



AO4613

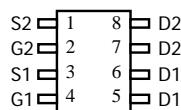
## Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

## General Description

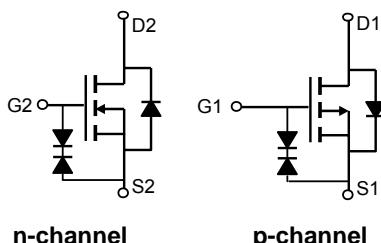
The AO4613 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used to form a level shifted high side switch, and for a host of other applications. It is ESD protected. Standard product AO4613 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO4613L is a Green Product ordering option. AO4613 and AO4613L are electrically identical.

## Features

n-channel	p-channel
$V_{DS}$ (V) = 30V	-30V
$I_D$ = 7.2A ( $V_{GS}$ =10V)	-6.1A ( $V_{GS}$ =10V)
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$
< 24mΩ ( $V_{GS}$ =10V)	< 37mΩ ( $V_{GS}$ = -10V)
< 40mΩ ( $V_{GS}$ =4.5V)	< 60mΩ ( $V_{GS}$ = -4.5V)
ESD rating: 1500V (HBM)	



SOIC-8

Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_D$	7.2	-6.1	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		6.1	-5.1	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	30	-30	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	2	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.44	1.44	
Avalanche Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{AR}$	15	20	A
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.1mH <sup>B</sup>	$E_{AR}$	11	20	mJ
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

## Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max		Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{0JA}$	n-ch	55	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		n-ch	92	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{0JL}$	n-ch	37	50	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	48	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{0JA}$	p-ch	84	110	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	37	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{0JL}$	p-ch			
Steady-State					

**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	2	3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=7.2\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		20 29	24 35	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=4\text{A}$		30	40	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=7.2\text{A}$	10	18		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$		0.77	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		522	630	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			110		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			75		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2.1	3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=7.2\text{A}$		11	15	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			5.3	7	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			1.9		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			4		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=2.1\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.7	7	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			4.9	10	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			16.2	22	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.5	7	ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=7.2\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		15.7	20	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=7.2\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7.9	10	nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.  $R_{\theta JL}$  and  $R_{\theta JC}$  are equivalent terms referring to thermal resistance from junction to drain lead.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using 80 $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. Rev 0: August 2005

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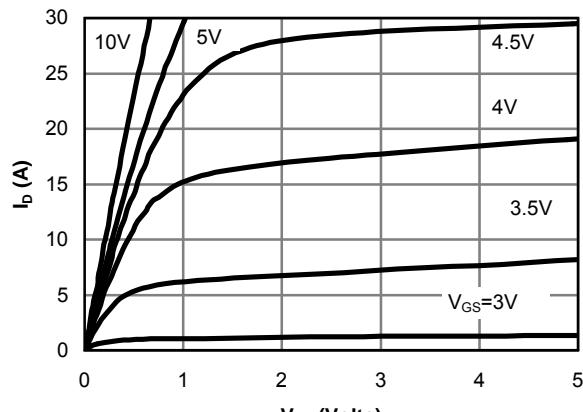
**N-CH TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

