1% 1/16 C M R263 11K 5% 1/16 C M R263 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R266 300 5% 1/16 C M R267 100 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R278 100 5% 1/16 C M R280 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K					_	
R258 1K 5% 1/16 C R260 10K 1% 1/16 C M R260 10K 1% 1/16 C M R260 10K 1% 1/16 C M R261 10K 1% 1/16 C M R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R267 390 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5%	R256	10K	5%	1/16	С	
R260 10K 1% 1/16 C R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R262 10K 1% 1/16 C R262 10K 1% 1/16 C R263 11K 5% 1/16 C R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R263 390 5% 1/16 C R264 390 5% 1/16 C R263 2K 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R278 100 5% 1/16 C R281 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R284 10K 2% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R284 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 1/16 K		1 K	5%		_	_
R261 10K 1% 1/16 C R263 1K 5% 1/16 C R263 5% 5% 1/16 C R263 300 5% 1/16 C R267 300 5% 1/16 C R277 100 5% 1/16 C R278 100 5% 1/16 C R278 10K 5% 1/16 C R281 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R284 300 5% 1/16 C R283 11K 5% 1/16 C R283 51K 5% <					_	
R263 1K 5% 1/16 C M R265 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R267 390 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R279 100 5% 1/16 C M R280 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R285 1.K 5% 1/16 C M R285 1.K	R261	10K	1%	1/16	С	Μ
R264 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R265 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R266 390 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R278 100 5% 1/16 C M R279 100 5% 1/16 C M R280 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R285 1.1K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R285 1.1K 5% 1/16 C M R283 390						
R266 390 5% 1/16 C M R267 390 5% 1/16 C M R268 2K 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R279 100 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 2% 1/16 C M R284 10K 5% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R293 390	R264	5.1K	5%	1/16	С	Μ
R267 390 5% 1/16 C M R268 2K 5% 1/16 C M R276 100 5% 1/16 C M R278 100 5% 1/16 C M R278 100 5% 1/16 C M R280 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 2% 1/16 C M R285 1.K 2% 1/16 C M R286 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R285 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R285 1.K 5% 1/16 C M R290 300						M
R2 76 100 5% 1/16 C R2 77 100 5% 1/16 C R2 78 100 5% 1/16 C R2 78 100 5% 1/16 C R2 78 100 5% 1/16 C R2 80 10K 5% 1/16 C R2 81 10K 5% 1/16 C R2 83 10K 5% 1/16 C R2 84 10K 2% 1/16 C R2 85 4.7K 2% 1/16 C R2 80 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R2 80 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R2 91 10K 5% 1/16 C R2 93 390 5% 1/16 C R3 01 3.74K 1% 1/16 C R2 93 390 5% 1/16 C R2 93 390	R267	390	5%	1/16	С	Μ
R277 100 5% 1/16 C M R278 100 5% 1/16 C M R280 10K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 2% 1/16 C M R285 4.7K 2% 1/16 C M R285 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R291 10K 5% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R294 390 5% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R294 390	R268	2 K	5%	1/10	C	M
R278 100 5% 1/16 C R280 100K 5% 1/16 C M R281 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R283 10K 5% 1/16 C M R284 10K 2% 1/16 C M R285 4.7K 2% 1/16 C M R287 1.8K 2% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R291 10K 5% 1/16 C M R294 390 5% 1/16 C M R301 3.7K 1% 1/16 C M R302 3.01K 1% 1/16 C M R303 3.01K 1%<						M
R2 79 100 5% 1/16 C R2 80 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 81 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 81 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 84 10K 2% 1/16 C M R2 84 10K 2% 1/16 C M R2 85 4.7K 2% 1/16 C M R2 85 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R2 80 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R2 91 10K 5% 1/16 C M R2 93 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 94 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 95 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 94 390 5% 1/16 C M R2 95 390	R278			-		
R281 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 5% 1/16 C R283 10K 2% 1/16 C R285 4.7K 2% 1/16 C R287 1.8K 2% 1/16 C M R288 5.1K 5% 1/16 C M R289 1.8K 5% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R291 10K 5% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R294 390 5% 1/16 C M R295 390 5% 1/16 C M R301 3.7K 1% 1/16 C M R302 3.01K 1% 1/16 C M	R279					
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R288 51K 5% 1/16 C M R289 10K 5% 1/16 C M R290 10K 5% 1/16 C M R291 10K 5% 1/16 C M R292 3K 2% 1/16 C M R293 390 5% 1/16 C M R294 390 5% 1/16 C M R295 390 5% 1/16 C M R297 10K 5% 1/16 C M R297 10K 5% 1/16 C M R300 2.K 5% 1/16 C M R301 3.74K 1% 1/16 C M R302 3.01K 1% 1/16 C M R304 100 5% 1/16 C M R304 100						
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R 3 01 3. 74K 1% 1/16 C M R 3 02 3. 01K 1% 1/16 C M R 3 03 3. 01K 1% 1/16 C M R 3 03 3. 01K 1% 1/16 C M R 3 05 100 5% 1/16 C M R 3 05 100 5% 1/16 C M R 4 01 100 5% 1/16 C M R 4 01 100 5% 1/14 A P R 4 01 100 5% 1/16 C M R 4 01 100 5% 1/16 C M R 501 2.K 5% 1/16 C M R 503 2.K 5% 1/16 C M R 504 2.K 5% 1/16 C M R 505 2.K 5% 1/16 C M <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>U</td><td>IVI</td></td<>					U	IVI
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R514 5.1K 5% 1/16 C R601 2K 5% 1/16 C R602 2K 5% 1/16 C R603 2K 5% 1/16 C R604 100 5% 1/16 C R603 2K 5% 1/16 C R604 100 5% 1/16 C R605 100 5% 1/16 C R606 100 5% 1/16 C R607 100 5% 1/16 C R608 6.65K 1% 1/16 C R611 6.65K 1% 1/16 C R612 100K 5% 1/16 C R613 0 1/16 C M R613 0 1/16 C M R613 100K 5% 1/2 A R701 1.2K 5%	R 5 0 6	2 K	5%	1/10	C	M
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R608 8.65K 1% 1/16 C M R608 6.65K 1% 1/16 C M R610 6.65K 1% 1/16 C M R611 6.65K 1% 1/16 C M R611 6.65K 1% 1/16 C M R613 0 1/16 C M R615 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R616 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R617 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R701 1.2K 5% 1/4 A P R705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A M R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R901 10 5% 1/16 A M R901 10 5% </td <td>R606</td> <td>100</td> <td>5%</td> <td>1/16</td> <td>С</td> <td>Μ</td>	R606	100	5%	1/16	С	Μ
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R611 8.65K 1% 1/16 C M R612 100K 5% 1/16 C M R613 0 1/16 C M M R613 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R616 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R617 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R617 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R705 7.5K 5% 1/4 A P R706 10K 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R801 35% 1/4 A P P R901 105% 1/16 C M P R901 105% 1/16 C M M R903 100	R609	6.65K	1%	1/16	С	Μ
R 6 12 100K 5% 1/16 C M R 6 13 0 1/16 C M R 6 13 360K 1.5% 1/2 A R 6 15 360K 1.5% 1/2 A R 6 17 360K 1.5% 1/2 A R 701 1.2K 5% 1/4 A R 705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A R 705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A R 705 5% 5% 1/2 A R 705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A R 801 39 5% 1/4 A P R 802 39 5% 1/4 A P R 803 3K 5% 1/4 A P R 901 10 5% 1/16 C M R 902 10 5% 1/16 C M R 905 453 1% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
R615 360K 1,% 1/2 A M R616 360K 1,% 1/2 A M R617 360K 1,% 1/2 A M R701 1.2K 5% 1/4 A P R705 7.5K 5% 1/4 A P R706 10K 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R903 3K 5% 1/6 A P R902 10 5% 1/6 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R904	R 6 1 2	100K	5%	1/16	С	Μ
R616 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R617 360K 1.5% 1/2 A M R701 1.2K 5% 1/4 A P R705 7.5K 5% 1/4 A P R706 0.K 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R801 10 5% 1/16 C M R901 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R905 453 1% 1/16 C M R907 1M 5%<						
R701 1.2K 5% 1/4 A R705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A P R705 1.0K 5% 1/2 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R803 3K 5% 1/6 A P R901 10 5% 1/6 C M R902 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 A M R904 100 1% 1/16 A M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R905 100 1% 1/16 A M R905 100 5% 1/16	R616	360K	0.5%	1/2	А	Μ
R705 7.5K 5% 1/2 A P R706 10K 5% 1/4 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R803 3K 5% 1/4 A P R804 9% 1/6 A P R903 3K 5% 1/6 A P R901 10 5% 1/16 C M R902 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 A M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R905 100 1% 1/16 A M R907 100 1% 1/16 C M R903 30K 1% 1/16 C M R911	к 617	360K	U. 5%	1/2	A	M
R706 10K 5% 1/6 A P R801 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 39 5% 1/4 A P R802 35% 5% 1/6 A P R803 3K 5% 1/6 A P R903 3K 5% 1/6 C M R901 10 5% 1/16 C M R902 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R905 100 5% 1/16 C M R905 10K 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R911 M M R 9 M R914 100K 5%						_
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R803 3K 5% 1/6 A P R804	R801	39	5%	1/4	А	Ρ
R804 P R901 10 5% 1/16 C M R902 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 A M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R906 100 1% 1/16 A M R907 1M 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 M M M M M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M R914 100K 5% 1/16 M M						_
R902 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R903 10 5% 1/16 A M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R906 100 1% 1/16 A M R907 1M 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 /// // M M M R913 // // // M M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M		\square	\overline{Z}	\mathbb{Z}	\mathbb{Z}	_
R903 10 5% 1/16 C M R905 453 1% 1/16 A M R906 100 1% 1/16 A M R906 100 1% 1/16 A M R907 1M 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 M M R912 M M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M						_
R905 453 1% 1/16 A R906 100 1% 1/16 A R907 1M 5% 1/16 C R908 30K 1% 1/16 C R909 510K 5% 1/16 C R911 M M R912 M M R913 M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M					_	
R906 100 1% 1/16 A M R907 1M 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 M M R912 M M R913 M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M						
R907 1M 5% 1/16 C M R908 30K 1% 1/16 C M R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 M M M M R913 M M M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C R915 100K 5% 1/16 C				-		_
R909 510K 5% 1/16 C M R911 M R912 M R913 M R914 100K 5% 1/16 C M R915 100K 5% 1/16 C M	R905		5%			-
R911 M R912 M R913 M R914 100K S95 1/16 C M	R905 R906					
R 9 1 2 M R 9 1 3 M R 9 1 4 100 K 5% 1/16 C M R 9 1 5 100 K 5% 1/16	R905 R906 R907 R908	30 K		17.10	U	
R 9 1 3 M R 9 1 4 100 K 5% 1/16 C M R 9 1 5 100 K 5% 1/16 C M	R905 R906 R907 R908 R909	30 K	J 70			ΙM
R915 100K 5% 1/16 C M	R905 R906 R907 R908 R909 R911	30 K	570	Z	\neq	_
	R905 R906 R907 R908 R909 R911 R912 R913	30K 510K	Z			M
	R 9 0 5 R 9 0 6 R 9 0 7 R 9 0 8 R 9 0 9 R 9 1 1 R 9 1 2 R 9 1 3 R 9 1 4	30K 510K	5%			M M
	R 9 0 5 R 9 0 6 R 9 0 7 R 9 0 8 R 9 0 9 R 9 1 1 R 9 1 2 R 9 1 3 R 9 1 4 R 9 1 5	30K 510K 100K 100K	5%	1/16	С	M M
	R 9 0 5 R 9 0 6 R 9 0 7 R 9 0 8 R 9 0 9 R 9 1 1 R 9 1 2 R 9 1 3 R 9 1 4 R 9 1 5	30K 510K 100K 100K	5%	1/16	С	M M M
and the second	R 9 0 5 R 9 0 6 R 9 0 7 R 9 0 8 R 9 0 9 R 9 1 1 R 9 1 2 R 9 1 3 R 9 1 4 R 9 1 5	30K 510K 100K 100K	5%	1/16	С	M M M

SYMBOL		VG	ΥΡΕ	UTING	BOARD
C01	VALUE (µF) 470 p	VOLT	⊢ C	R	_∞ P
C02	10	50	D	R	P
C03	1500p	50	С	R	Ρ
C 0 4	470p	2 K	С	R	P
C05	560	50	D	R	P
C06 C07	<u>330</u> 330	25 25	D	R R	<u>Р</u> Р
C10	330	25	D	R	P
C11	0.1	50	С	R	Ρ
C 2 1	0.1	50	С	R	Р
C23	470	10	D	R	P
C24	470p	2 K	С	R	Ρ
					_
C31	0.01	DC 630	C C	R	P
C 3 2	0.01	50	U	R	Ρ
					_
C41	68	450	D	Н	Р
		- 10			_
C001	0.01	AC 250 AC	C	R	P
C002 C003	0.01	4C 250 4C 250	C	R H	P
0000	0. 47	250			-
C006		Ż	Z	Z	Ν
C007	0.01	AC 250 AC	C	R	P
C008 C009	0.01	250 50	C C	R	P
C009 C010	0.1	50 10	D	R R	<u>Р</u> Р
C011	0.47	1 U AC 2 5 0	F	H	P
C012	0. 01	AC 250	С	R	Ρ
C013	0.01	AC 250	C	R	Ρ
]		\square		\square	
C 0 2 1	400	420	D	н	P
C021	400	420	D	H	 Р
C023	4 5	AC 230	F	H	
C100	0.01	DC 1 k V	С	R	N
C101	0.082	DC 630	F	Н	N
C102 C110	0.1	25	C	C	N
0110				r	IVI
C200	0.1	25	С	С	Μ
C201	0.1	25	C	C	M
C 2 0 2 C 2 0 4	0.1	25 50	C C	C C	N
5204	0.04/				
C206	0.1	25	С	С	Ν
C207	0.047	50	C	C	N
C208	0.1	25	C	C	N
C209 C210	0.0047	50 50	C C	C C	N
C211	0. 1	25	C	C	N
C212	0.1	25	С	С	Ν
C213	0.047	50	С	С	N
C214	0.068	25	C	C	N
C215 C216	0.1	25 50	C C	C C	N
C217	22	10	D	R	N
C218	0.1	25	C	C	N
C219	2 2	10	D	R	Ν
C 2 2 0	0.1	25	С	С	Ν
C 2 2 2	0.022	25	С	С	N
C223	0.022	50	C	C	N
C 2 2 4	0.01	50	С	С	Ν
C 2 2 5	0.01	50	С	С	Ν
C 2 2 6	0.1	25	С	С	Ν
C302	0.1	25	С	С	N
C302	0.1	25	C	C	N
C304	0.1	25	C	C	N
			-		-
C401	100	25	D	R	Ρ
C501	470p	50	С	С	N
C502	470p	50	C	C	Ν
C503	470p	50	С	С	Ν
C504	\leq	4	4	\square	N
				\sim	N
C505		4	4		
	\geq	4	2	А	
C505	\geq	\angle	2		
C505	\geq		2		
C505 C506	04000				
C505 C506 C601					N
C505 C506	0. 00068 0. 00068 0. 00068	0000	C C		
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068	50 50 50	C C C	С С С	N
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604 C605	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.00068	50 50 50 50	C C C	0 0 0 0 0	N N N N
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604 C605 C606	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001	50 50 50 50 50 50	C C C C C	C C C C C C	N N N N
C 5 0 5 C 5 0 6 C 5 0 6 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50		000000	
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604 C605 C606	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001	50 50 50 50 50 50	C C C C C	C C C C C C	
C 5 0 5 C 5 0 6 C 5 0 6 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	C C C C C C C C C C F	000000	
C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.1 0.15 0.022	5000005 5555552 555552	C C C C C C C C C C F F		
C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01	50000500 50005 50005 50005 5000 50000	C C C C C C F F C		
C 5 0 5 C 5 0 6 C 5 0 6 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 7 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.1 0.15 0.022 0.01 0.01	500005000 500500500 500000000000000000	C C C C C C F F C C	C C C C C C C R R R R R	
C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01	50000500 50005 50005 50005 5000 50000	C C C C C C F F C		
C 5 0 5 C 5 0 6 C 5 0 6 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 6 C 6 0 7 C 6 0 8 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 3 C 6 0 4 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 5 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 5 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.00168 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01 0.01 6.8	500005 50005 500005 50000 500000 5000000	C C C C C C F F C C D	C C C C C C C R R R R R R	
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01 0.01 6.8 0.15	50005500 55005500 5500 5500 500 500 500	C C C C C C C F F C C D F		
C 5 0 5 C 5 0 6 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 2 C 6 0 1 C 6 0 2 C 6 0	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01 6.88 0.15	50000550000 5555525552 5552555 555555 555555 555555	C C C C C C F F C C D	C C C C C C C R R R R R R R R R R R R R	
C505 C506 C601 C602 C603 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C605 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604 C604	0.00068 0.00068 0.00068 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.15 0.022 0.01 0.01 6.8 0.15	5000550055500 5000555500 500055500 500055500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005500 50005000	C C C C C C F F C C D F C C D F C C		

CAPACITORS

SYMBOL RATING

C900 2200p 50 C C M

10 25 D

10|25||

- / / / |

C917 10 25 D C M

C919 0.01 50 C C M

<u>920</u> 0.125 C C

 C930
 M

 C940
 125
 C
 M

 C941
 M
 M
 M

SYMBOL MODEL WILDOW

1GH46 1GH46

RN2Z D24 AG01Z A P

 D30
 1SS120
 A
 P

 D31
 EG01C
 A
 P

 D32
 AG01Z
 A
 P

D001 1SS120 A P

 D201
 DAN202K
 C
 M

 D202
 DAP202K
 C
 M

 D204
 DAN202K
 C
 M

DAN202K

D801 1SS120 A P

D1NL40

1 N L 4 O

D206 DAN202K DAN202K

D701 1GH46

D90

D916

JUMPER

D04 1GH46

D2SB60 H P D10XB60 H M

10XB60 H

C923

DIODES

DB1 DB2

D 2 2

TRANSISTORS

-			
SYMBOL	MODEL	MOUTING	
Q101	2 S C 2 4 1 2 K	С	l
			ļ
Q106	DTC114YSA	R	ļ
			ļ
			ļ
			ļ
			ļ
Q201	2 S C 2 4 1 2 K	С	ļ
Q204	RN1402	С	l
Q205	2 S C 2 4 1 2 K	С	l
			l
Q501	2SC2412K	С	ļ
Q701	2 S C 1 2 1 4 C T Z	R	ļ
Q801	2SC1214CTZ	R	ļ
			l

RELAY

YMBOL	MODEL	MOUTIN	BOAR	
₹L1	G 4 A	Н	Ρ	
₹L2	FTR-F3AA012E	Н	Ρ	
₹L3	FTR-F3AA012E	Н	Ρ	
₹L4		\nearrow	Ρ	
₹L5		\nearrow	Ρ	

90

PHOTO COUPLERS

FIIVIV	COUFLENS		
SYMBOL	MODEL	MOUTING	BOARD
PQ1	TLP421	Н	Ρ
PQ2	TLP421	Н	Ρ
PQ401	TLP421	Н	Ρ
PQ402	TLP421	Н	Р
PQ403	TLP421	Н	P
PQ404	TLP421	Н	P
PQ701	TLP421	Н	P
COILS·	INDUCTORS		
SYMBOL	RATING	MOUTING	BOARD
L001	HF70BTL3. 5*6R	Α	Ρ
L002	HF70BTL3. 5*6R	Α	Ρ
L003	J/W	Α	Ρ
			_
L101	2mH 15A	Н	P
L102	4mH 2A (RRMH3728)	Н	Ρ
L801	RRMF3787	н	Р
L802	HF70BTL3. 5*6R	A	P
		Ĥ	P
L803 L804	RRMH3573 RRMH3573	H	P
L004	KRMII 0 0 7 0	n	F
L901	BLM11A601S (RRMH3522)	С	Μ
CT1	RRMF3484	Н	Ρ
SURGE	ABSORBERS		
SYMBOL	RATING	MOUTING	BOARD
VS1	450NR-12D	R	Ρ
VS2	450NR-12D	R	Ρ
VS3	450NR-12D	R	Ρ
SA1	RA-102M-C6-Y	R	Ρ
SWITC	II :H		
		NG	02
SYMBOL	MODEL	MOUT	BOAF
SW1	EVQPAE07K	R	Μ
OSCILL	ATOR		
SYMBOL	MODEL	MOUTING	BOARD
X 1	CSTCV16MXJ0C3	C	Μ
LED	-		
SYMBOL	MODEL	DUTING	BOARD
	DED(TVD_10-10-1 V0-0_10)	12	8

SYMBOL USE/UN USE JW001 UNUSE A

0 -

M

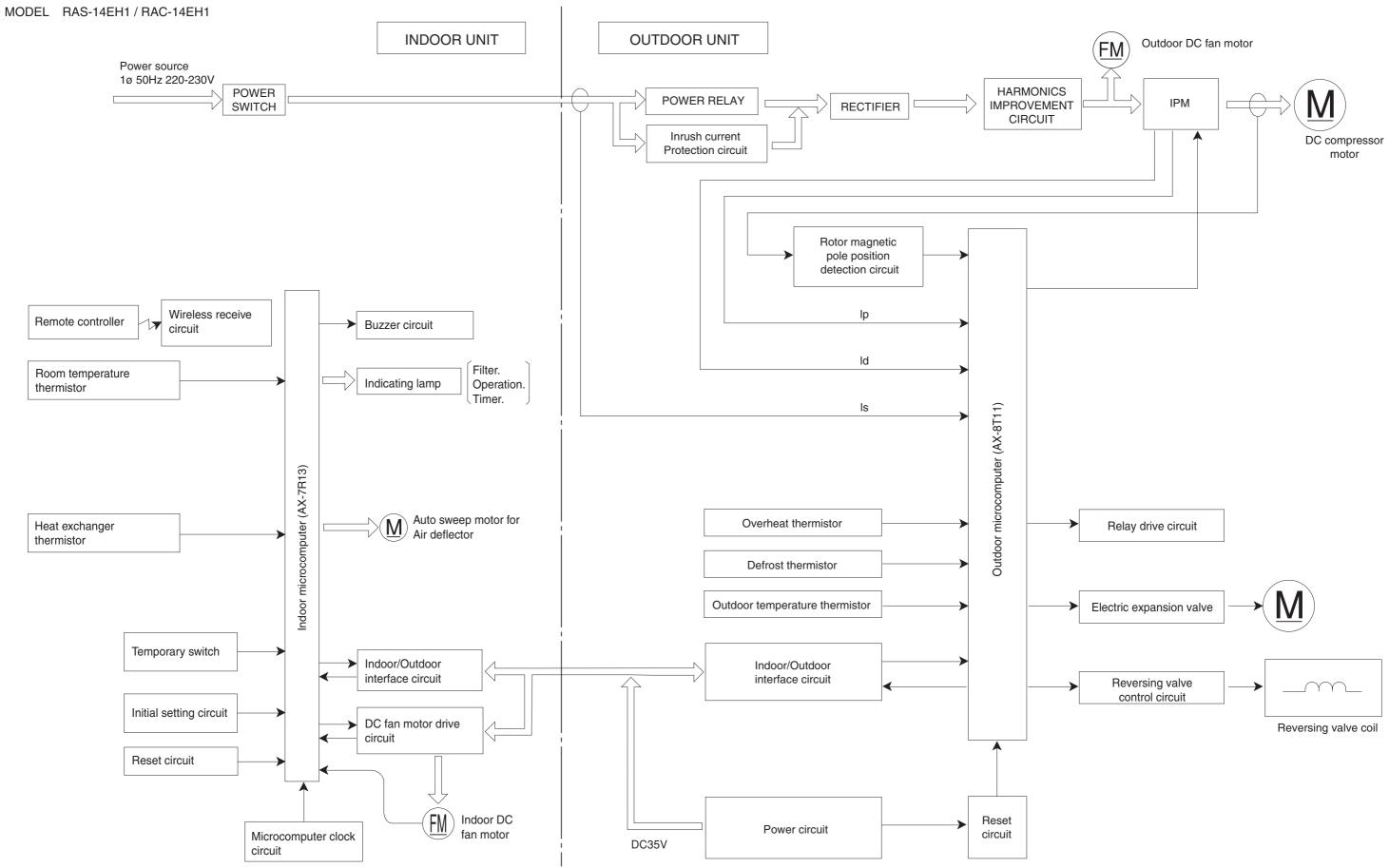
JW002	UNUSE	Α	Ρ
JW004	USE	Α	Ρ
JW005	USE	Α	Ρ
JW006	USE	Α	Ρ

ZENER DIODE

X 1	CSTCV16MXJ0C3	С	Μ				
SYMBOL	MODEL	MOUTING	BOARD				
LD301	RED(TYP. JF=10mA_VF=2, 1V)	R	Μ				
	RED(TYP. JF=10mA VF=2, 1V)	R	Μ				
LD303	RED(TYP. JF=10mA_VF=2, 1V)	R	Μ				
ΙC							

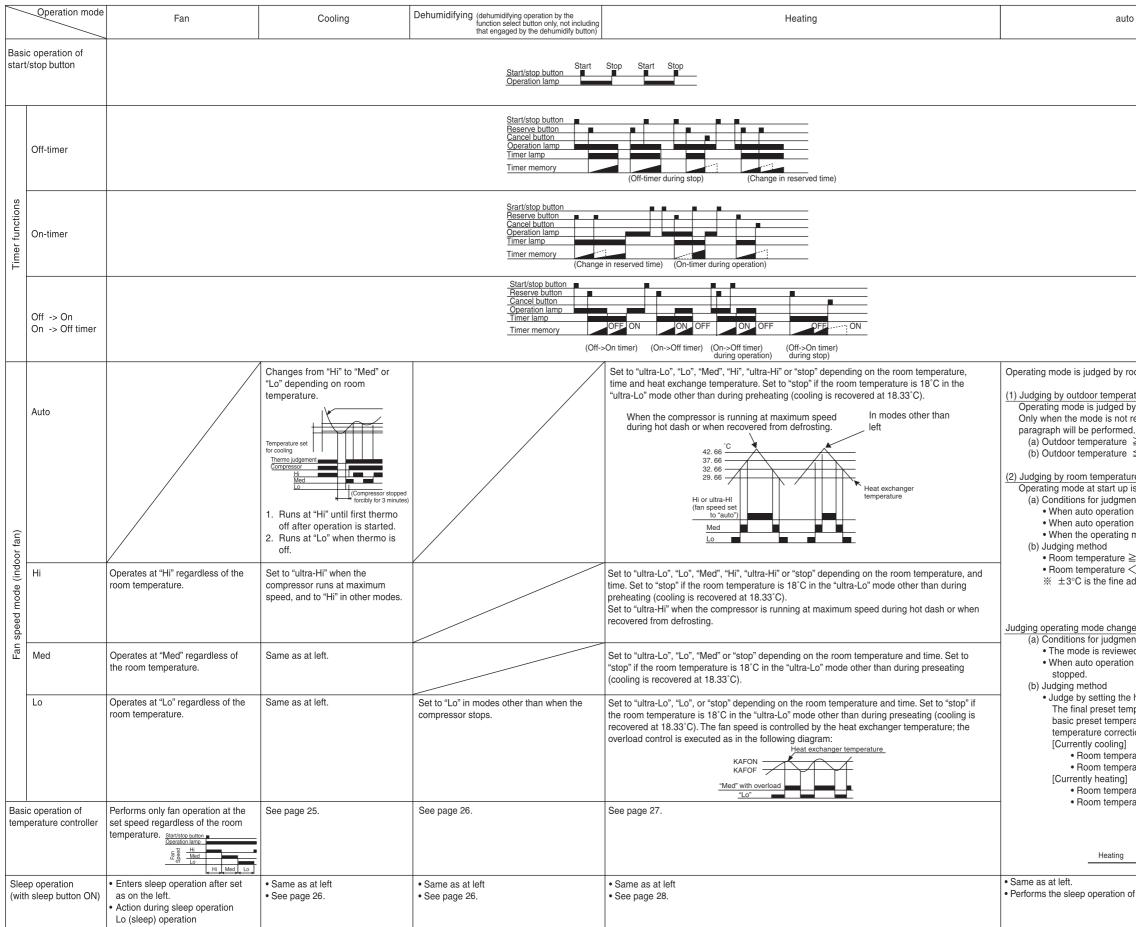
SYMBOL	RATING	MOUTING	BOARD
IC1	STR-L472	Н	Ρ
1 C 2	ULN2003ANS	S	Μ
IC3	BA10339F	S	Μ
1 C 4	NJM2904M-TE3	S	Μ
I C 5	NJM2903V-TE1	S	Μ
106	M 5 4 5 3 2 P	Н	Ρ
107	S24C02BFJ-TB	S	М
REG1	PQ05RD08	Н	Ρ
REG2	SE012	Н	Ρ
M1	AX-8T11	S	Μ
IPM	SSM1001MA	Н	Μ

BLOCK DIAGRAM



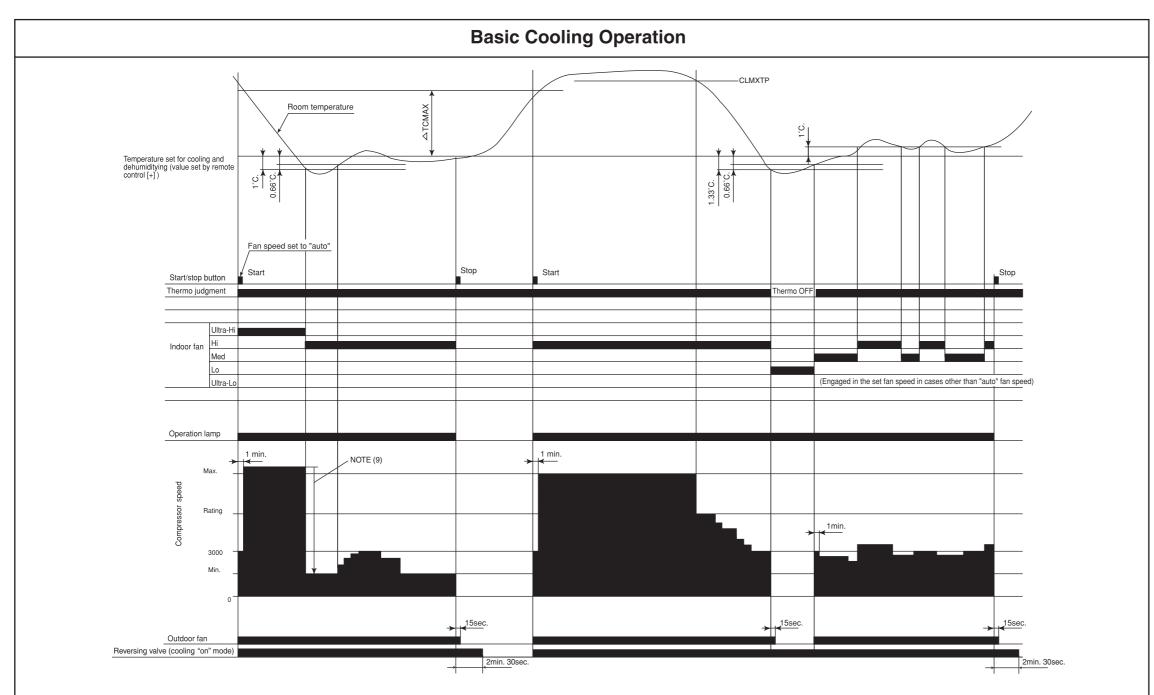
BASIC MODE

MODEL RAS-14EH1



om temperature and outdoor temperature. <u>ture</u> y outdoor temperature. esticted by this judgment, the judgment by room temperature in the next ≧ 27°C : Restricted to cooling ≦ 16°C : Restricted to heating
e s judged (initial judgment) nt (any of the followings) is started after 1 hour has elapsed since the operation was stopped. is started after the previous manual mode operation. mode is switched to auto while operating at manual mode.
≥ 25°C ±3°C : Cooling temperature < 25°C ±3°C : Heating djustment value from the remote controller. 25°C teating Heating
e during operation (Continuous judgment) ht (any of the followings) d at every interval time. is started again before 1 hour has elapsed since the operation was
hysteresis on the final preset temperature. perature is the actually targeted preset temperature which is the sum of the ature and each type of shift value (e.g. $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C by remote controller, preset ion value, powerful shift value, etc.)
ature \leq Final preset temperature -2° C Change to heating ature > Final preset temperature -2° C Continue cooling
ature ≧ Final preset temperature +3°C Change to cooling ature < Final preset temperature +3°C Continue heating -2°C Cooling final preset temperature +3°C
f each operation mode.

	RAS-14EH1				
LABEL NAME	VALUE				
WMAX	5200 min ⁻¹				
WMAX2	5200 min ⁻¹				
WSTD	5050 min ⁻¹				
WBEMAX	3800 min ⁻¹				
CMAX	4800 min ⁻¹				
CMAX2	4800 min ⁻¹				
CSTD	4300 min ⁻¹				
СКҮМАХ	4200 min ⁻¹				
CJKMAX	3400 min ⁻¹				
CBEMAX	2900 min ⁻¹				
WMIN	2500 min ⁻¹				
CMIN	2500 min ⁻¹				
STARTMC	90 Seconds				
DWNRATEW	80%				
DWNRATEC	60%				
SHIFTW	2.00°C				
SHIFTC	1.33°C				
CLMXTP	30.00°C				
YNEOF	25.00°C				
TEION	5.00°C				
TEIOF	9.00°C				
SFTDSW	1.00°C				
DFTIM1	43 Minutes				
DFTIM2	60 Minutes				



Notes:

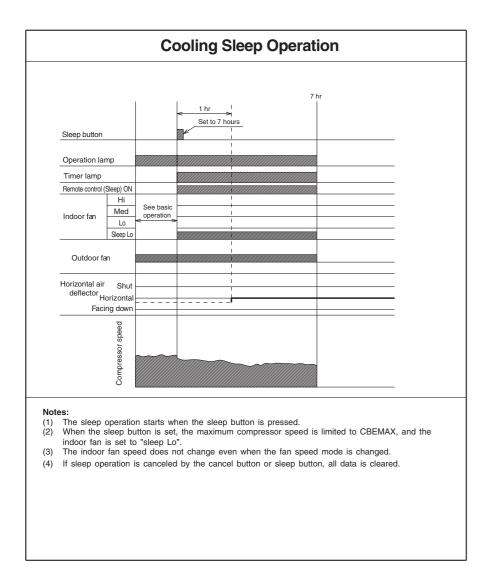
- (1) Condition for entering into Cool Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor speed (calculated value in Table 2) larger than CMAX.
- (2) Cool Dashed will release when i) a maximum 25 minutes is lapsed and ii) room temperature is lower than set temperature –3°C (thermo off) and iii) when room temperature has achieved setting temperature –1°C then maximum Cool Dashed time will be revised to 20 minutes. And iv) indoor fan is set to Lo and Med fan mode and v) change operation mode.
- (3) During Cool Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) -3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal cooling mode, compressor maximum speed CMAX will maintain for 60 minutes if indoor temperature is lower than CLMXTP. No time constrain if indoor temperature is higher than CLMXTP.
- (6) When fan speed setting on remote control is "Hi" or "Auto" mode, and both room and outdoor temperatures (data based on out door unit) meet temperature judgment (Off) shown in the table 1, the compressor speed will be limited to CKYMAX.
- (7) When fan is set to "Med", compressor speed will be limited to CJKMAX.
- (8) When fan is set to "Lo", compressor speed will be limited to CBEMAX.
- (9) During Cool Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature -1°C compressor speed is actual speed x DWNRATEC.

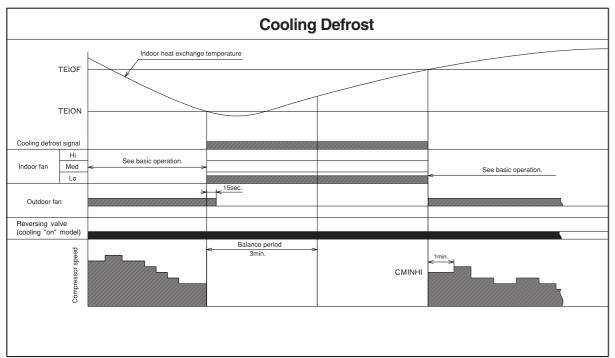
Table 1 Thermo judgment

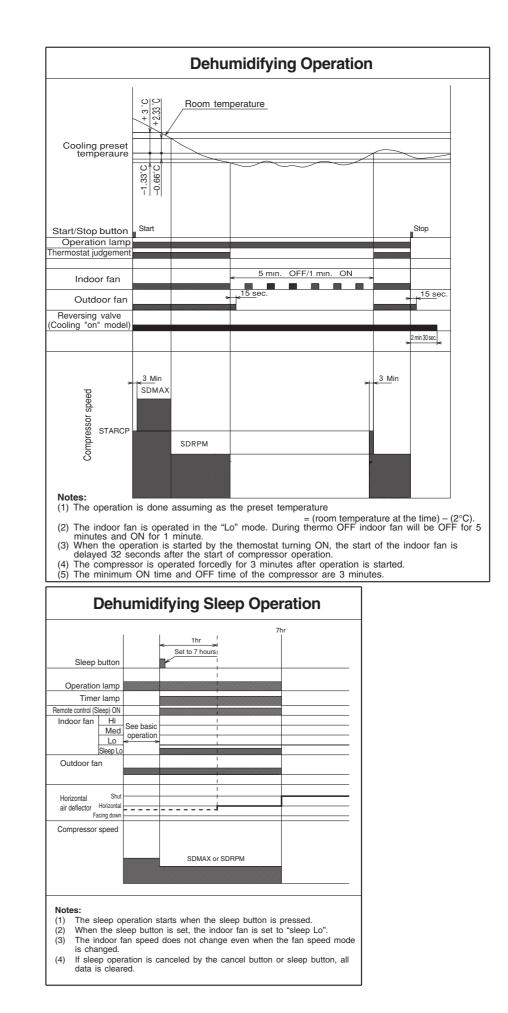
	Temperature	
Room	Thermo judgment (ON)	30°C
temperature	Thermo judgment (OFF)	32°C
Outdoor	Thermo judgment (ON)	32°C
temperature	Thermo judgment (OFF)	33°C

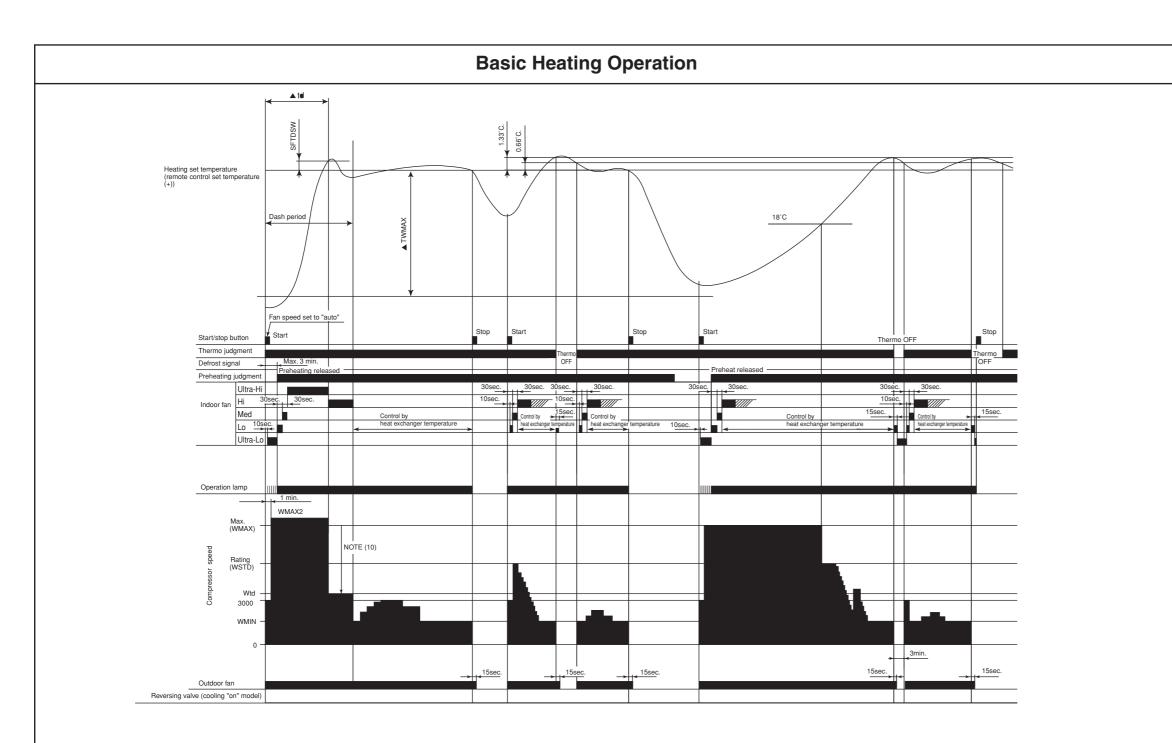
Table 2 Compressor speed

Calculated compressor speed	Temperature difference (with shift value)
3500 min ⁻¹	1.66°C
3900 min ⁻¹	2.00°C
4300 min ⁻¹	2.33°C
4700 min ⁻¹	2.66°C







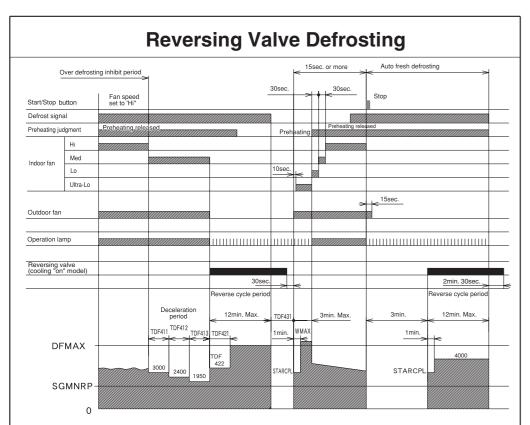


Notes:

- (1) Condition for entering into Hot Dashed mode. When fan set to "Hi" or "Auto mode" and i) Indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, and ii) outdoor temperature is lower than 10°C, and iii) Temperature difference between indoor temperature and set temperature has a corresponding compressor speed (calculated value in Table 3) larger than WMAX.
- (2) Hot Dashed will release when i) Room temperature has achieved the set temperature + SFTDSW. ii) Thermo off.
- (3) During Hot Dashed operation, thermo off temperature is set temperature (with shift value) +3°C. After thermo off, operation continue in Fuzzy control mode.
- (4) Compressor minimum "ON" time and "OFF" time is 3 minutes.
- (5) During normal heating mode, compressor maximum speed WMAX will maintain for 120 minutes if indoor temperature is higher than 18°C. No time limit constrain if outdoor temperature is lower than 4°C.
- (6) During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, indoor operation lamp will blink at interval of 0.5 seconds "ON" and 0.5 second "OFF".
- (7) When heating mode starts, it will enter into Hotkeep mode if indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than YNEOF + 0.33°C.
- (8) When fan is set to "Lo", compressor speed will be limited to WBEMAX. When fan is set to "Med", compressor speed will be limited to WJKMAX.
- (9) In "Ultra-Lo" fan mode, if indoor temperature is lower than 18°C, indoor fan will stop. If indoor temperature is higher than 18°C + 0.33°C, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode. During Hotkeep or Defrost mode, fan will continue in "Ultra-Lo" mode.
- (10) During Hot Dashed, when room temperature reaches set temperature + SFTDSW compressor speed is actual speed x DWNRATEW.