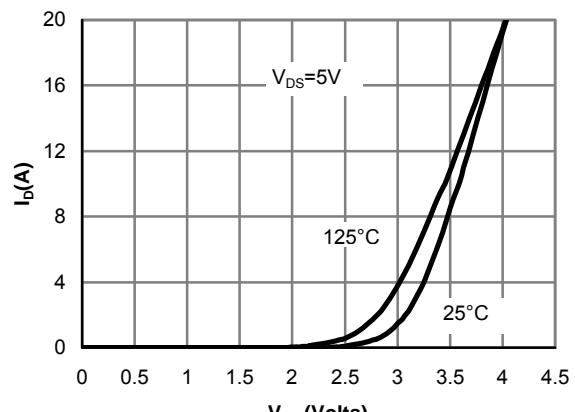


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

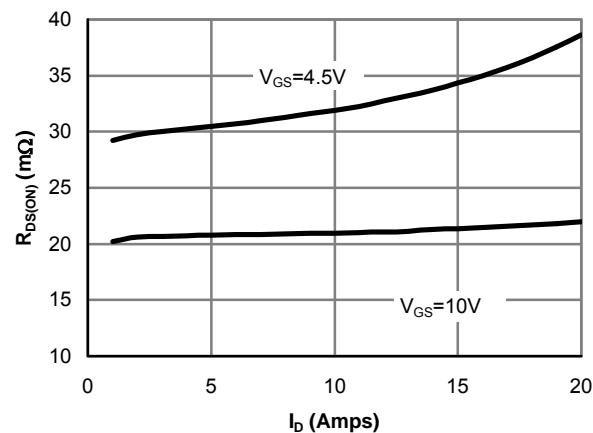


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

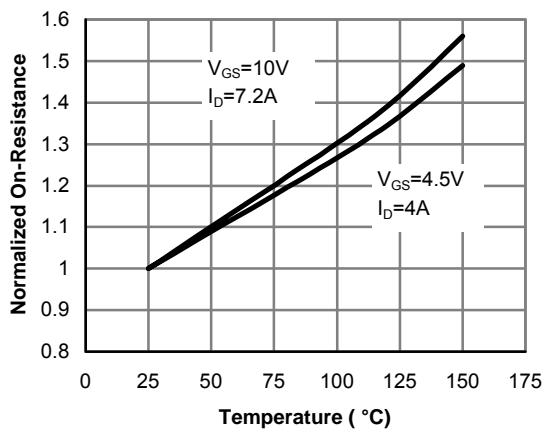


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

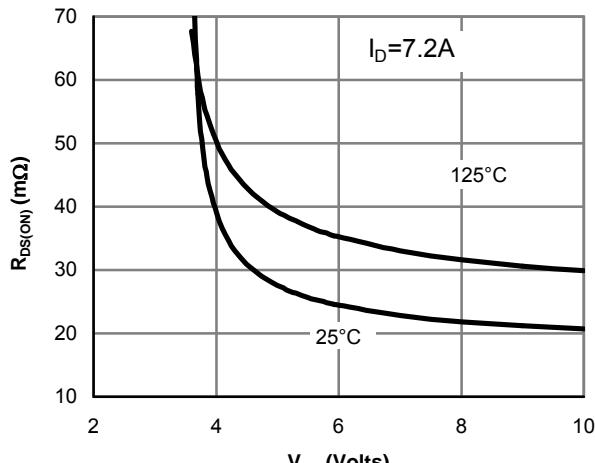


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

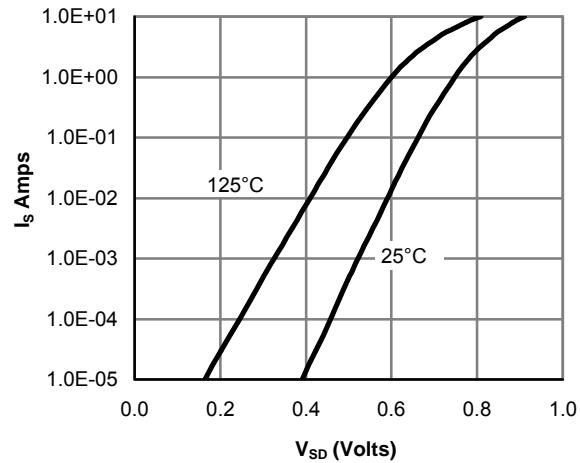


Figure 6: Body diode characteristics

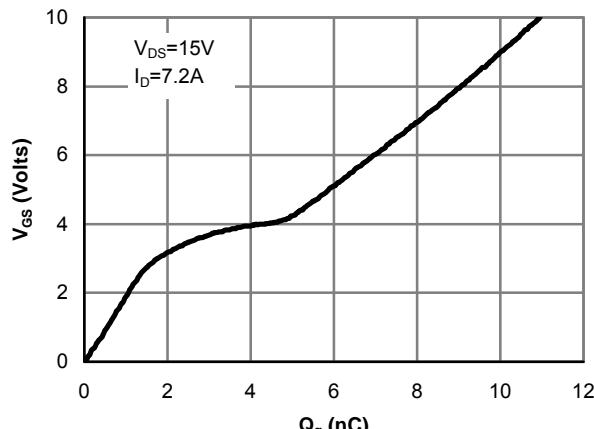
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Figure 7: Gate-Charge characteristics