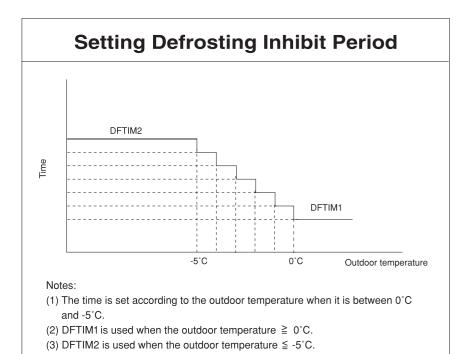
Table 3 Compressor speed

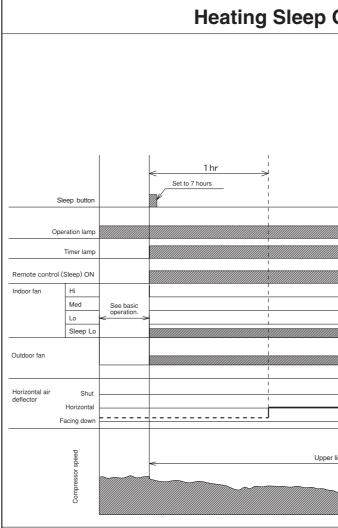
Calculated compressor speed	Temperature difference (with shift value)
3500 min ⁻¹	1.66°C
3900 min ⁻¹	2.00°C
4300 min ⁻¹	2.33°C
4700 min ⁻¹	2.66°C
5100 min ⁻¹	3.00°C
5200 min ⁻¹	3.33°C



Notes:

- (1) The defrosting inhibit period is set as shown in the diagram below. When defrosting has finished once, the inhibit period is newly set, based on the outdoor temperature when the compressor was started. During this period, the defrost signal is not accepted.
- (2) If the difference between the room and outdoor temperature is large when defrosting is finished, the maximum compressor speed (WMAX) or (WMAX2) can be continued for 120 minutes maximum. (3) The defrosting period is 12 minutes maximum.
- (4) When operation is stopped during defrosting, it is switched to auto refresh defrosting.(5) Auto refresh defrosting cannot be engaged within 15 minutes after operation is started or defrosting is finished.





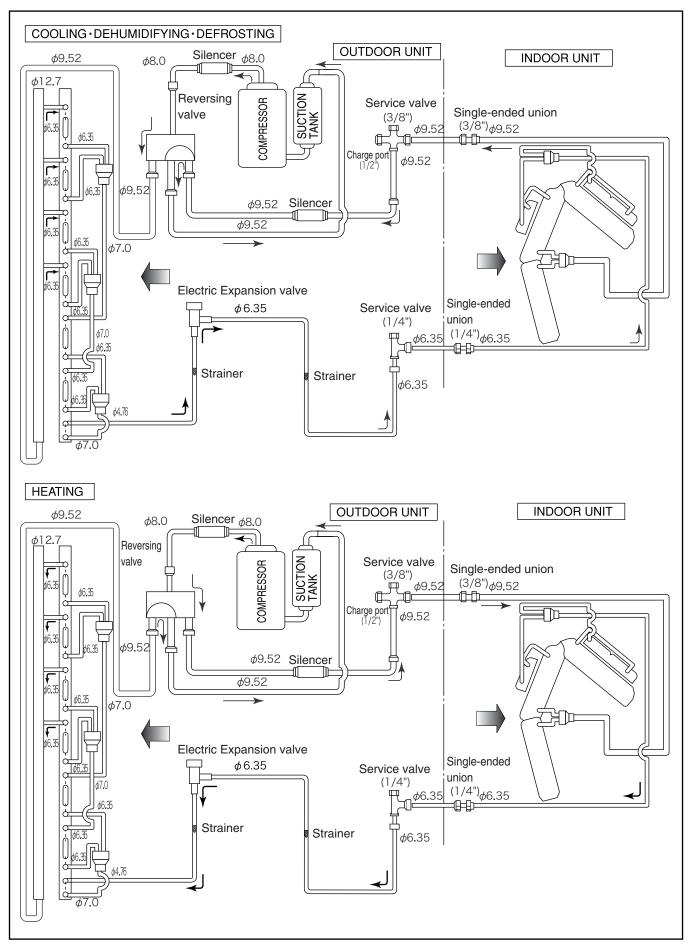
Notes:

- (1) The sleep operation starts when the sleep button is pressed. (2) When the sleep button is set, the maximum compressor speed is
- set to "sleep Lo". (3) The indoor fan speed does not change even when the fan speed
- (4) When defrosting is to be set during sleep oepration, defrosting is after defrosting.
- (5) If sleep operation is cancelled by the cancel button or sleep butto

Operation	
7hr I	
mit WBEMAX >	
limited to WBEMAX, and the indoor fan is	
mode is changed. (Sleep Lo) engaged and sleep operation is restored	
on, all data is cleared.	

REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

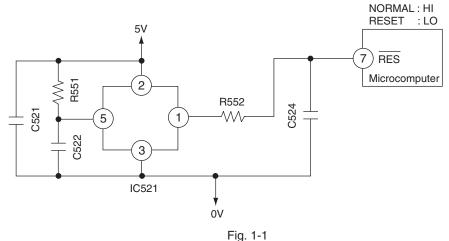
MODEL RAS-14EH1 / RAC-14EH1



DESCRIPTION OF MAIN CIRCUIT OPERATION

MODEL RAS-14EH1

1. Reset Circuit



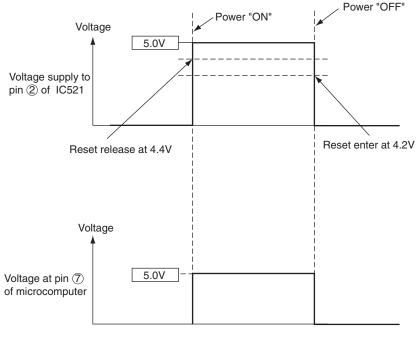


Fig. 1-2

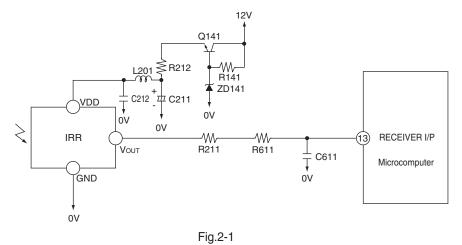
The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when power is ON or OFF.

Low voltage at pin O resets the microcomputer and Hi activates the microcomputer.

When power "ON" 5V voltage rises and reaches 4.4V, pin of IC521 is set to "Hi". At this time the microcomputer starts operation.

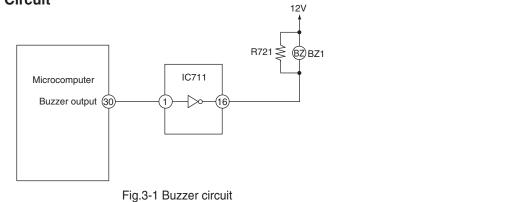
When power "OFF" voltage drops and reaches 4.2V, pin 1 of IC521 is set to "Low". This will RESET the microcomputer.

2. Receiver Circuit



IRR (light receiver unit) receives the infrared signal from the wireless remote controller. The receiver amplifies and shapes the signal and outputs it.

3. Buzzer Circuit



When the buzzer sounds, an approx 3.9kHz square signal is output from buzzer output pin ③ of the microcomputer. After the amplitude of this signal has been set to 12Vp-p by IC711, it is applied to the buzzer. The piezoelectric element in the buzzer oscillates to generate the buzzer's sound.

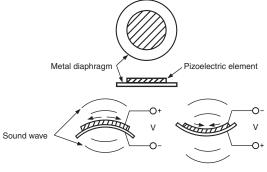


Fig. 3-2 Buzzer Operation

4. Auto Sweep Motor Circuit

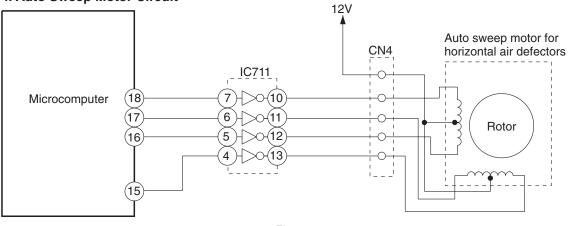


Fig.4-1

Fig. 4-1 shows the Auto sweep motor drive circuit; the signals shown in Fig.4-2 are output from pin (5~(8) of microcomputer.

Micro computer pins	Step width : 10ms							
Horizontal air deflectors	1	2	3	 4 	5	6	7	8
(15)					 	• 		
(16)			 	 	 			
17		 	 	 				
(18)		 		 	 			

Fig.4-2 Microcomputer Output Signals

As the microcomputer's outputs change as shown in Fig.4-2, the coils of the auto sweep motor is excite to turn the rotor. Table 4-1 shows the rotation angle of horizontal air deflectors.

Table 4-1 Auto sweep Motor Rotation

	Rotation angle per step (°)	Time per step (ms.)
Horizontal air deflectors	0.0882	10

5. Initial Setting Circuit (IC401)

- When power is supplied, the microcomputer reads the data in IC401 or IC402 (E²PROM) and sets the preheating activation value and the rating and maximum speed of the compressor, etc. to their initial values.
- Data of self-diagnosis mode is stored in IC401 or IC402; data will not be erased even when power is turned off.

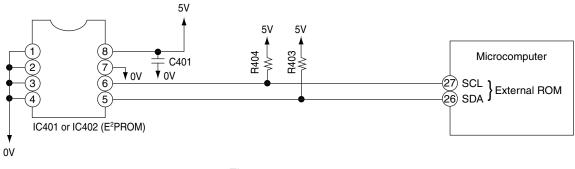


Fig. 5-1

6. Power Supply

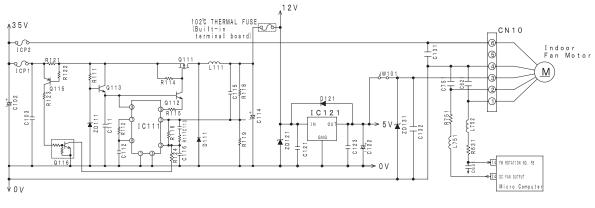


Fig. 6-1

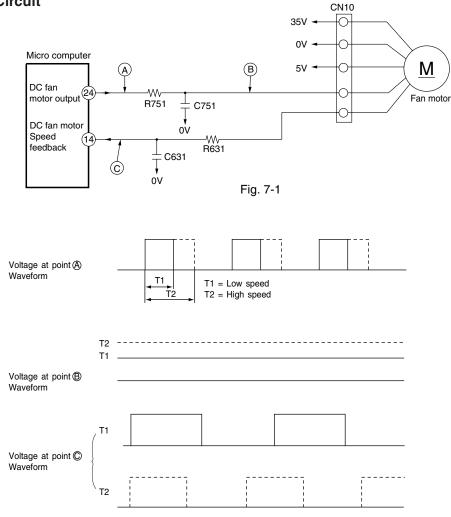
First, 35V power which operates the indoor unit is generated by the power source section of the outdoor unit and supplied to the indoor unit through the C and D lines of the connecting cable.

Second, use the DC/DC converter and the 35 V power supply from the outdoor unit to generate 12 V control power, which drives the stepping motor during the operation.

In addition, use the regulator IC 121 to generate 5 V power required for driving the micro computer and controlling fan motor.

If the terminal block was overheated due to a connecting cable improper connection, the thermal fuse built in the terminal block will burnt to shut off the 12 V line and stop the operation of the indoor unit. Then, the outdoor unit cannot be communicated with the indoor unit and a communication error occurs (the outdoor LD301 will blink 9 times), stop all operations.

7. Fan Motor Drive Circuit

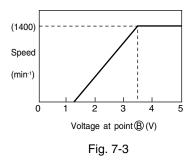




- For the point (A), 15.7 kHz PWM pulse will be output from the pin (2) on the micro computer as shown in Fig. 7-2. The pulse range will vary with different command speed.
- The pulse is converted into the analog voltage by the R751 and C751 and applied to the fan motor as the speed command voltage.

Fig. 7-3 shows the relation between the voltage at the point B and the speed. (Some differences will occur due to the condition of the unit.)

The fan motor outputs the feedback pulse of the speed, which is input into the pin ^(A) on the micro computer. This pulse is equivalent to a frequency of 12/60 speed. (Example: 1000 min-1 x 12/60 = 200 Hz)
 The micro computer monitors the frequency and adjusts the output pulse range of the pin ^(A) so as to keep the command speed.



• If the feedback pulse is 100 min-1 or less due to a locked fan motor or failure, the fan output will be stopped temporarily as fan lock error. After 10 seconds, restart the output of the pulse. If fan lock error is detected twice within 30 minutes, all units are stopped and the unit will come in the failure mode. (The timer lamp will blink 10 times.)

MODEL RAC-14EH1

1. The electrical parts for the outdoor unit is composed of two P.W.B. (a power P.W.B. and main P.W.B.) and a harmonics improvement circuit as shown in Fig. 1-1.

• Main P.W.B.

This P.W.B. is equipped with the rectification diode, DC fan motor control circuit and the circuits around the micro computer which take various controls.

• POWER P.W.B.

This P.W.B. is equipped with the noise filter, ICP power circuit, interface circuit, smoothing capacitor, expansion valve control circuit and four-way valve control circuit.

 HARMONICS IMPROVEMENT CIRCUIT This circuit is composed of the capacitor at the bottom of the electrical parts box and two reactors attached to the BULKHEAD.

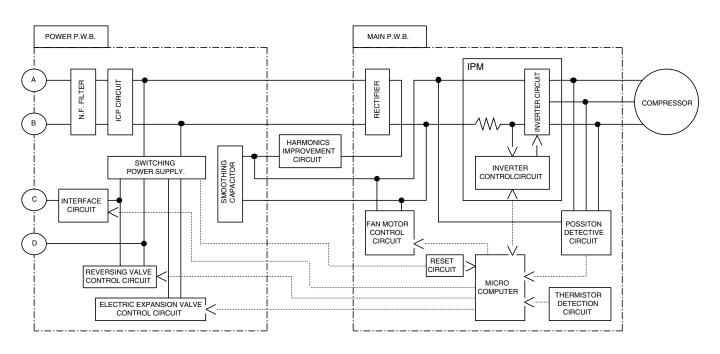
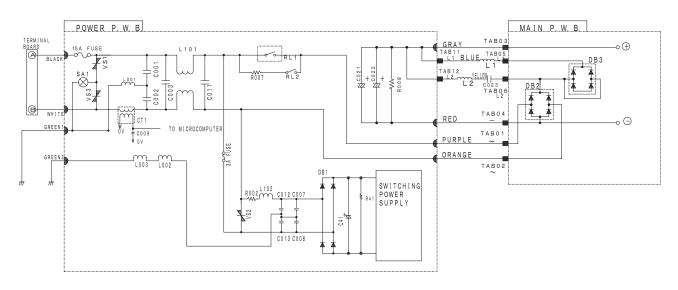


Fig. 1-1

2. Power circuit

This circuit is to convert the power from AC which is provided from the terminal A and B to DC voltage. And produces an AC current which does not exceed the harmonic amplitude limit of the IEC61000-3-2. When the compressor is stopped, the AC voltage becomes about 300 V and while the compressor operates, it is about 280 V.





Main parts

(1) DB2

The DB2 rectifies the AC voltage.

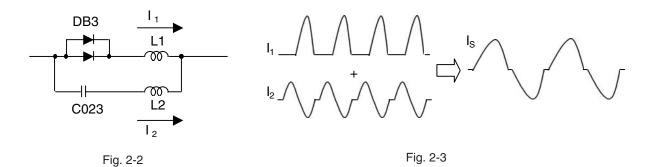
The possible causes for the DB2 failure are as follows. The 15 A fuse may be blown out or the IPM for the main P.W.B. may have a failure. In such a case, check the 15 A fuse for blowout and replace the main P.W.B. if necessary.

(2) DB3, L1, C023 and L2

The DB3, L1, C023 and L2 shape waveform of the input current.

When the current runs through the L1 is taken for I1 and the current runs through the L2 is taken for I2 as shown in Fig. 2-2, I1 becomes an input current to the capacitor which peak value was crushed by the L1 and I2 becomes a resonance current which causes the LC resonance using the L2 and C023. By combining the I1 and I2, the input current from the main power shapes a waveform shown in the right side of Fig. 2-3, indicating that the waveform is similar to sine wave. The more the waveform is similar to the sine wave, the lower the harmonic current becomes.

If the C023 has any failure, the protection unit activates and the C023 in open mode. In such a case, replace the failed parts.



(3) C021 and C022

This smoothes the voltage rectified for operating the compressor.

When the input voltage is taken for the sine wave as shown in the top of Fig. 2-4, it is rectified by the DB2 and becomes the waveform as shown in the middle of Fig. 2-4. After that, the voltage is smoothed by the C021 and C022, and becomes the waveform shown in the bottom of Fig. 2-4.

(4) DB1 and C41

The DB1 rectifies the input voltage and the C41 smoothes it for the control power supply. If the units above have any failure, the control power supply won't operate. In such a case, replace the power P.W.B.

(5) C001 to C003, C011, L101, and L102

They absorb electrical noise generated during operation of compressor, and also absorb external noise entering from power line to protect electronic parts.

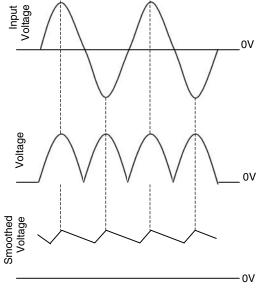


Fig. 2-4

Be sure to connect the earth cable between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit. Otherwise, the noise filter circuit won't operate properly.

(6) SA1 and VS1 to VS3

These surge absorber and varistors absorb external power surge such as induced thunder. Be sure to connect the earth cable between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit. Otherwise, the surge absorber and the varistors won't operate.

(7) R002 and R007

The resistor R002 protects the rush current when the power is turned on while the resistor R007 protects the rush current when the compressor starts.

When the R002 has any failure, the control power supply won't operate. When the R007 has any failure and a strong rush current is generated, the DB2, C021 or C022 may be damaged.

3. Indoor/Outdoor Interface Circuit

The interface circuit superimposes an interface signal on the DC 35V line to perform communications between indoor and outdoor units. This circuit consists of a transmitting circuit which superimposes an interface signal transmit from the microcomputer on the DC 35V line and a circuit which detects the interface signal on the DC 35V line.

Communications are performed alternatively transmitting and receiving.

3-1 Communication signal from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.

At first outdoor microcomputer will send a request signal (SDO) to indoor microcomputer. 38 KHz of carrier signal is generated and modulated by the request signal (SDO) from the outdoor microcomputer pin (ff).

This signal is superimposed to DC 35V line via C801 and L801.

To prevent erroneous reception, the outdoor microcomputer is designed so that it cannot receive a signal while it is outputting a request signal.

The receiving circuit in the indoor unit consists of a comparator and transistor. The interface signal from the outdoor unit on the DC 35V line is supplied to C821, where DC components are eliminated, and is then shaped by the comparator. The shaped signal is detected by diode, amplified by amp, and output to pin ④ of the indoor microcomputer.

Fig. 3-2 shows the waveforms at each component when data is transferred from the outdoor microcomputer to the indoor microcomputer.

3-2 Communication signal from indoor microcomputer to outdoor microcomputer.

The request signal (SDO) generates by indoor microcomputer is output to pin ⁽⁵⁾, and amplifies by Q801.

I/F signal approx. 38 kHz is generated by comparator, then modulated by the signal from pin 🗐 of indoor microprocessor.

This modulated I/F signal is then amplified and superimposed to DC 35V line via L801 and C802 of indoor interface circuit.

Fig. 3-3 shows the waveforms at each component when data is transferred from outdoor microcomputer to indoor microcomputer.

The circuit operation of the outdoor receiving circuit is same as indoor receiving circuit.

Fig. 3-1 shows the interface circuit used for the indoor and outdoor microcomputers to communicate with each other.

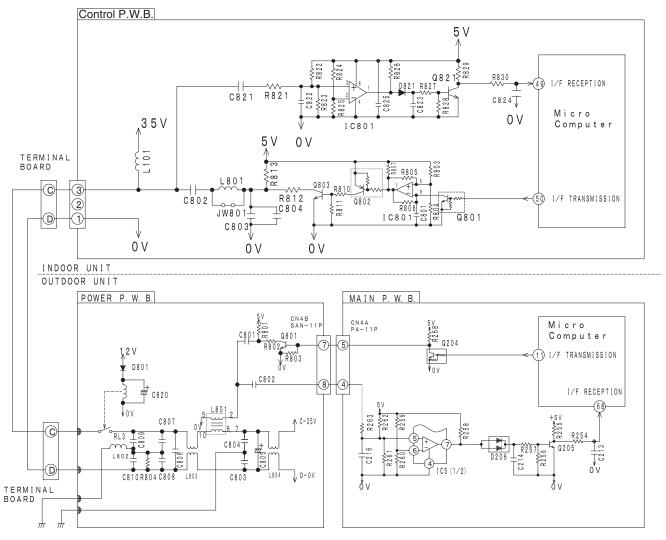


Fig. 3-1

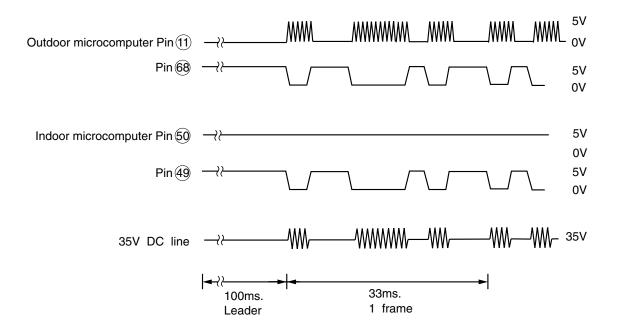


Fig. 3-2 Voltages Waveforms of Indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Outdoor to Indoor Communications)

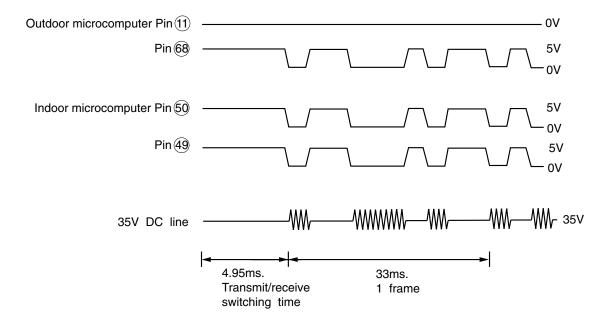


Fig. 3-3 Voltages Waveforms of Indoor / Outdoor Microcomputers (Indoor to Outdoor Communications)

[Serial Communications Format during Normal Communications]

(1)Outdoor microcomputer (HIC) to indoor microcomputer

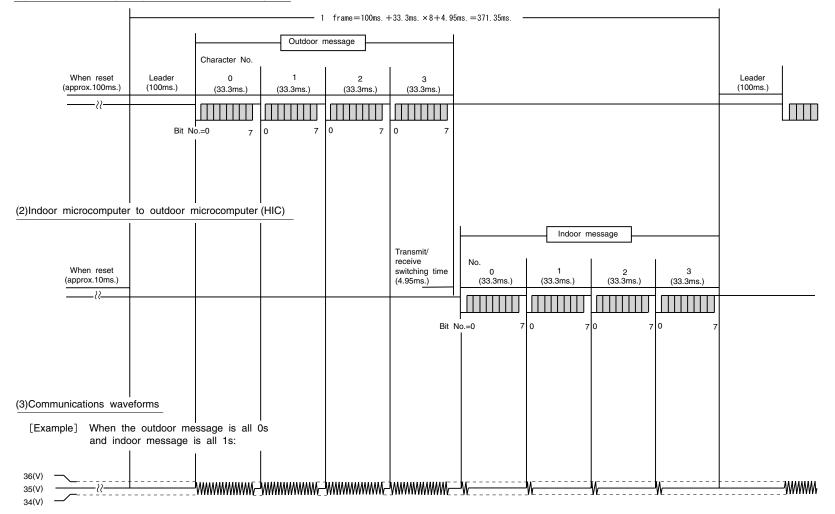


Fig. 3-4

[Serial Communications Data]

(1)Outdoor	message
(T)Outdoor	message

Character No.				(0								1							2	2							;	3			
Bit No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Contents	Multi-bit		During forced operation	Defrost request signal	Self-diagnosis(0 LSB)	Self-diagnosis(1)	Self-diagnosis(2)	Self-diagnosis(3 MSB)	Outside temperature(0 LSB)	Outside temperature(1)	Outside temperature(2)	Outside temperature(3)	Outside temperature(4)	Outside temperature(5)	Outside temperature(6)	Outside temperature(7 MSB)	Compressor during operation	Compressor during operation	Actual compressor rotation speed(0 LSB)	Actual compressor rotation speed(1)	Actual compressor rotation speed(2)	Actual compressor rotation speed(3)	Actual compressor rotation speed(4)	Actual compressor rotation speed(5 MSB)		Fan-7-step request						
Data	1/0	0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

(2)Indoor message

Jindeel message																																
Character No.					0								1							2	2							;	3			
Bit No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Contents	Operation mode(0 LSB)	Operation mode(1)	Operation mode(2 MSB)	Indoor in-operation bit	Capacity code(0 LSB)	Capacity code(1)	Capacity code(2)	Capacity code(3 MSB)	Fan(0 LSB)	Fan(1)	Fan(2 MSB)	2-way valve	Reversing valve			Compressor ON	Compressor command speed(0 LSB)	Compressor command speed(1)	Compressor command speed(2)	Compressor command speed(3)	Compressor command speed(4)	Compressor command speed(5)	Compressor command speed(6)	Compressor command speed(7 MSB)	15/20(A)	OVL up		Compressor minimum rotation speed(0 LSB)	Compressor minimum rotation speed(1)	Compressor minimum rotation speed(2)	Compressor minimum rotation speed(3)	Compressor minimum rotation speed(4 MSB)
Data	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	0	0	0	0	1/0	1/0	1/0	0	1/0	0	0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0

4. IPM (Intelligent Power Module)

• Fig.4-1 shows the intelligent power module and its peripheral circuit. The three transistors on the positive (E) side are called the upper arm, and the three transistors on the negative (D) side, the lower arm.

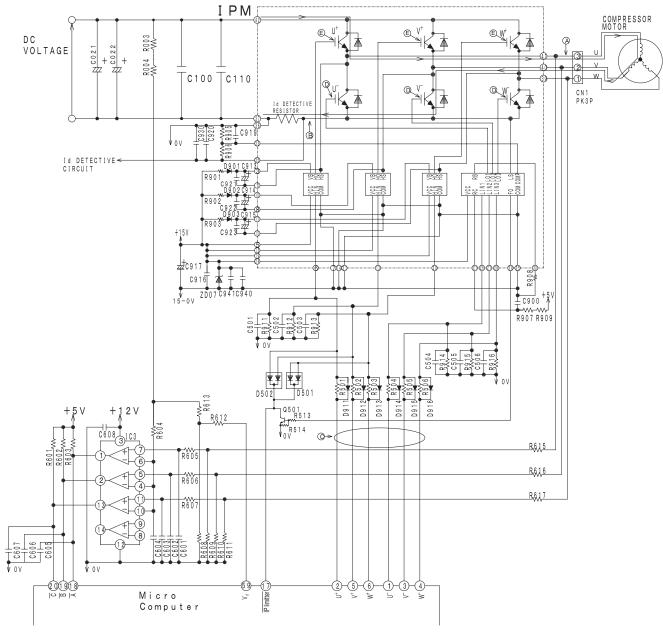


Fig. 4-1 Intelligent power module circuit (U⁺ is ON, V⁻ is ON)

Intelligent power module switches power supply current according to position of the compressor motor rotor.

The switching order is as shown in Fig. 4-2.

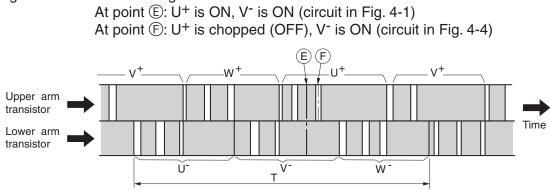


Fig. 4-2 Switching order of power module

Upper arm transistor is controlled to ON/OFF by 4.8kHz chopper signal. Rotation speed of the compressor is proportional to duty ratio (ON time/ ON time + OFF time) of this chopper signal.

Time T in Fig. 4-2 shows the switching period, and relation with rotation speed (N) of the compressor is shown by formula below;

N = 60/2 X 1/T

Fig. 4-3 shows voltage waveform at each point shown in Figs. 4-1 and 4-4. First half of upper arm is chopper, second half is ON, and first half of lower arm is chopper, second half is ON.

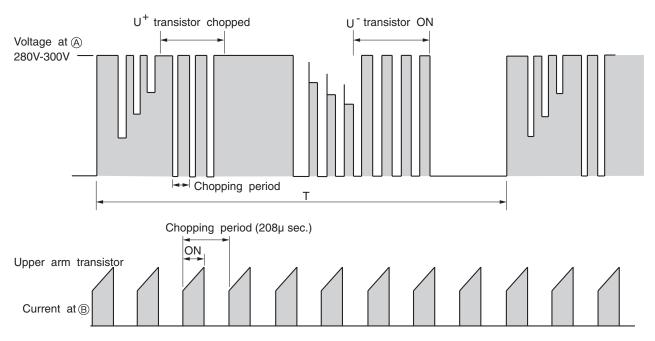


Fig. 4-3 Voltage waveform at each point

When power is supplied $U^+ \rightarrow V^-$, because of that U^+ is chopped, current flows as shown below;

- (1) When U⁺ transistor is ON: U⁺ transistor → U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → DC current detection resistor → Point (B) (Fig. 4-1)
- (2) When U⁺ transistor is OFF: (by inductance of motor coil) U coil → V coil → V⁻ transistor → U⁻ diode → Point A (Fig. 4-4)

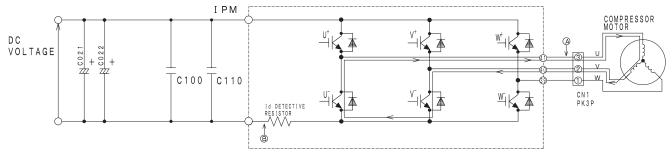


Fig. 4-4 Power module circuit (U⁺ is OFF, V⁻ is ON)

Since current flows at point B only when U⁺ transistor and V⁻ transistor are ON, the current waveform at point B becomes intermittent waveform as shown in Fig. 4-3. Since current at point B is approximately proportional to the input current of the air conditioner, input current is controlled by using DC current (Id) detection resistor.

<Reference>

If power module is defected, self diagnosis lamps on the MAIN P.W.B. may indicate as shown below:

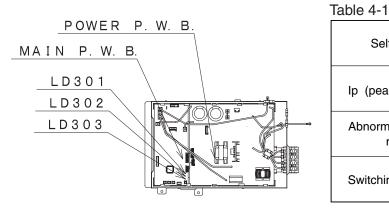


Fig. 4-5

Self-diagnosis	Self-diagnosis lamp and mode									
lp (peak current cut)	LD301	Blinks 2 times								
Abnormal low speed rotation	LD301	Blinks 3 times								
Switching incomplete	LD301	Blinks 4 times								

- 45 -

• IPM drive circuit

The inverter driving device (IGBT) and the drive circuit are built in the IPM. The IPM receives the signal from the microcomputer and convert it to 0 - 15 V signal to drive the IGBT.

When the unit operates at low speed, a chopper signal is emitted from the micro computer as shown in Fig. 4-6. (0 to 5 V)

The signal is converted to 0 - 15 V at inside the IPM and transmitted to the gate of the transistor (IGBT) in each phase to drive the IGBT.

When abnormal peak current was detected while the inverter is driving, the IPM outputs the Fail signal immediately from the pin 0 and forces the lower arm transistor to shut off at the same time. In this step, the Q501 is turned on and the input signal of the upper arm is also shut off through the D501 and D502, so that all signals to the IGBT are shut off. This signal is also distributed to microcomputer (pin 0) as a Lo signal to stop the drive signal and blink the self diagnosis lamp as two time.

When the peak current is detected, the IPM keeps the lower arm off for about 4mS and the drive signal into stand-by state. 3 minutes after this state, the micro computer outputs the drive signal and restarts the operation.

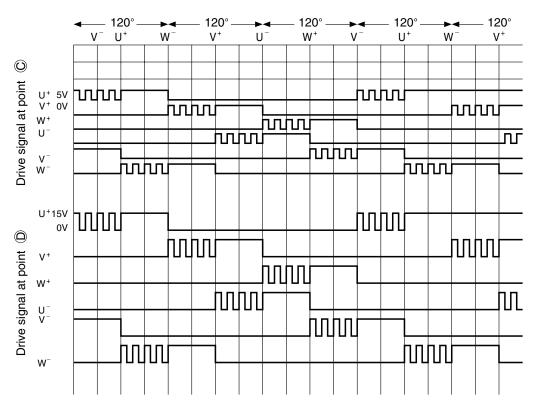
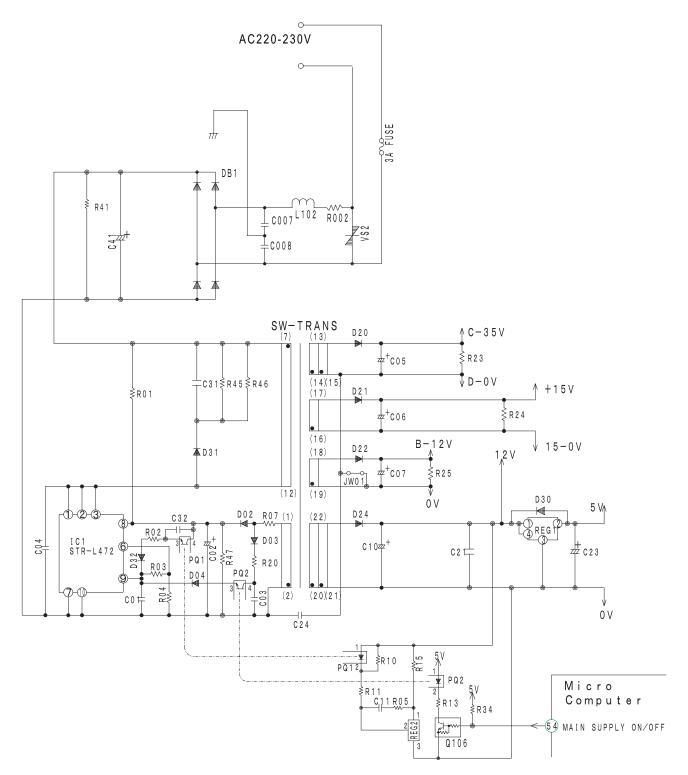


Fig. 4-6

5. Power Circuit for P.W.B.

• Fig. 5-1 shows the power circuit for P.W.B.



- In the power circuit for P.W.B., power supply for microcomputer, peripheral circuits, and IPM driver circuit and, as well as DC 35V, are produced by switching power circuit.
- Switching power circuit performs voltage conversion effectively by switching transistor IC1 to convert DC 330V voltage to high frequency of about 20kHz to 200kHz.

• The voltage specification of the power circuit is as follows.

<Check points>

Output	Voltage spec.	Main load	Measuring points	Potential failure modes	
12V	11-13V	MAIN P.W.B. (CN3, CN4)	R701 ("12V" display) C21 ("12V" display)	R006 ("0V" display) J27, J30	The unit won't operate MAIN P.W.B. error
5V	4.5-6V	MAIN P.W.B. (CN3, CN4)	D30 anode ("5V" display) J25	R006 ("0V" display) J27, J30	The unit won't operate MAIN P.W.B. error
B-12V	11-16V	Expansion valve	R25 ("B-12V" display)	R25 ("B-0V" display)	LD301 blinks 5 times; Expansion valve error
15V	14-17V	DC fan motor (CN24) MAIN P.W.B. (CN3, CN4)	C06+ side	C06- side	LD301 blinks 3 times,
35V	33.5-38V	Indoor unit electrical parts (Terminal C,D) Reversing valve (CN2)	D20 cathode ("C-35V" display) Terminal C (blown line)	J5, J17 Terminal D (red line)	Indoor unit won't operate

• Check each voltage. If each voltage meets the voltage specification above, the power circuit is normal.

If any error is found after checking, remove all loads and recheck each voltage.
 If no error is found in this step, the power circuit is normal. Check the removed loads.
 If any error is found in this step, the power circuit has any failure. Replace the power P.W.B.

- * A short-circuited load may cause an output error not only in the load but also in the others. Be sure to check all outputs of the loads.
- * Be sure to wait 15 minutes or more in order to discharge all the remaining voltage in the circuit to connect/disconnect the wiring, otherwise, the components may be damaged.
- The failures of the loads are as follows.

Failed output	Possible causes	Criterion
35V	Reversed connection of the cable. Electrical part for the indoor unit has a failure. Short-circuited reversing valve	Connect the cable correctly. Remove the connection cable and measure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the electrical parts for the indoor unit. Remove the CN2 and measure the voltage. If the
15V	DC fan motor error Main P.W.B. error	voltage is correct, check the reversing valve. Remove the CN24 and measure the voltage. (connect the CN3.) If the voltage is correct, check the DC fan motor. Also, check the main P.W.B. 1 A fuse for blow out in this step. Remove the CN3 and CN4 and meaure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the main P.W.B.
12V, 5V	Main P.W.B. error	Remove the CN3 and CN4 and meaure the voltage. If the voltage is correct, check the main P.W.B.

6. Microcpomputer's Peripheral Circuits

6-1. Overload control circuit (OVL control circuit)

Overload control is to decrease the speed of the compressor and reduce the load when the load on the air conditioner increases to an overload state, in order to protect the compressor, electronic components and power breaker.

Overloads are judged by comparing the DC current level and set value.

Fig.6-1 shows the overload control system configuration and Fig. 6-4 is a characteristic diagram on overload judgement values. There are two types of control which has named IS OVL and ID OVL. IS OVL is limiting the whole input of this room air conditioner system through the current sensor CT1 in order to keep the maximum rating of components by reading total operating current.

ID OVL is watching and limits the compressor current through the detection resistor, which is built in IPM in order to control the compressor reliability. Since the compressor reliability is related with its speed, the ID OVL value is also linked with the compressor speed. Fig. 6-2 shows an ID OVL limitation curve.