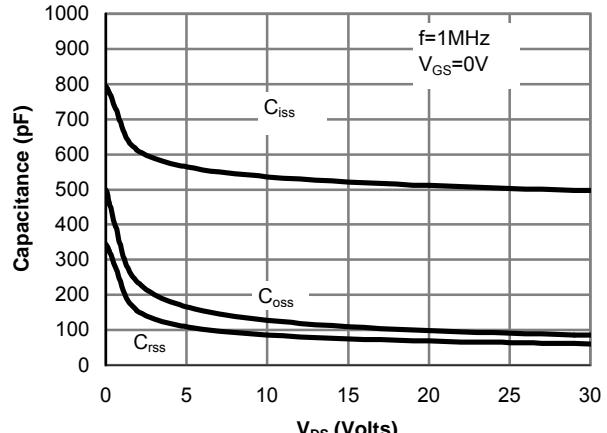


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

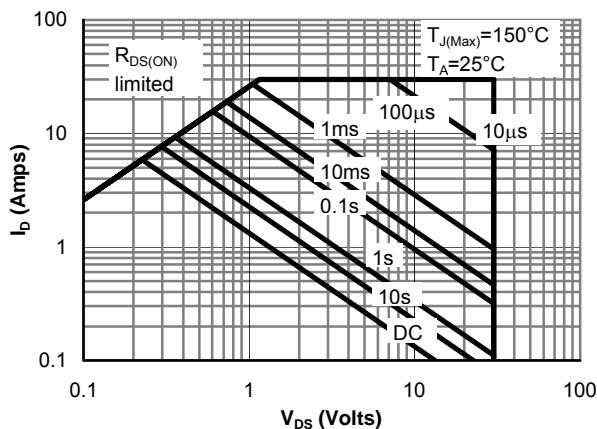


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

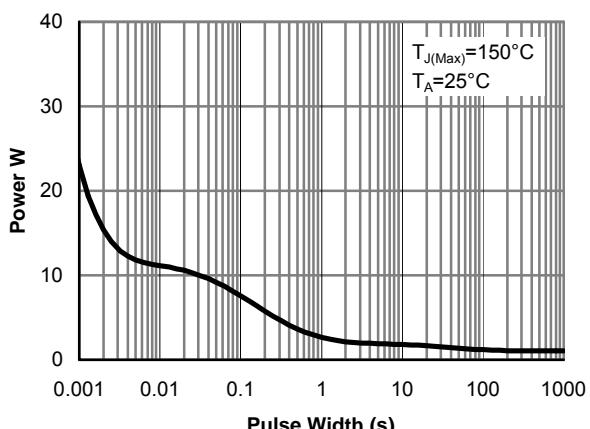


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

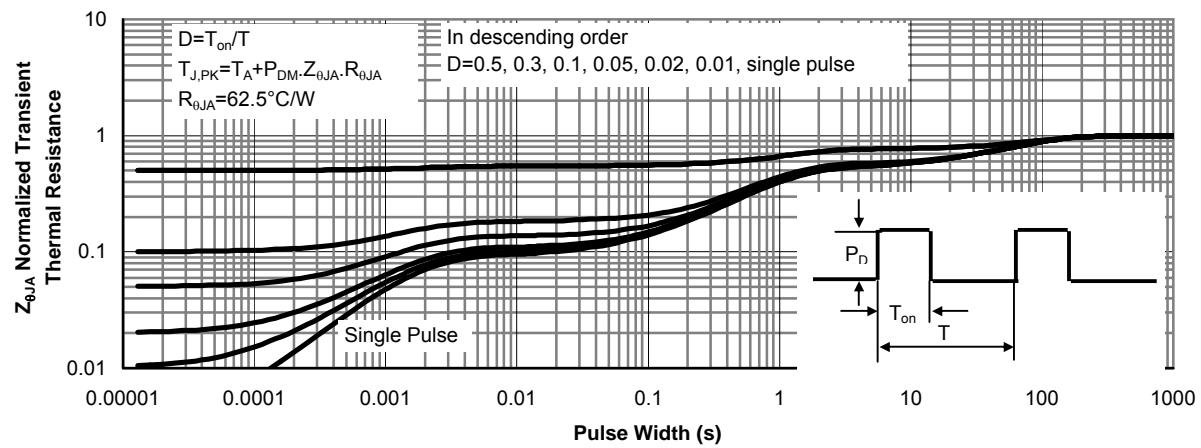


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

**P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1 -5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.7	-3	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-6.1\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		28 39	37 48	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-4\text{A}$		45	60	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-6.1\text{A}$		12.5		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.77	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				3	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1040	1250	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			179		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			134		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		5	10	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-6.1\text{A}$		16.8	22	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			8.7	12	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			3.4		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			5		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=2.