All of OVL operation values were programmed into EEPROM memory.

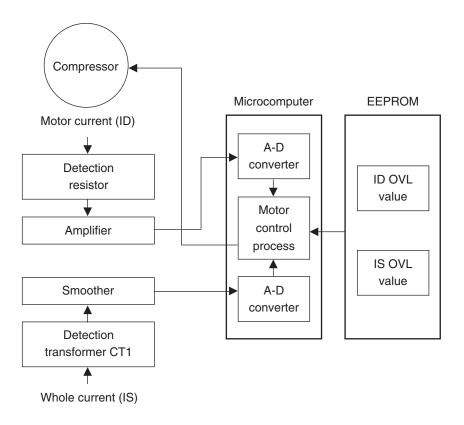
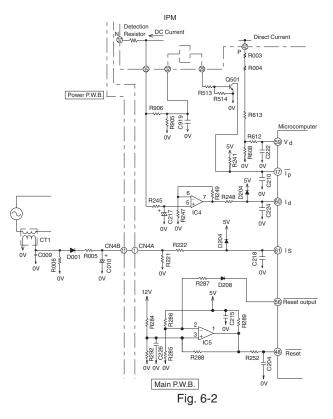


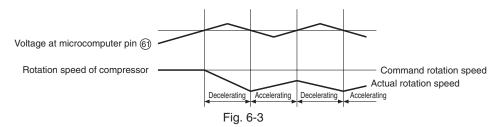
Fig. 6-1 Overload Control System



(1) IS OVL

Current transformer CT1 reads the input flowing current and detected to the microcomputer as a voltage signal. Receiving this, the microcomputer converts it to a digital signal and compares it with the internal data to judge whether or not overload control is required.

Fig. 6-3 shows the rotation speed control. When the voltage at pin (6) of the microcomputer exceeds the set value, the microcomputer decreases the rotation speed of the compressor and reduces the load.



(2) ID OVL

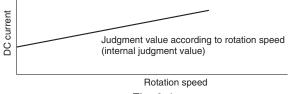
Fig. 6-2. The filter consisting of R245 and C217 removes high harmonic frequencies from the voltage generated by the current flowing to Detection resistor; R245 and C217 average the voltage. This voltage is then input to IC4 pin (5) and supplied to microcomputer pin (6). The microcomputer compares this input with the set value, and if the input exceeds the set value, it enters overload control status.

The set Value is determined by the amplification of the voltage amp. circuit

 \int Amplification : high \rightarrow DC current : low

Amplification : low \rightarrow DC current: high

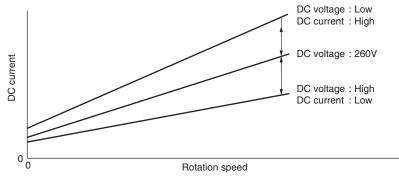
Fig. 6-4 shows the rotation speed control. When the voltage at pin ⁶⁰ of the microcomputer exceeds the set value, the microcomputer decreases the rotation speed of the compressor and reduces the load.





R003,R004,R608,R613, detect the DC voltage at the power circuit. The microcomputer receives a DC voltage and applies correction to the overload set value so the DC current will be low when the DC voltage is high.

(Since the load level is indicated by the DC voltage multiplied by DC current, R247, R248, R249 are provided to perform the same overload judgement even when the voltage varies.)





(3) Start current control

It is required to maintain the start current (DC current) constant to smooth the start of the DC motor of the compressor.

RAC-14EH1 uses software to control the start current.

The start current varies when the supply voltage varies. This control method copes with variations in the voltages as follows.

- 1. Turns on the power module's U⁺ and V⁻ transistors so the current flows to the motor windings as shown in Fig. 6-6.
- 2. Varies the turn-ON time of the U⁺ transistor according to the DC voltage level and the start is controlled so the start current is approx. 10A .

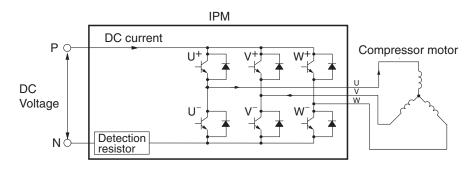


Fig. 6-6

6-2. Reset Circuit

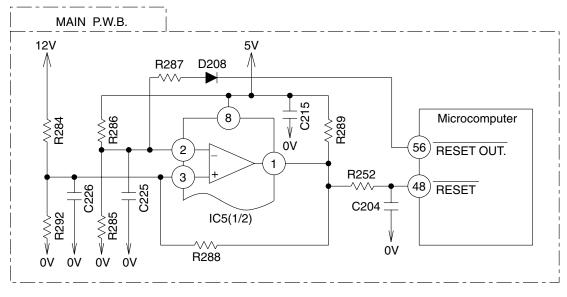


Fig. 6-7

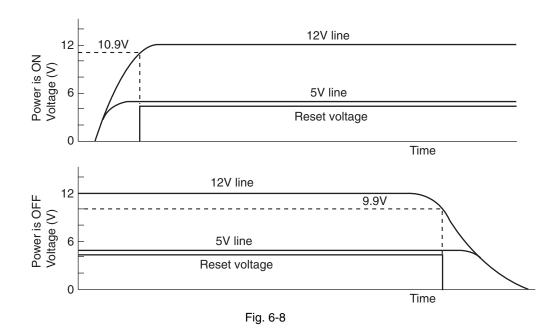
The reset circuit initializes the microcomputer program when Power is "ON" from "OFF".

Low voltage at pin $\operatorname{\mathfrak{A}\!\mathfrak{B}}$ resets the microcomputer, and HI activates the microcomputer

Fig. 6-7 shows the reset circuit and Fig. 6-8 shows waveform at each point when power is turned on and off.

When power is turned on, 12V line and 5V line voltages rise and 12V line voltage reaches 10.9V an reset voltage input to pin (48) of microcomputer is set to Hi.

Reset voltage will be hold "Hi" until the 12V line voltage drops to 9.90V even though the power shuts down.



7. Temperature Detection Circuit

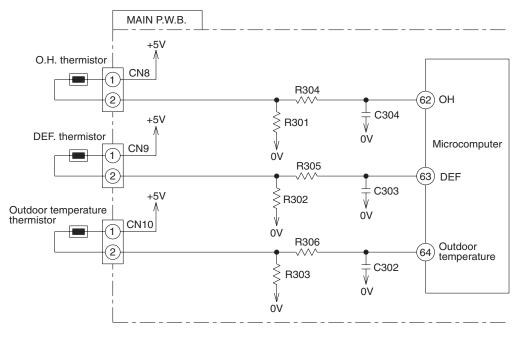


Fig. 7-1

The Over heat thermistor circuit detects the temperature at the surface of the compressor head, the Defrost. thermistor circuit detects the defrosting operation temperature.

A thermistor is a negative resistor element which has the characteristics that the higher (lower) the temperature, the lower (higher) the resistance.

When the compressor is heated, the resistance of the Over heat thermistor becomes low and voltage to a pin 0 of microcomputer is increased.

Microcomputer compares the voltage at pin @ with the internal set value, if it is exceeded the set value microcomputer judges that the compressor is overheated and stops operation.

When frost forms on the outdoor heat exchanger, the temperature at the exchanger drops abruptly. Therefore the resistance of the Defrost. thermistor becomes high and the voltage at pin (3) of microcomputer drops.

If this voltage becomes lower than the set value stored inside, the microcomputer starts defrosting control. During defrosting operation the microcomputer transfers the defrosting condition command to the indoor microcomputer via the circuit interface.

The microcomputer always reads the outdoor temperature via a thermistor (microcomputer pin 6), an transfers it to the indoor unit, thus controlling the compressor rotation speed according to the value set at the EEPROM in the indoor unit, and switching the operation status (outdoor fan on/off, etc.) in the dehumidifying mode.

The following shows the typical values of outdoor temperature in relation to the voltage:

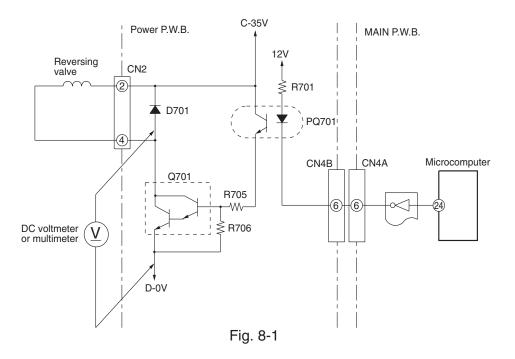
Outdoor temperature	(°C)	- 10	0	10	20	30	40		
R303 Voltage	(V)	1.19	1.69	2.23	2.75	3.22	3.62		

Table 7-1

<Reference>

When the thermistor is open, in open status, or is disconnected, microcomputer pins 0-0 are approx. 0V; when the thermistor is shorted, they are approx. 5 V, and LD301 blinks seven times. However, an error is detected only when the OH thermistor is shorted; in such a case, the blinking mode is entered 12 minutes after the compressor starts operation.

8. Reversing valve control circuit

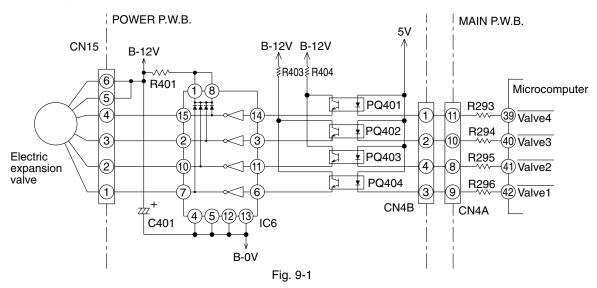


Reversing valve control circuit will switch reversing valve ON/OFF (cooling ON) according to instruction from indoor microcomputer depending on the operation condition shows in Table 8-1. Voltage at Q701 (between Collector and Emittor) in each operation condition is approximately as shown in Table 8-1 when measured by multimeter.

	Tabl	е	8-	1
--	------	---	----	---

	Operation condition	Collector voltage of Q701
Cooling	General operation of cooling	About 0.8V
	In normal heating operation	About 35V
Heating	MAX. rotation speed instructed by indoor microcomputer after defrost is completed	About 35V
	Defrosting	About 0.8V
Dehumidifying	Sensor dry	About 0.8V

9. Electric expansion valve control circuit



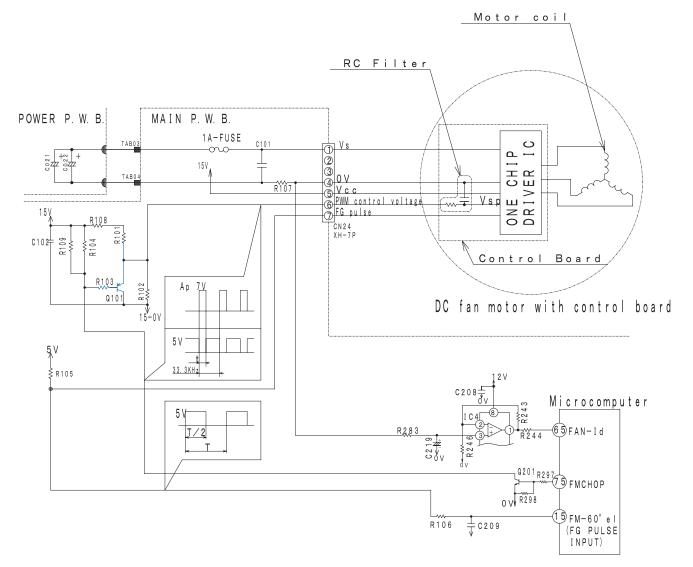
- To drive the expansion valve, use the B-12 V output. Use a 4-phase coil and feed power to the phases 1 and 2, then switch over the filed poles to control the opening of the valve.
- The reference between conducting phase switch over direction and the open/close direction are shown in Table 9-1. When the power is turned on, approx. 0.9 V is applied to the CN15 and the pins (1 to 4) and when no power is supplied, 12 V is applied. When the power is reset, the expansion valve starts initial operation for 5 to 10 seconds.
- During the initial operation, measure each pin of the CN15 (1 to 4) with a multimeter. If no change is found around 0.9 V or 12V in this step, the expansion valve or the micro computer has failure.
- The logic waveform during the operating of the expansion valve is shown in Fig. 9-2.

											-
	CN15	Lead				Drive	status				
	Pin No.	wire	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	4	White	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	
	3	Yellow	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
	2	Orange	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	
	1	Blue	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
	-		3→4→		7→8 \ 2→1 \			Ξ			
Pin No.	4										<u>12</u> V 0.9V
	3										
	2				ſ						
	1										
		_	50	ms.	7	5ms.					

Table 9-1

Fig. 9-2

200ms.



This model uses DC Fan Motor which has a controller circuit built in the Motor.

This DC Fan Motor will rotate by control voltage apply to Vsp input. (Voltage range: 1.7 to 7V DC.

Vsp high : Faster ;

Vsp low : slower ;

Vsp lower than 1.7V : stop

Motor will output FG pulse by following this motor revolution.

Outdoor microcomputer will output PWM control signal from 75 by following the instruction from indoor microcomputer.

This PWM control signal will convert to Vsp voltage by smoothing circuit (R242 & C209).

Fan motor will start to rotate when Vsp was proceeding over than 1.7V, and generate FG pulse by rotation speed.

FG pulse will feed back to Outdoor microcomputer 15.

DC Fan Motor circuit has to match the Fan Motor revolution with instructed revolution. Such as...

FG feedback: Faster Instruction: Slower ... Decrease pulse width

FG feedback: Slower Instruction: Faster ... Increase pulse width

FG pulse is also used for Fan Motor failure detection.

Microcomputer will monitor FG pulse 30 seconds after start the fan motor. If there is no signal detected, it will consider that the Fan Motor was malfunction and stop the operation. In this case, LD302 on control P.W.B. will blink 12 times. (Fan Motor lock detected)

R107 and IC4 are used for Fan Motor over current.

< Reference >

When operation stop with LD301 blinks 12 times, it may be caused by faulty DC fan motor.

In this case, please check CN6 and CN12 connection first. It makes Fan Motor Lock also if those connectors are in misconnection.

DC Fan Motor has broken invites 1A Fuse burned. Please replace both DC Fan Motor and 1A Fuse together.

It will makes "Fan Lock Stop" when something has disturb the Fan rotation by inserting materials into propeller fan or ice has growing inside of outdoor unit by snowing.

It may make "Fan Lock Stop" by strong wind (ex. 17m/sec or above) against the Fan rotation. In this case unit will be restart again after a while.

In case of "Fan Lock Stop" even though the DC Fan Motor is rotating correctly, the possible cause in Fan Motor problem or control board problem. Stop after the Fan motor runs 2 minutes, Fan Motor may be broken.

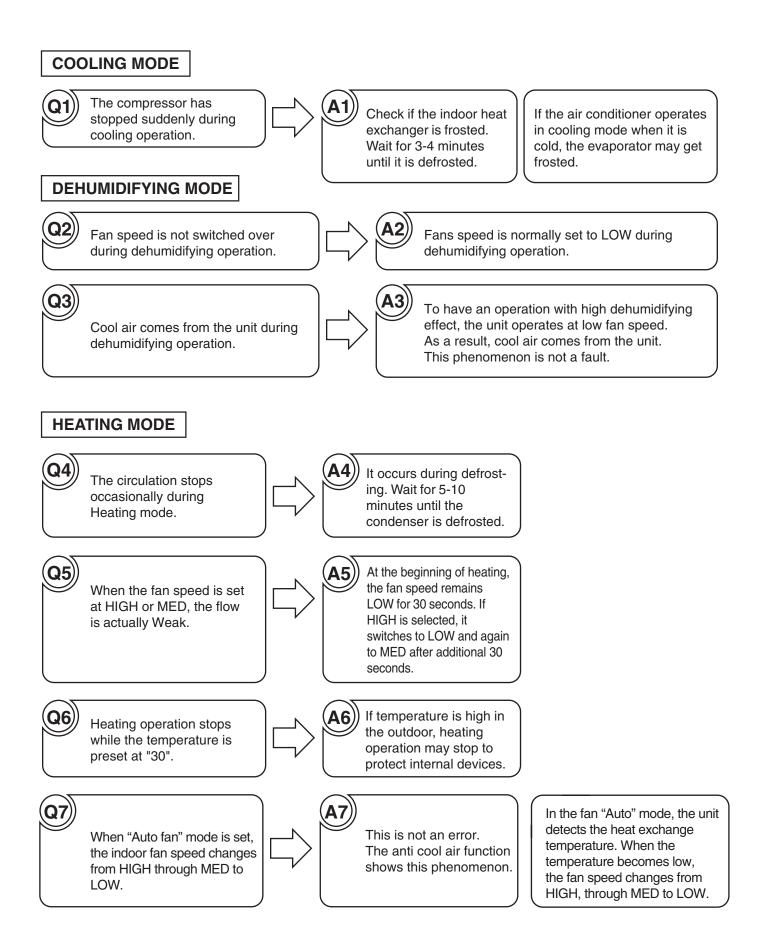
< Caution >

Please take care for the electrical shock by high voltage of DC Fan Motor power source which is common with compressor when you are servicing this unit.

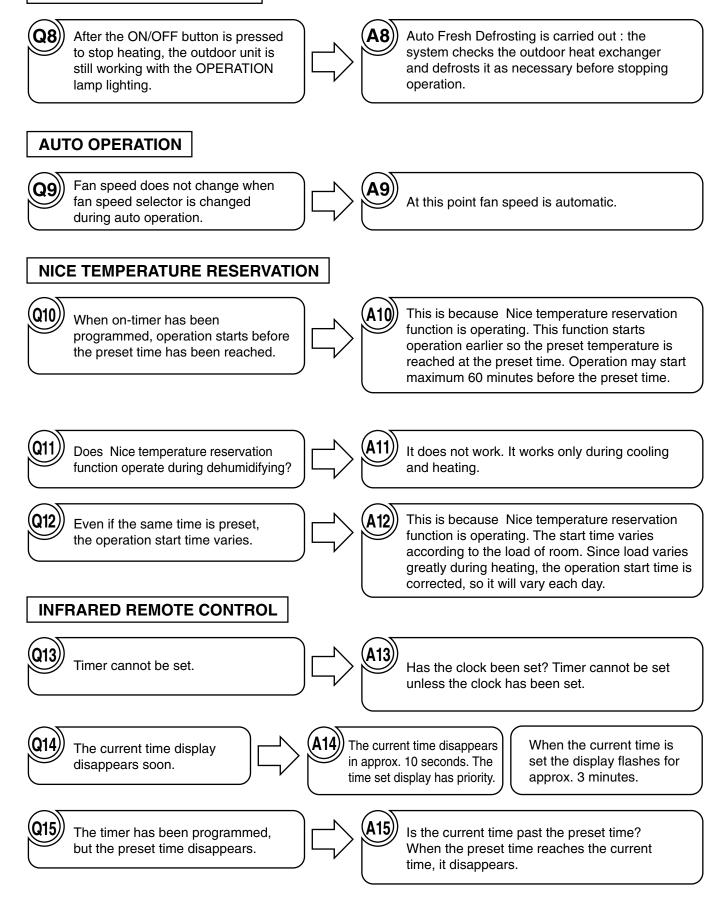
You can not confirm the coil and wiring of Motor directly due to the built in control circuit in Fan Motor.

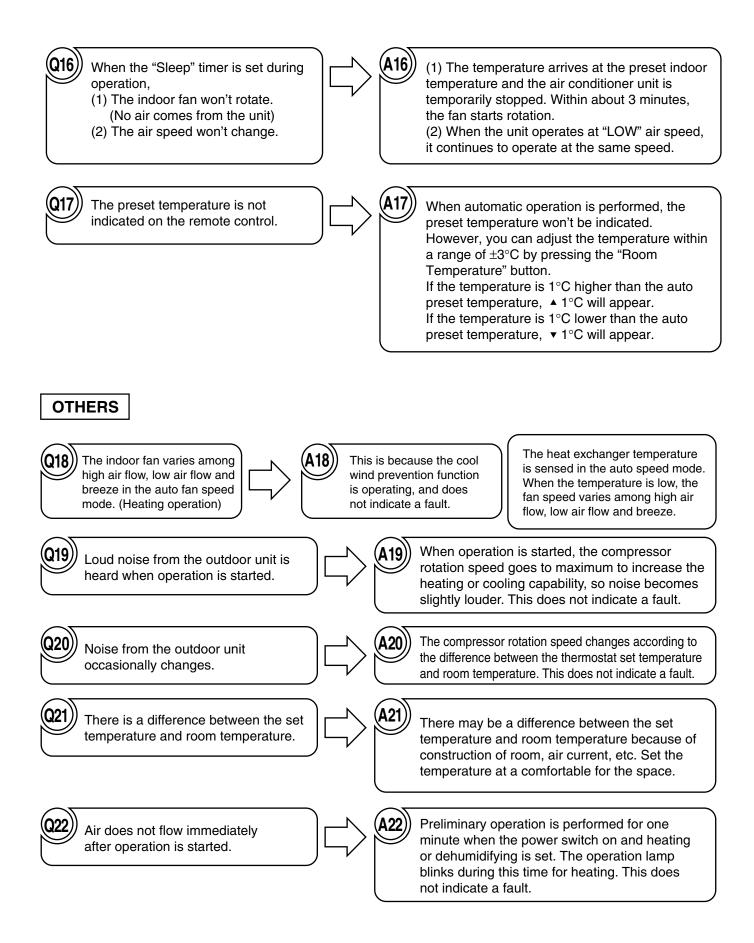
SERVICE CALL Q & A

Model RAS-14EH1 / RAC-14EH1



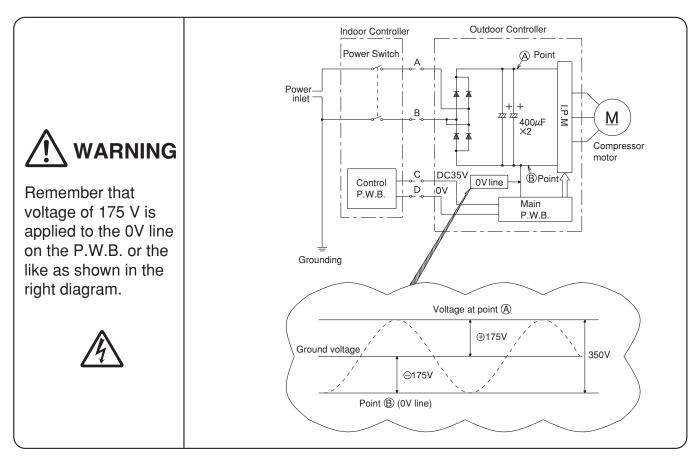
AUTO FRESH DEFROSTING

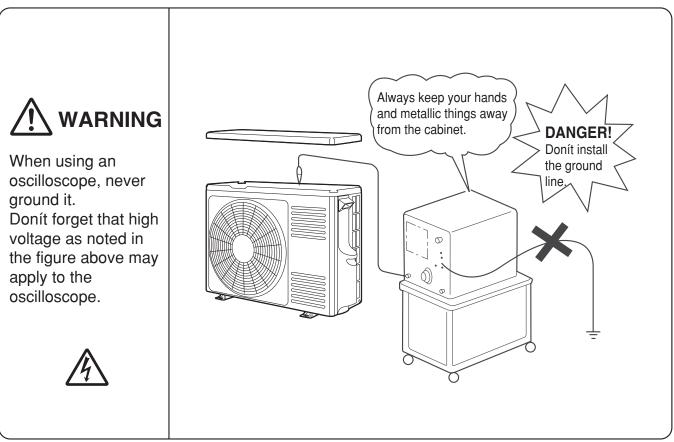




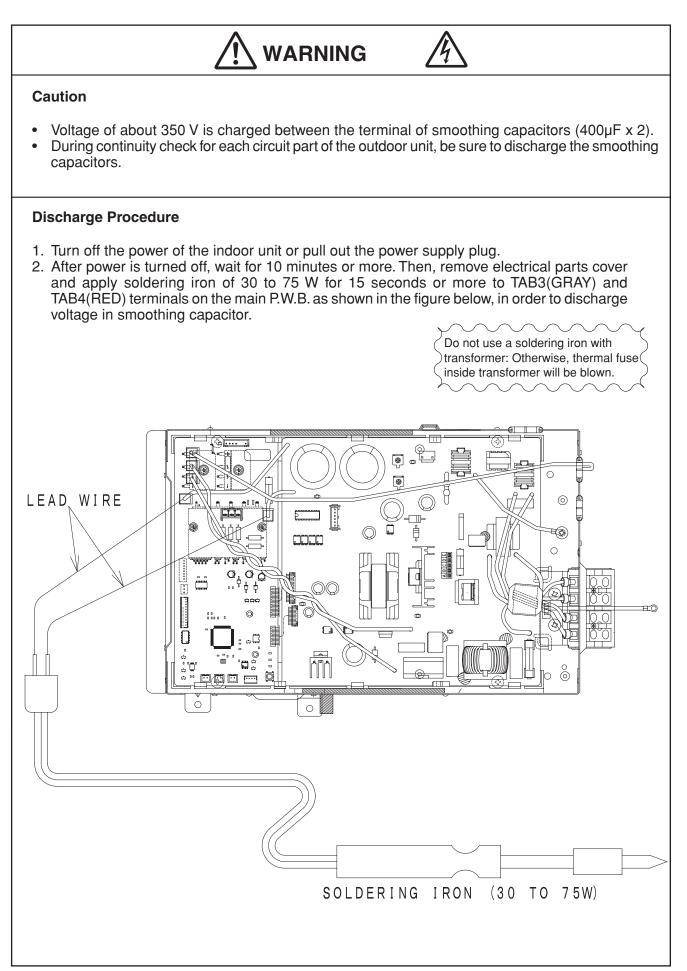
TROUBLE SHOOTING

RAC-14EH1 PRECAUTIONS FOR CHECKING



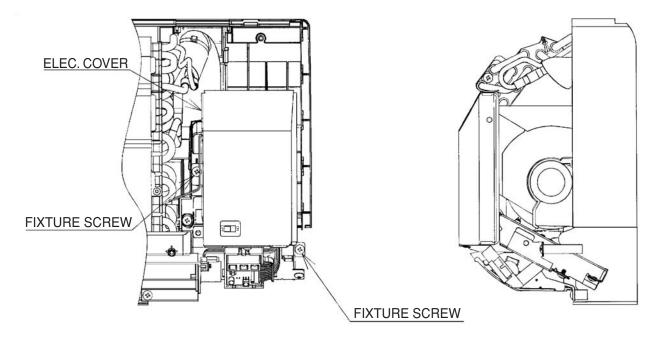


DISCHARGE, PROCEDURE AND POWER SHUT OFF METHOD FOR POWER CIRCUIT



STRUCTURE OF AN INDOOR UNIT ELECTRIC PARTS

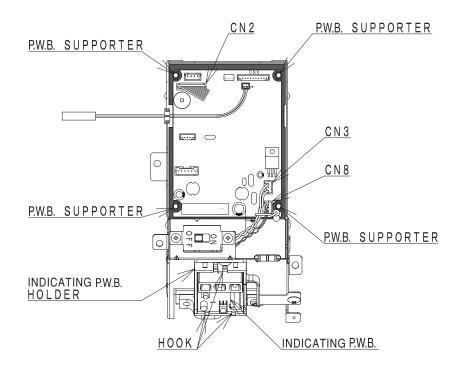
RAS-14EH1



Removing electrical parts

- 1. Remove the electrical parts cover.
- 2. Remove the connectors from the CN1 (heat exchange thermistor), CN4 (stepping motor) and CN10 (fan motor).
- 3. Remove two lock screws.
- 4. Remove the electrical parts in the direction of arrow.

When installing the parts, use caution not to pinch any code between the part and cabinet.



Removing control P.W.B.

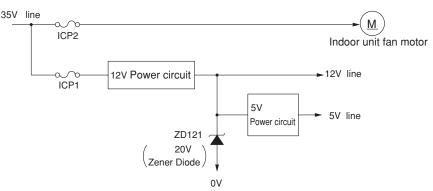
- 1. Remove the connectors from the CN2 and CN3.
- 2. Remove the P.W.B. from the P.W.B. support.

Removing the indicating P.W.B.

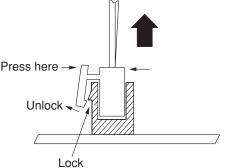
- 1. Remove the connector from the CN2 on the control P.W.B.
- 2. Remove the upper hook from the indicating P.W.B. lock resin, pull the P.W.B. forward a little and remove it.

Other Cautions

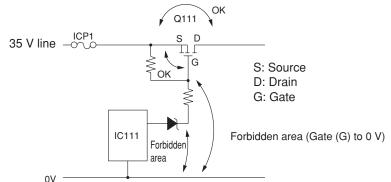
- (1) Cautions concerning ICP (IC Protector)
 - 1. Use due caution for short circuit in servicing. Short circuit will open the ICP immediately.
 - 2. When the ICP opens, remove the cause of this phenomenon and replace the ICP. If the remedy is improper, the ICP may open again.



(2) The CN3 (power supply) and CN10 (fan motor) are the connectors with lock mechanism. Press the lock with your fingers to unlock and remove the connector.



(3) When checking the voltage and waveform, do not connect the probes to the forbidden areas show below. Touching them may cause the ICP1 blowout and Q111 failure.



The Q111 is a MOS-FET and its gate terminal is a high impedance. When a probe such as a multimeter is contacted with the gate (G), the Q111 may have the continuous ON state to supply overcurrent in the circuit, causing the ICP1 blowout and Q111 failure.

When checking the switching waveform of the Q111, set the source \$ to the base and measure the gate \$ and drain D.

(4) During power feeding to the P.W.B., do not remove and insert the CN10 (fan motor connector). Failure to do so may cause overcurrent to the fan motor and P.W.B.s (micro computer, IC and the like) and a failure may occur. To remove or insert the CN10, be sure to shut off the power.

THE SUPPORT FUNCTION OF FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

No.	Function Name	Description
1	Self-diagnosis indication function <indicating a="" failure="" indoor<br="" on="" the="">unit side></indicating>	 The "timer lamp" indicates a mode of failure detected on the indoor or outdoor unit side by blinking frequency. A failure detected on the outdoor unit side will be indicated by the "timer lamp" blinking 4 times after a retry operation has been performed several times. Note: In some failure modes, only the retry operation is repeated without lamp indication.
		<failure a="" modes="" operation="" repeat="" retry="" that="" will="" without<br="">the indoor unit lamp indication are as follows:> OH thermistor temperature rise Outdoor unit communication error Power voltage abnormal Less frequent defects</failure>
	<indicating a="" failure="" on="" outdoor<br="" the="">unit side></indicating>	 The "LD301" indicates a mode of failure detected on the outdoor unit side by blinking frequency. Upon failure detection, the outdoor unit will shut down and the LD301 continues to blink until the unit is reset. (In the event of communication errors, the LD301 continues to blink until communication is restored.)

Model RAS-14EH1

Perform troubleshooting according to the number of times the indoor timer lamp and outdoor LD301 blink.

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE Model: RAS-14EH1

No.	Blinking of Timer lamp	Reason for indication	Possible cause			
1	2sec1 time	Reversing valve defective When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is too low in the heating mode or it is too high in the cooling mode.	 Reversing valve defective Heat exchanger thermistor disconnected (only in the heating mode) (Note) The malfunction mode is entered the 3rd time this abnormal indication appears (read every 3 minutes). 			
2	2 _{sec.} 2 times	Outdoor unit is under forced operation When the outdoor unit is in forced operation or balancing operation after forced operation.	Electrical parts in the outdoor unit			
3	3 times	Indoor/outdoor interface defective When the interface signal from the outdoor unit is interrupted.	(1) Indoor interface circuit(2) Outdoor interface circuit			
4	4 times	Outdoor unit electrical components defetive When the same error mode is detected 8 times within 30 minutes from outdoor unit electrical components. (However, when error is detected 8 times within two hours only for outdoor thermistor.)	Outdoor unit electrical components (For details, operate again using remote comtroller and check from self-diagnosis display of outdoor unit.)			
5	3 2 ≥ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 2 ≤ 	Room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is faulty When room thermistor or heat exchanger thermistor is opened circuit or short circuit.	(1) Room thermistor(2) Heat exchanger thermistor			
6	2 sec. 10 times	Over-current detection at the DC fan motor when over-current is detected at the DC fan motor of the indoor unit.	 Indoor fan locked Indoor fan motor Indoor control P.W.B. 			
7	<u>}</u> 2800. 13 times	IC401 or IC402 data reading error When data read from IC401 or IC402 is incorrect.	IC401 or IC402 abnormal			

(______ --- Lights for 0.35 sec. at interval of 0.35 sec.)

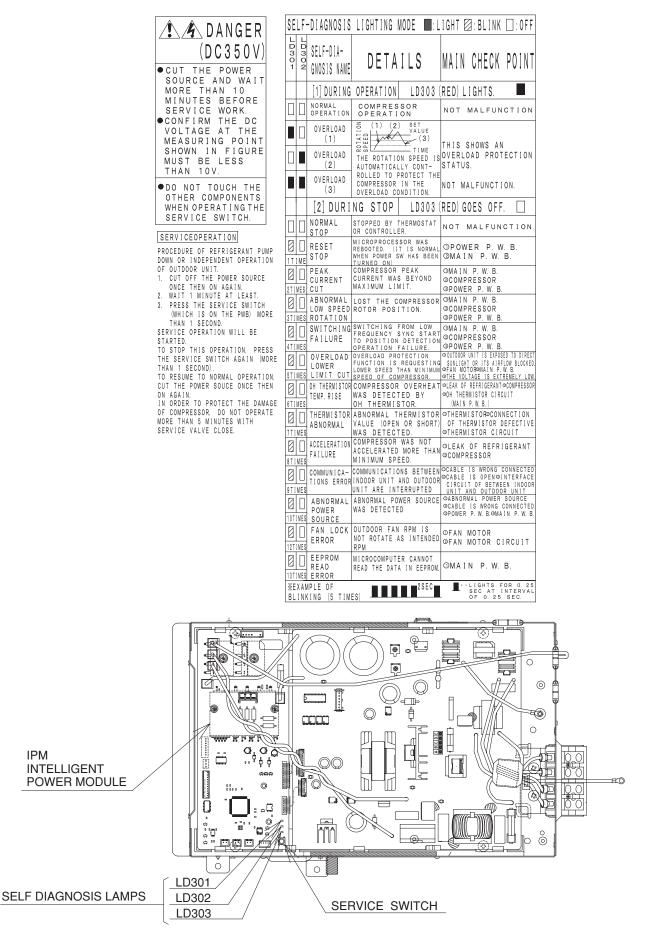
<Cautions>

Ж1

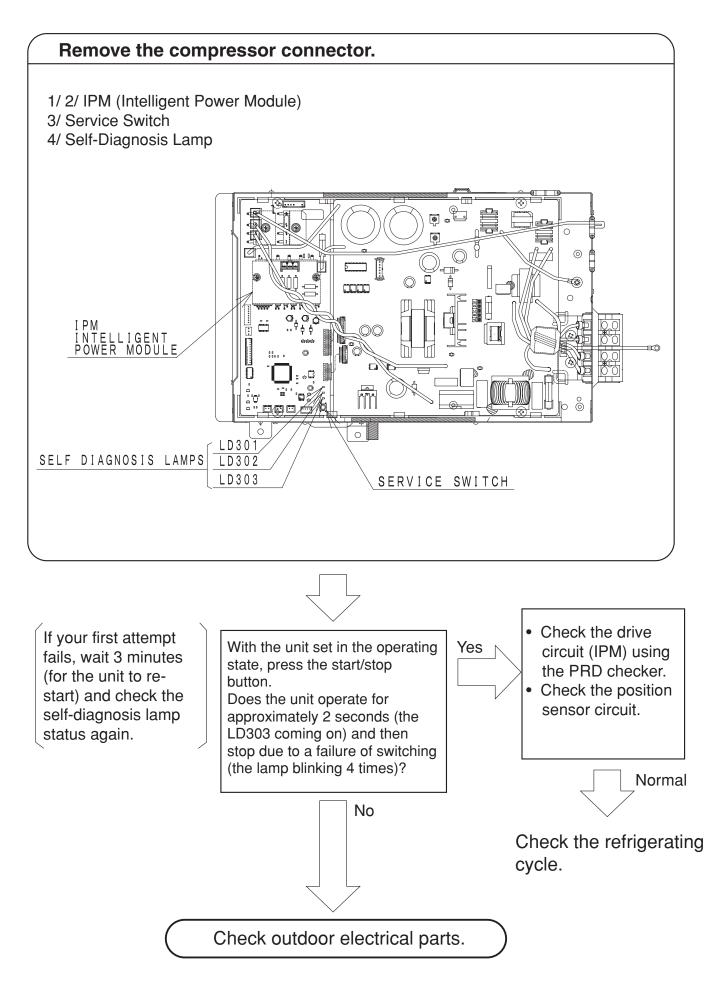
- (1) If the interface circuit is faulty when power is supplied, the self-diagnosis display will not be displayed.
- (2) If the indoor unit does not operate at all, check if the connecting cable is connected to the outdoor unit.
- (3) To check operation again when the timer lamp is blinking, you can use the remote control for operation (except for mode mark \times 1).

SELF-DIAGNOSIS LIGHTING MODE

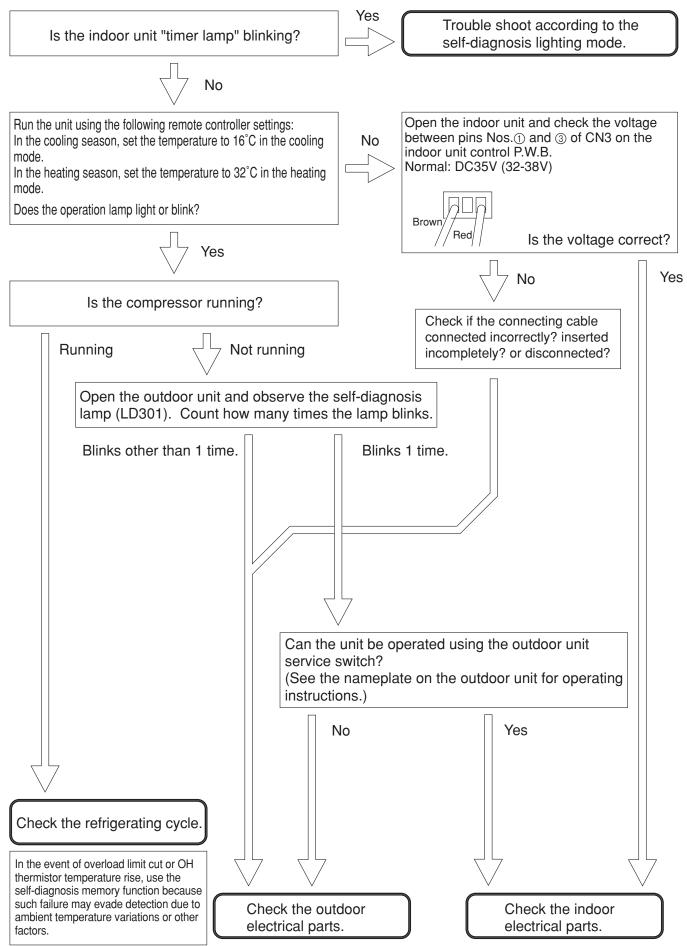
MODEL RAC-14EH1



OUTDOOR UNIT

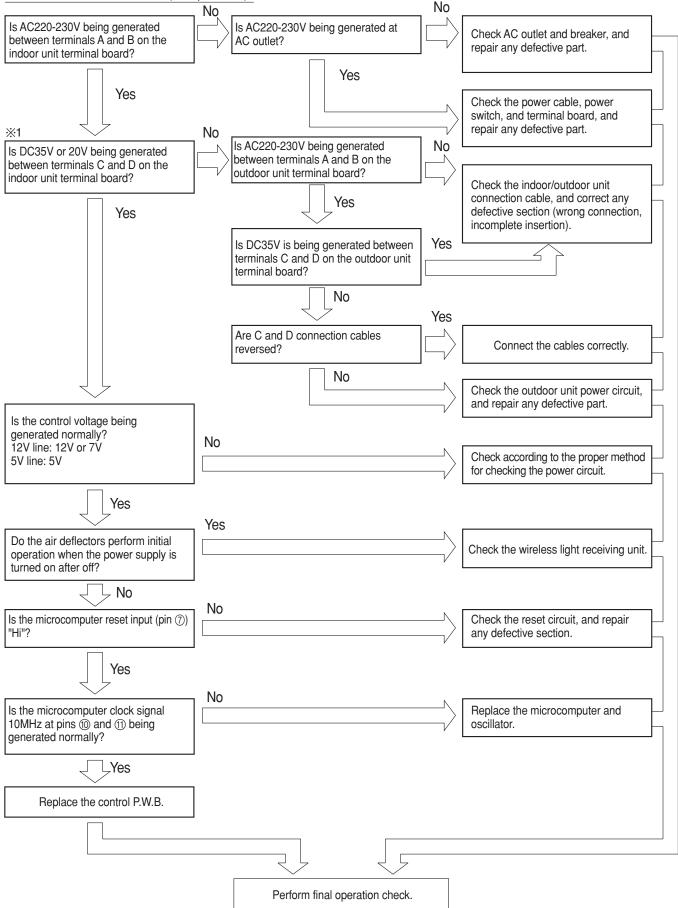


CHECKING THE INDOOR/OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS AND REFRIGERATING



CHECKING THE INDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

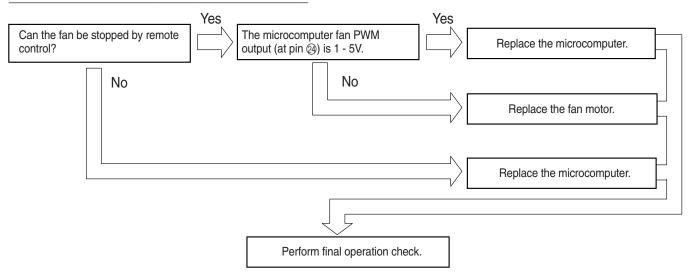
1. Power does not come on (no operation)



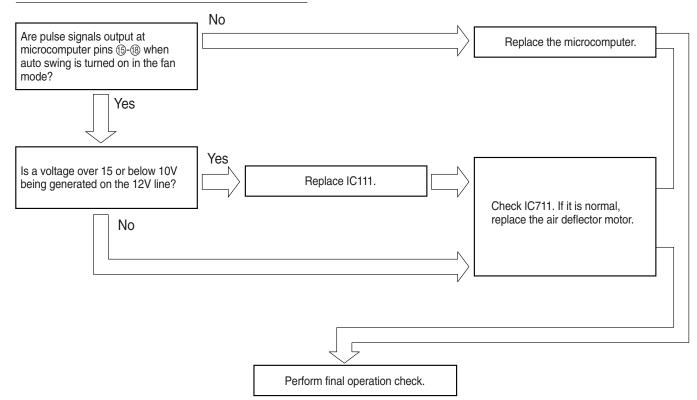
%1: When not in operation, the unit will enter into a low-power standby state, possibly causing a voltage drop to the 12V and 35V lines as shown below.