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		9	12	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			5.7	11	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			22.7	30	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			10.2	20	ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-6.1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		21.7	27	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-6.1\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		13.6	18	nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.  $R_{\theta JL}$  and  $R_{\theta JC}$  are equivalent terms referring to thermal resistance from junction to drain lead.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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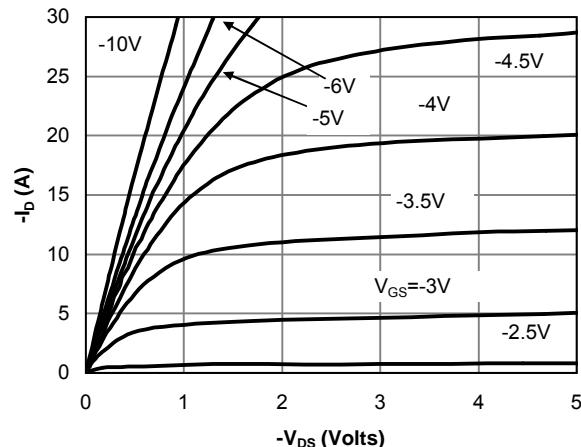
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Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

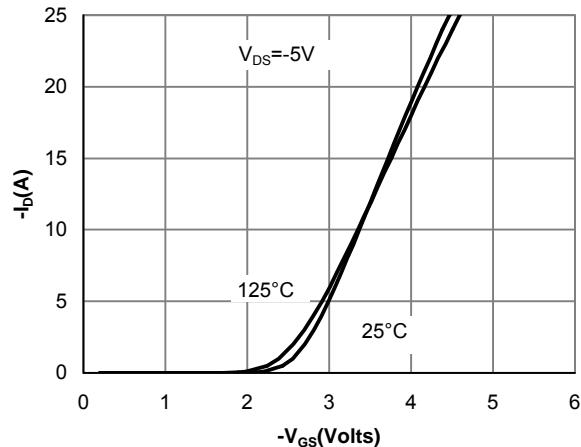


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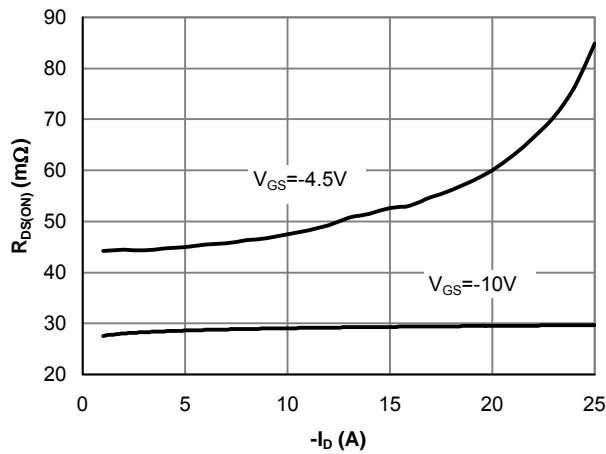


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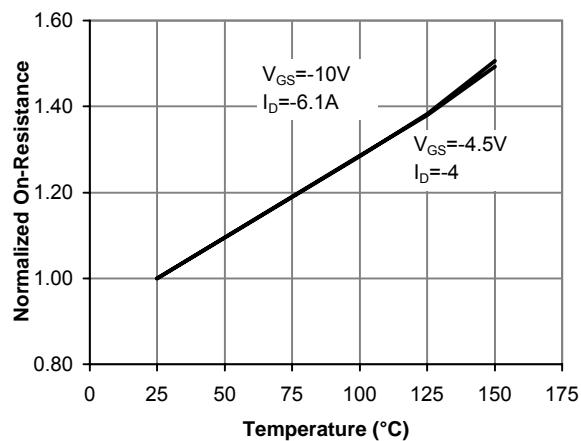


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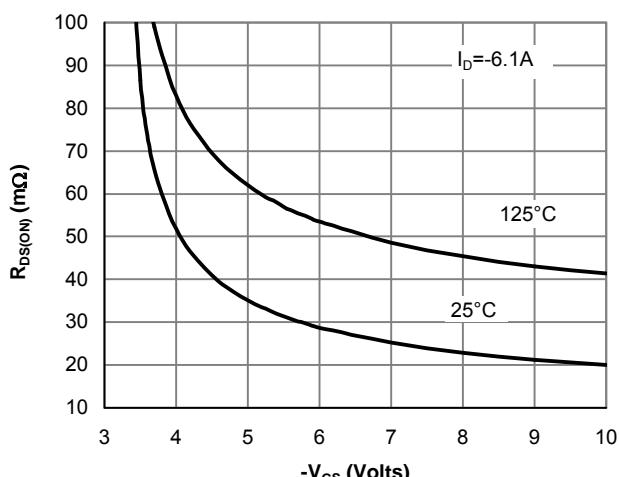