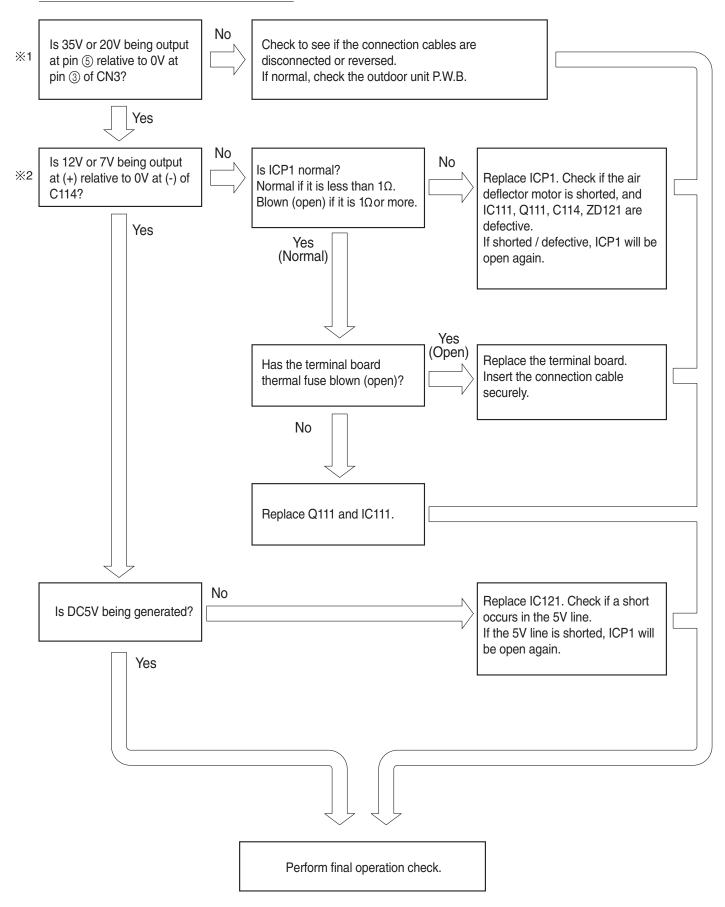


2. Indoor fan does not operate (others are normal)



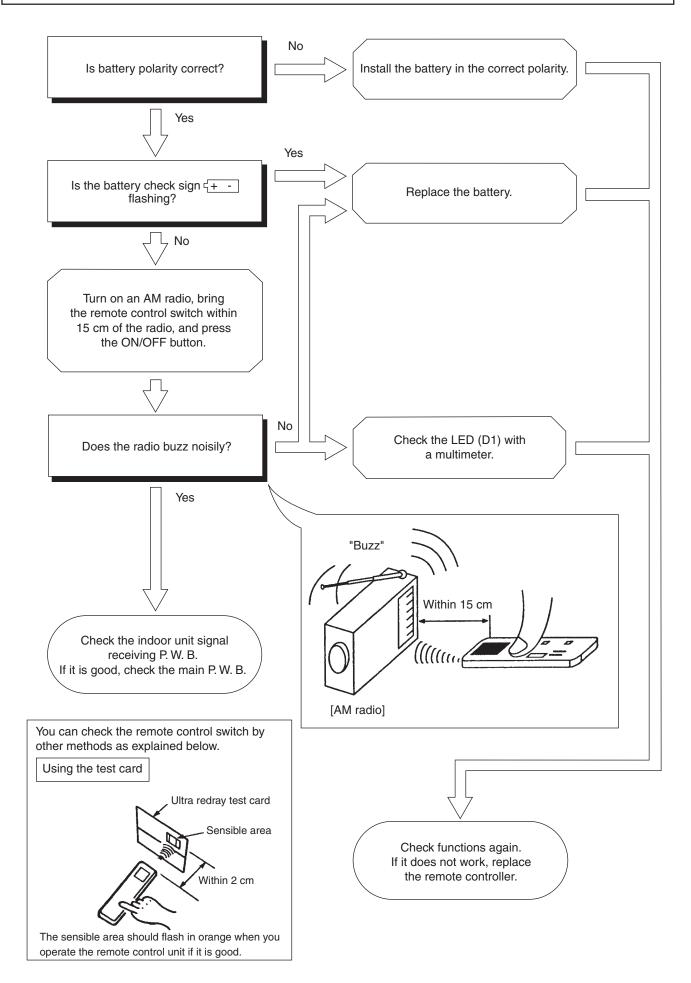
3. Air deflector does not move (others are normal)





%1: When the unit is not in operation, the voltage across the 35V line may drop to 20V.%2: When the unit is not in operation, the voltage across the 12 V line may drop to 7V.

CHECKING THE REMOTE CONTROLLER





WARNING /

PRECAUTIONS FOR SERVICING

Be sure that the power switch is turned off or the power cable is disconnected before servicing.

Removing the P.W.B.s.

System Configuration of Outdoor Unit Electrical Parts The outdoor unit electrical parts consist of two P.W.B. as shown in the figure.

<Main P.W.B. (M board)>

Contains a rectifier circuit and inverter module, their controlling microcomputer and microcomputer peripheral control circuits. The board incorporates high and low current sections.

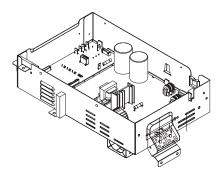
<Power P.W.B. (P board)>

Contains a switching power circuit, noise filter, power factor improvement circuit, etc. The switching power circuit supplies power to electronic circuits on the main P.W.B. through CN3.

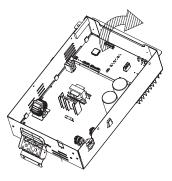
% When replacing any P.W.B., disconnect all the cables (including ground wires).

[A. Main P.W.B.]

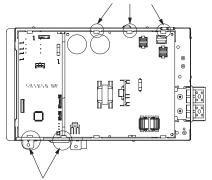
1 Remove four screws securing the control P.W.B. to the cooling fins, and remove the control P.W.B. from the cooling fins.



 2 Open the support latches and raise the main P.W.B. in the direction of the arrow as shown in Fig. A.
 <Direction of the main P.W.B. removal>



Open these support latches to remove the power P.W.B.

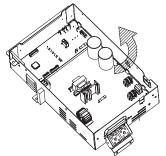


Open these support latches to remove the main P.W.B. Fig. A

[B. Power P.W.B.]

1 Open the support latches and raise the power P.W.B. in the direction of the arrow as shown in Fig. A.

<Direction of the power P.W.B. removal>

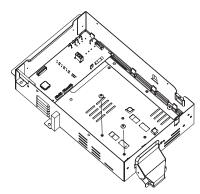


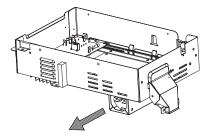
[C. Power Factor Improvement capacitor]

Designed to improve power factor. To replace the capacitor, remove the power P.W.B. and then:

1. Remove two screws fastening the capacitor seat.

2. Slide the capacitor seat in the direction of the arrow.

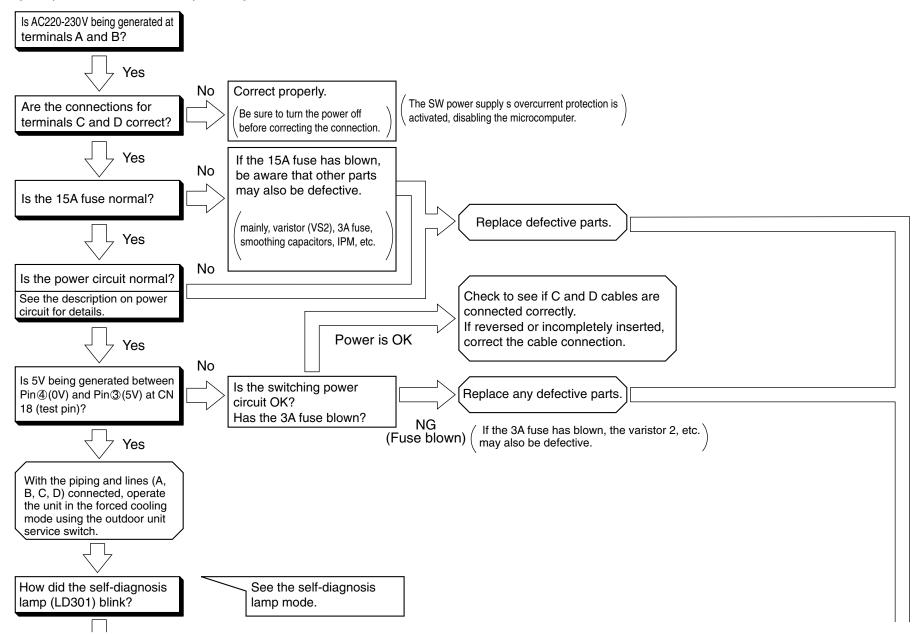




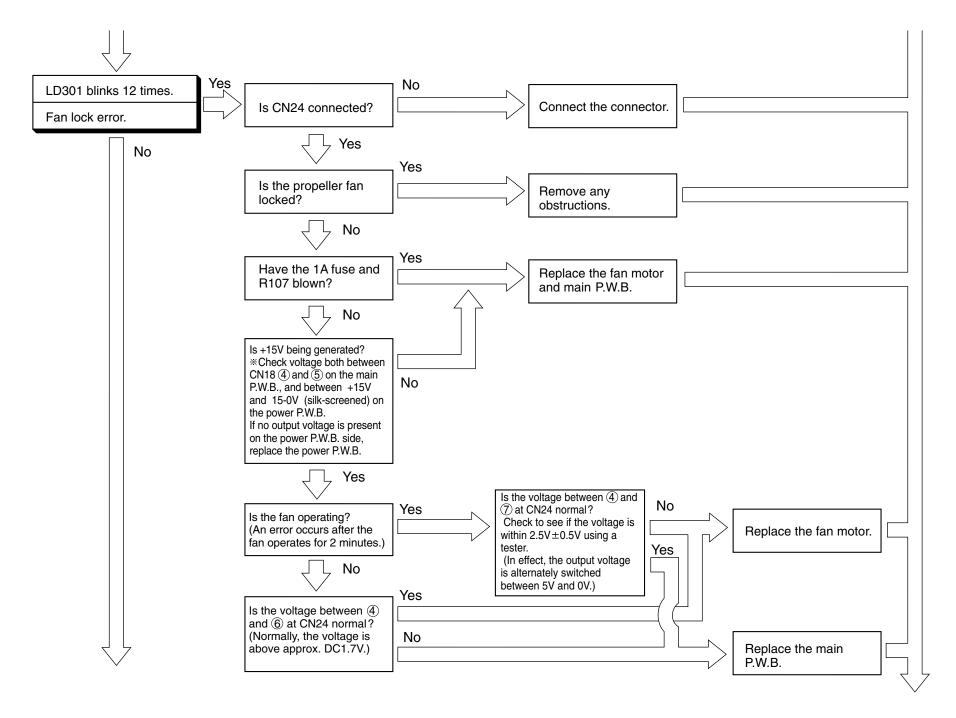
Sliding Direction

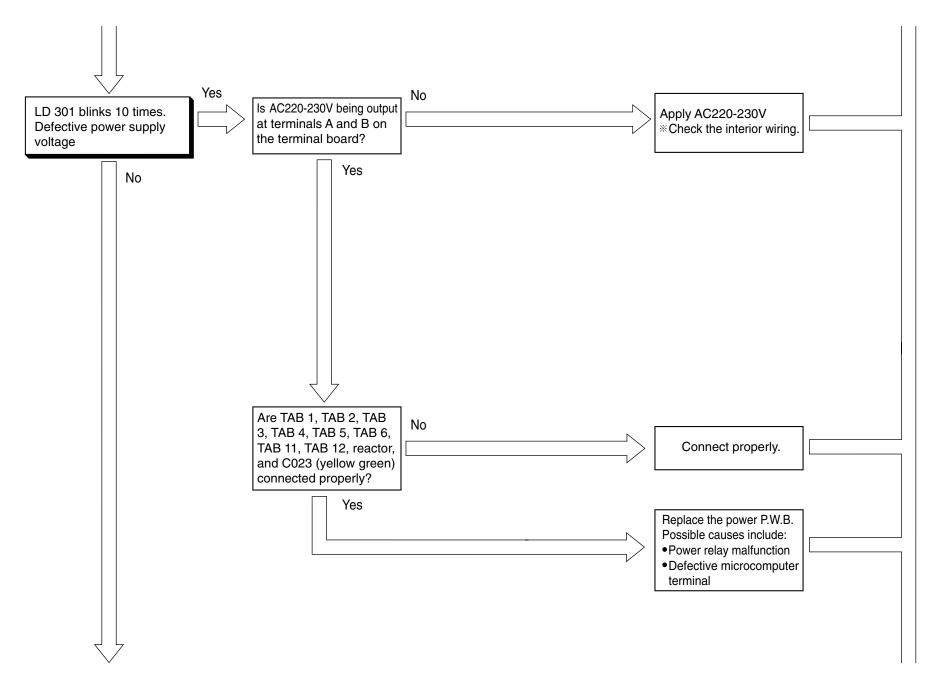
CHECKING OUTDOOR UNIT ELECTRICAL PARTS

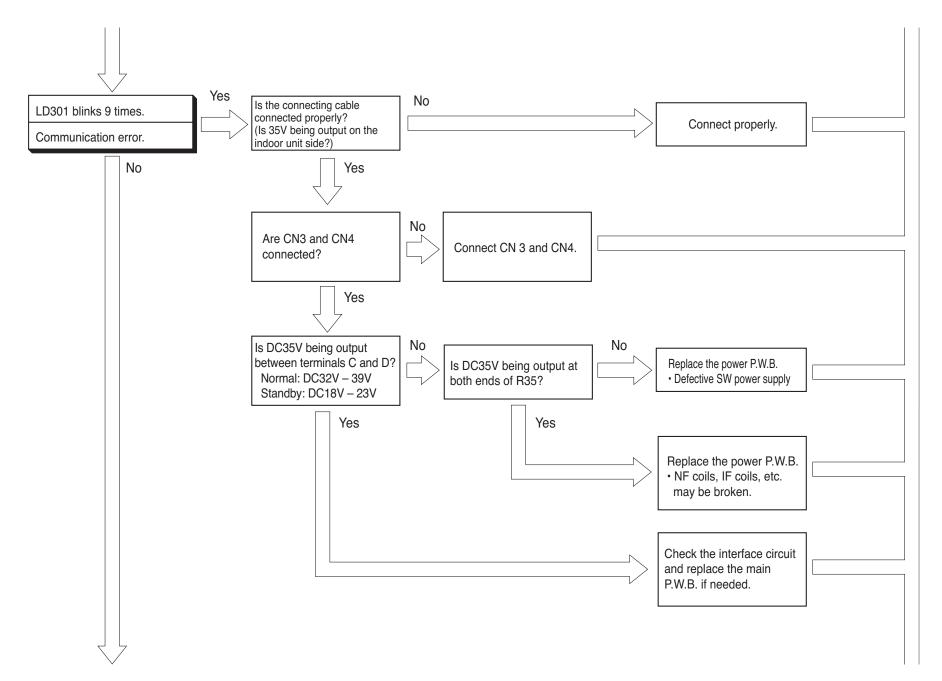
[No operation or abnormal operation]

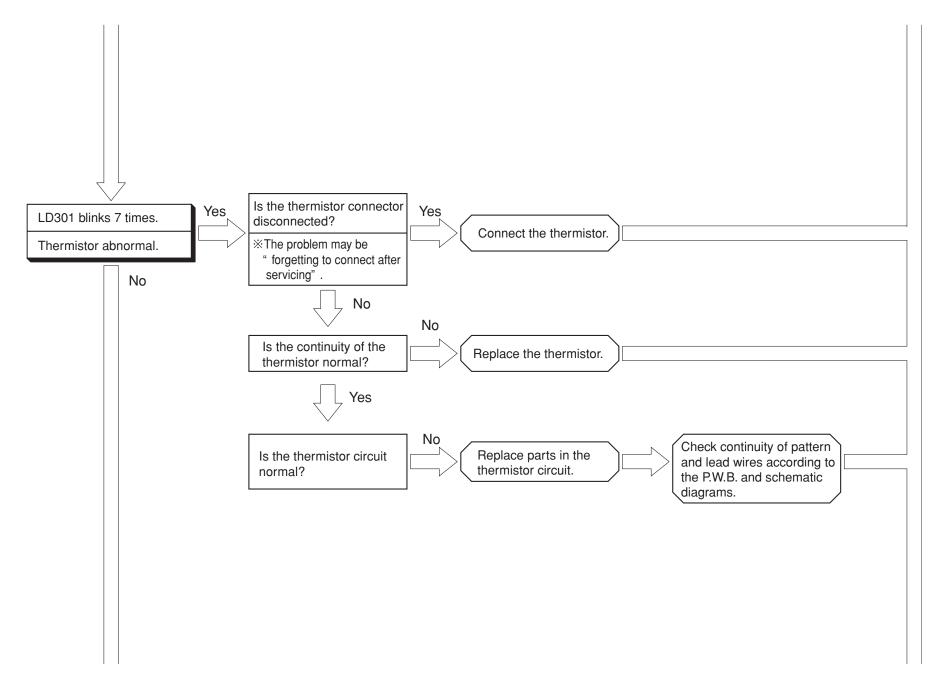


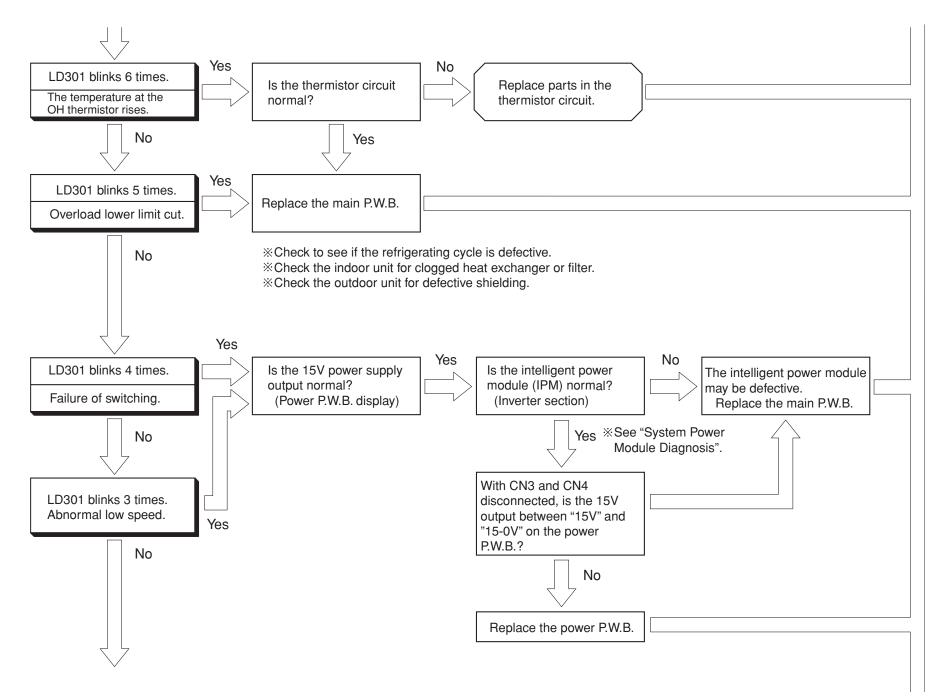
- 76 -

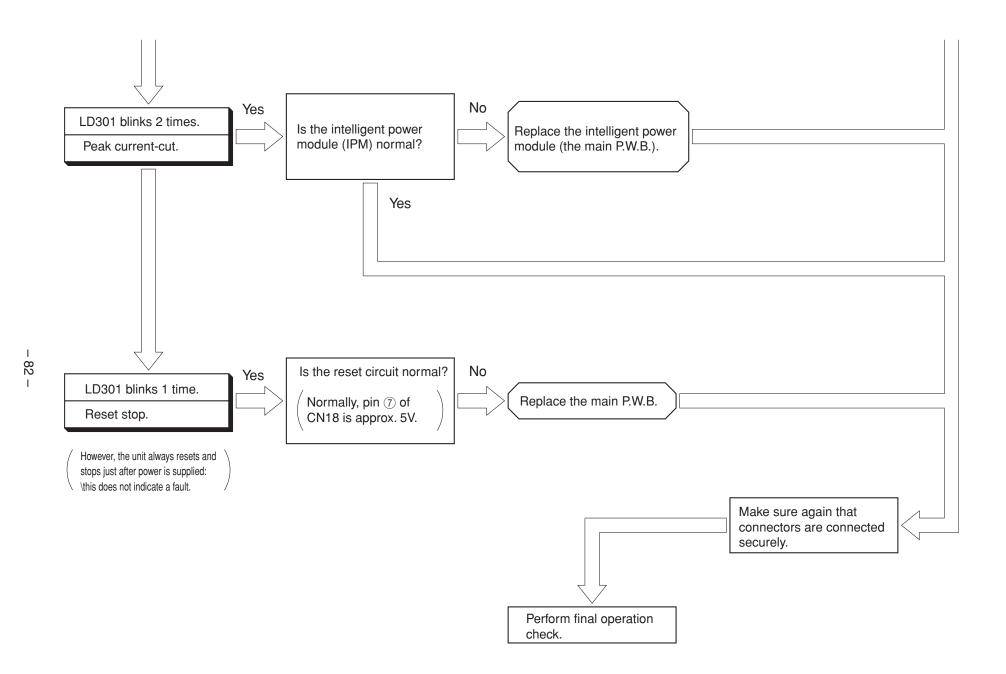








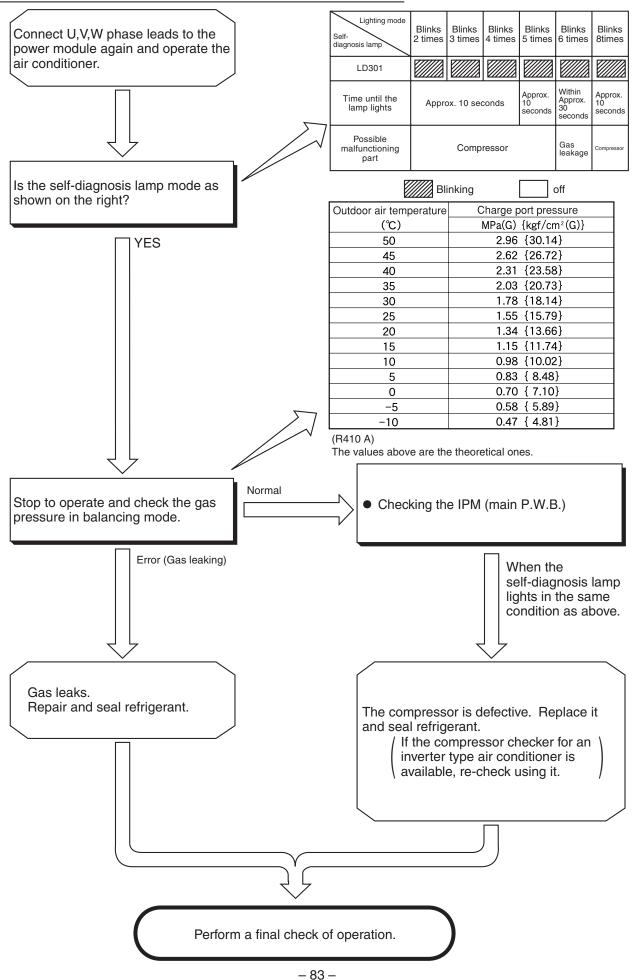




CHECKING THE REFRIGERATING CYCLE

(JUDGING BETWEEN GAS LEAKAGE AND COMPRESSOR DEFECTIVE)

1. Troubleshooting procedure (No operation, No heating, No cooling)

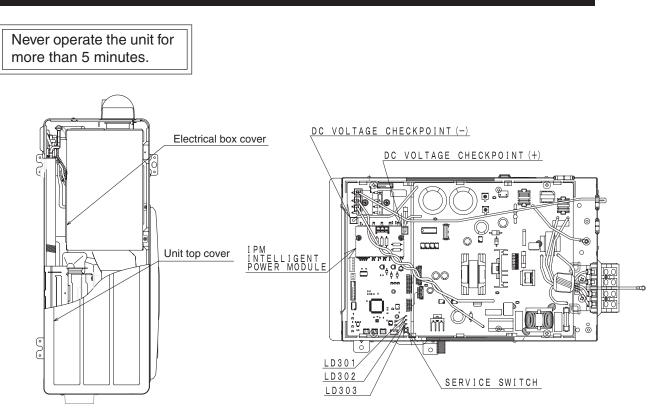


HOW TO OPERATE USING THE SERVICE SWITCH THE OUTDOOR UNIT

MODEL RAC-14EH1

- 1. Turn off the power switch.
- 2. Remove the electrical box cover.
- 3. Turn on the power switch.
- 4. After waiting for 30 seconds, push the service switch for a second.

LD303 (red) will light and the unit will operate in the forced cooling mode at this time.

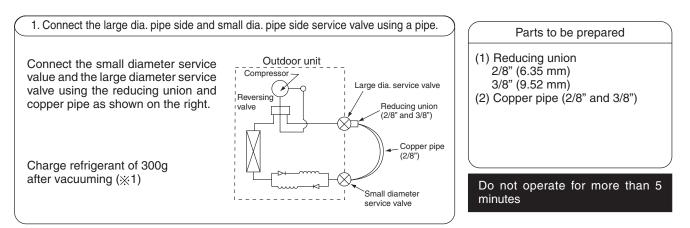


(Cautions)

- (1) If interface signal (DC 35V) terminals C and D are not connected when the outdoor unit is in forced cool mode, the outdoor unit defect indicator (LD301) will blink 9 times during operation to indicate communication error.
- (2) If checking is done with the compressor connector disconnected, the unit will stop and LD301 will blink 4 times.

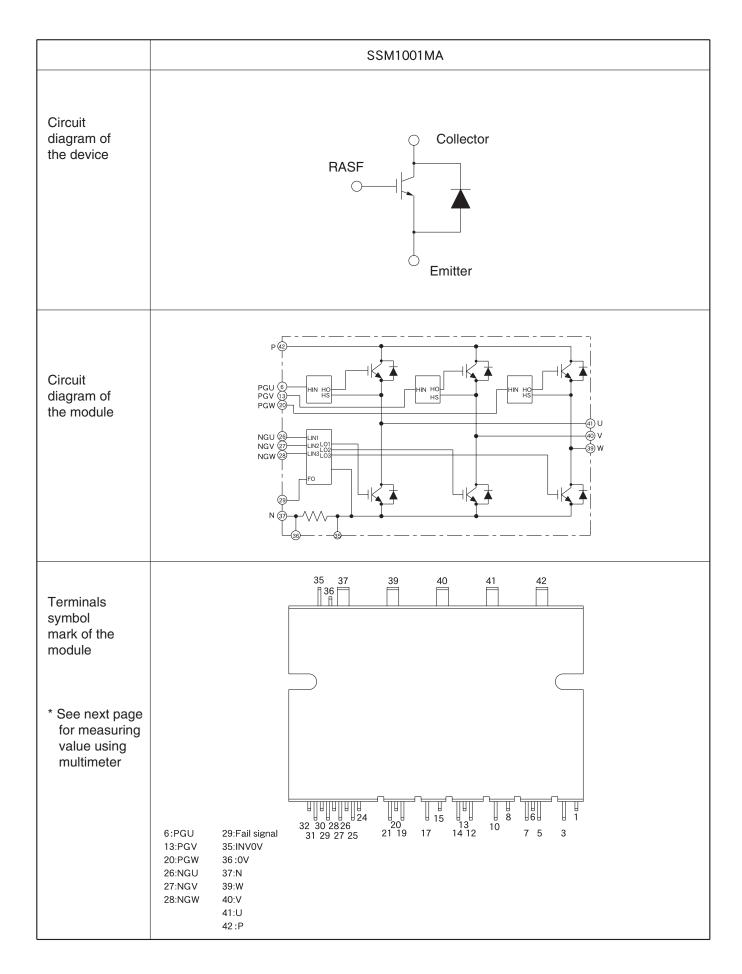
Be sure to push the service switch for a second again to stop the forced cool operation.

HOW TO OPERATE THE OUTDOOR UNIT INDEPENDENTLY



The operation method is the same as "How to operate using the connector to servicing the outdoor unit". %1 The charging amount of 200g is equivalent to the load in normal operation.

IPM (Intelligent Power Module) DIAGNOSIS



Diagnosis procedure of IPM using multimeter.

<Inverter section>

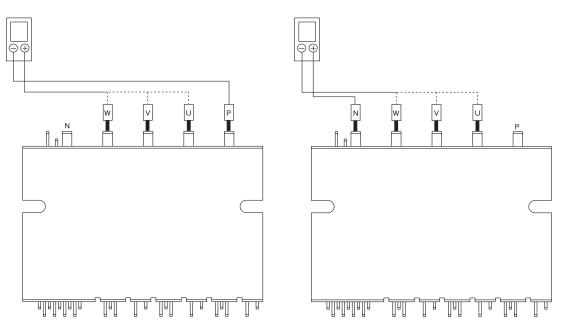
Set the multimeter function to resistance x 100. If the multimeter dose not have x 100 range, please select its range from x 1 to \times 100.

The judgment shall be OK. When the measurement was high resistance.

(Please consider that the probe polarity will be reserve when use a digital mulimeter due to its battery connection inside)

<note>

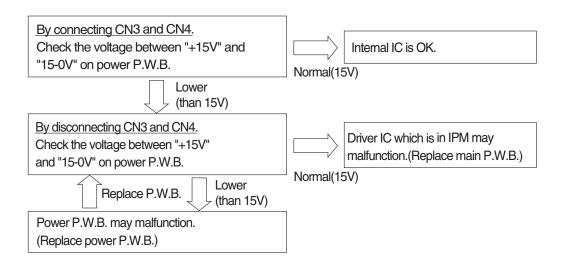
Sometimes, it may misjudge as OK because of low conductivity when power module was damaged as disconnect mode. In this case, please check the resistance by reversing the probe polarity and consider OK when it was low resistance. Also, it is OK if the resistance was as same as the other phases (U,V,W).



<Driver circuit (internal IC)>

15V will not be generated when the internal IC has malfunctioned.

To find the malfunction either the power supply of power P.W.B or internal IC, please follow the procedure following.

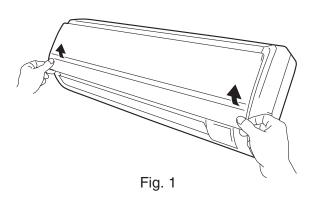


Procedure for Disassembly and Reassembly

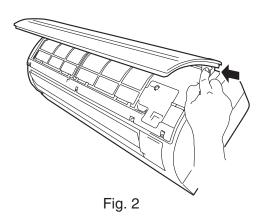
INDOOR UNIT RAS-14EH1

1. Front Panel

(1) Pull up the washable panel by holding it at both lower sides with both hands.

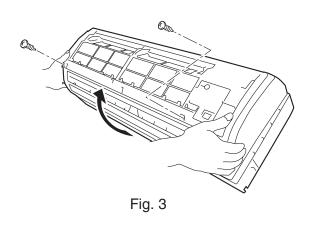


(2) When the panel opens full, push the inner part of the right arm into the inside and pull the panel forward while closing it gradually.



2. Front cover

- (1) After removing two screws, pull the center of the front cover forward and release the claws.
- (2)Hold the front cover at both lower sides and pull them forward to remove.



3. Control P.W.B. and Indicating P.W.B.

- (1)Remove each connector from the lead wire.
- (2) Remove the four P.W.B. supports from the control P.W.B.
- (3) Pull the support hook at the upper side of the indication lamp of the indicating P.W.B. and pull out the P.W.B. forward.

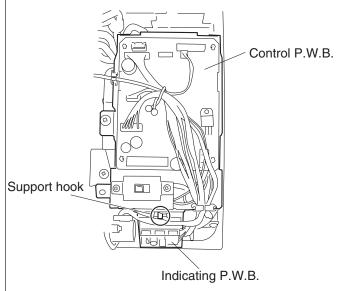
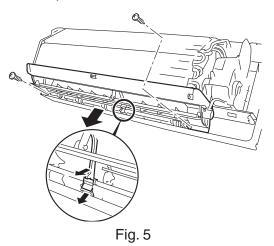


Fig. 4

4. Tangential air flow fan and fan motor

(1)Remove two screws locking the drain pan.

(2)Press to lower the hook at the center of the unit a little and pull the claw forward to remove the drain pan.



- (3) Remove the screws from the upper and lower bearing covers.
- (4) Remove the locking hook of the lower bearing cover from the Cabinet.

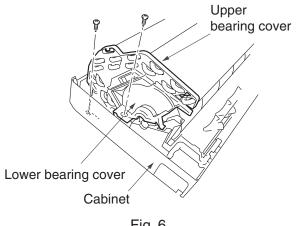
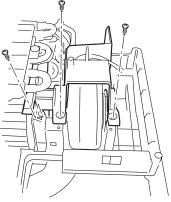


Fig. 6

- (5) Remove two lock screws from the fan motor holder.
- (6) Pull up the evaporator by holding it at the lower side. Insert a screwdriver through the space between the evaporator and drain chute and loosen the fan lock screw to remove the fan and fan motor.

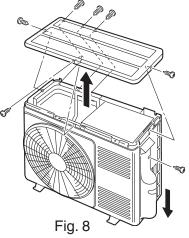




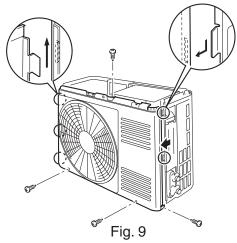
OUTDOOR UNIT RAC-14EH1

1. Electrical parts

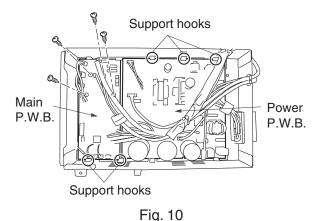
- (1)Remove the service value cover lock screws and lower the cover to remove it.
- (2) Remove the top cover lock screw and raise the cover to remove it.



- (3) Remove the front cover lock screw.
- (4) Lower the right side of the front cover and pull it forward. Then, remove the cover from the hook.
- (5) Pull the right side of the front cover a little and pull up the left side to remove it from the hook.

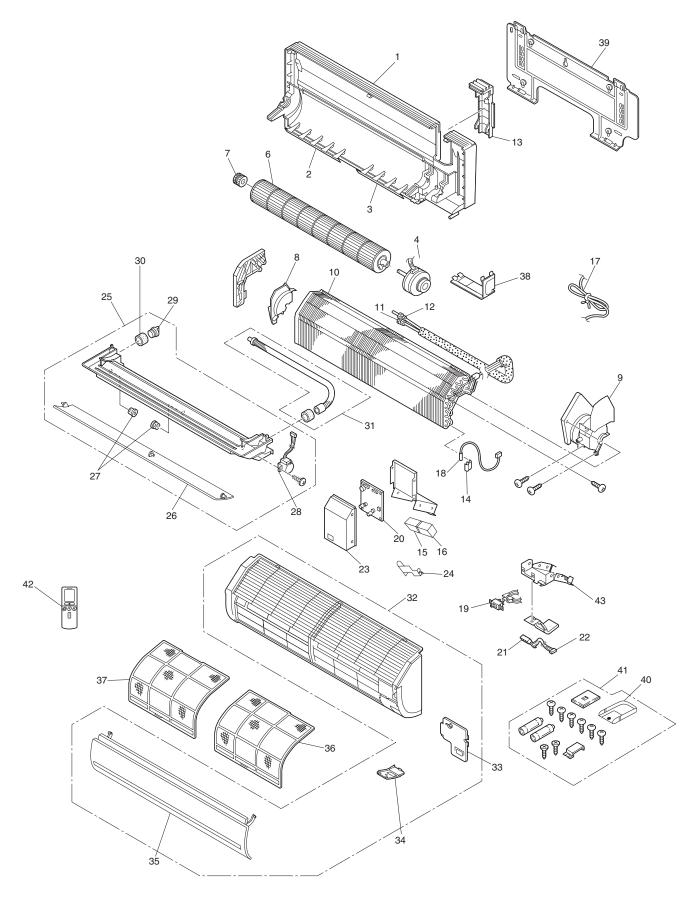


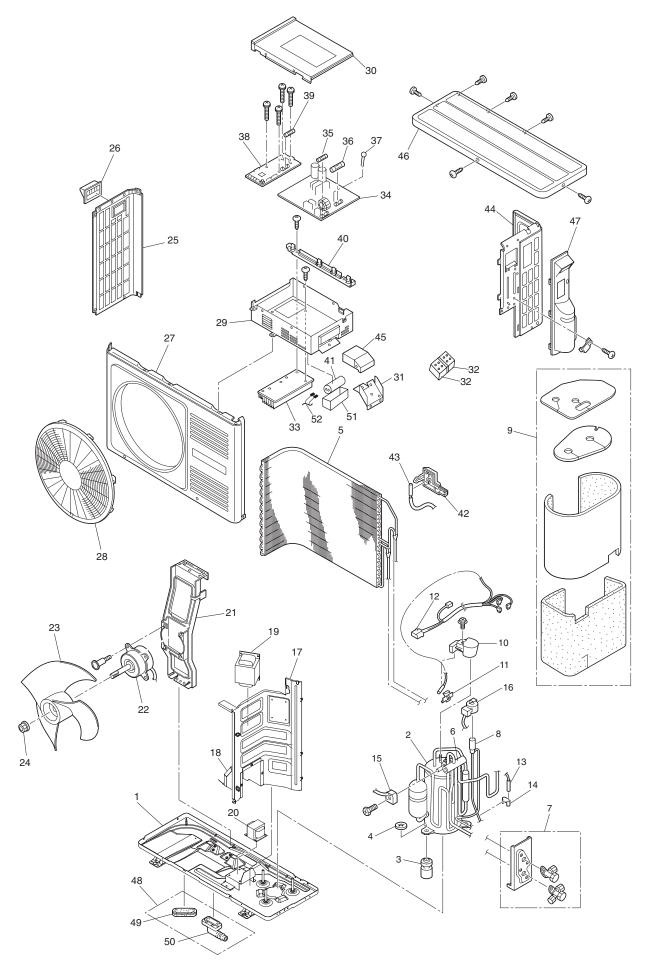
- (6) Remove each connector and earth cable from the lead wire.
- (7) Remove four lock screws from the main P.W.B. and pull two support hooks at the front side to remove the P.W.B.
- (8) Pull three support hooks at the rear side of the Power P.W.B. to remove the P.W.B.



PARTS LIST AND DIAGRAM

INDOOR UNIT MODEL: RAS-14EH1





HITACHI

RAS-14EH1/RAC-14EH1

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