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

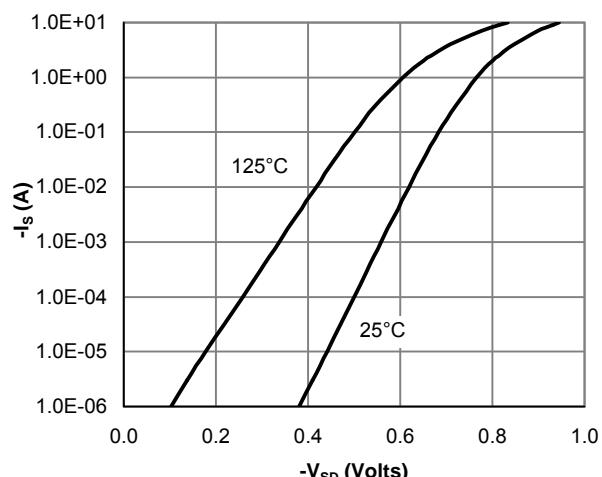


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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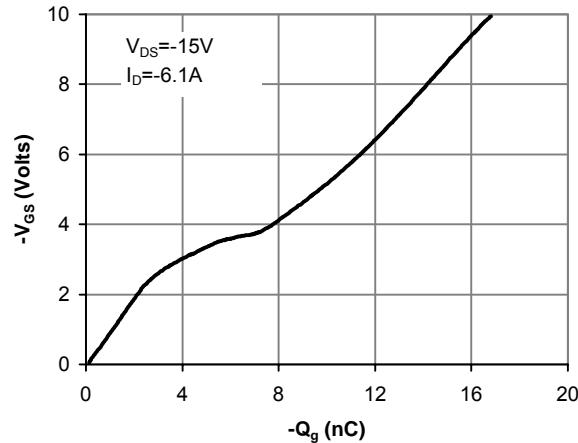


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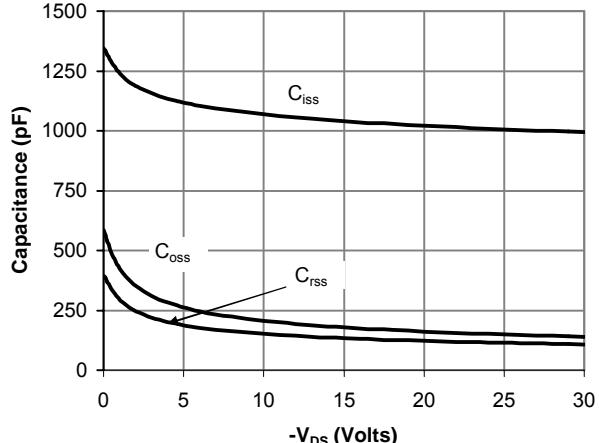


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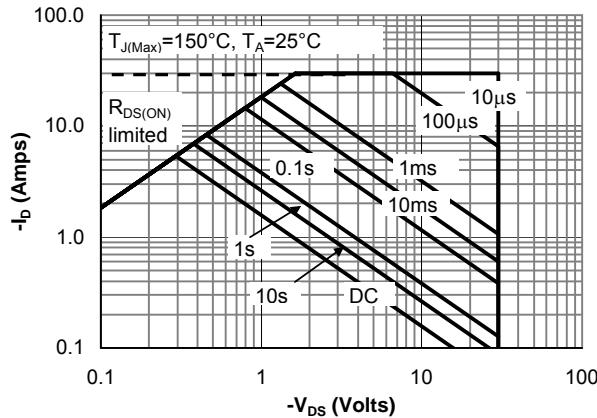


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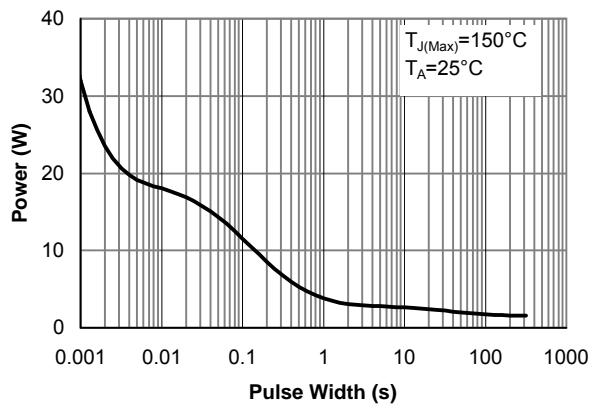


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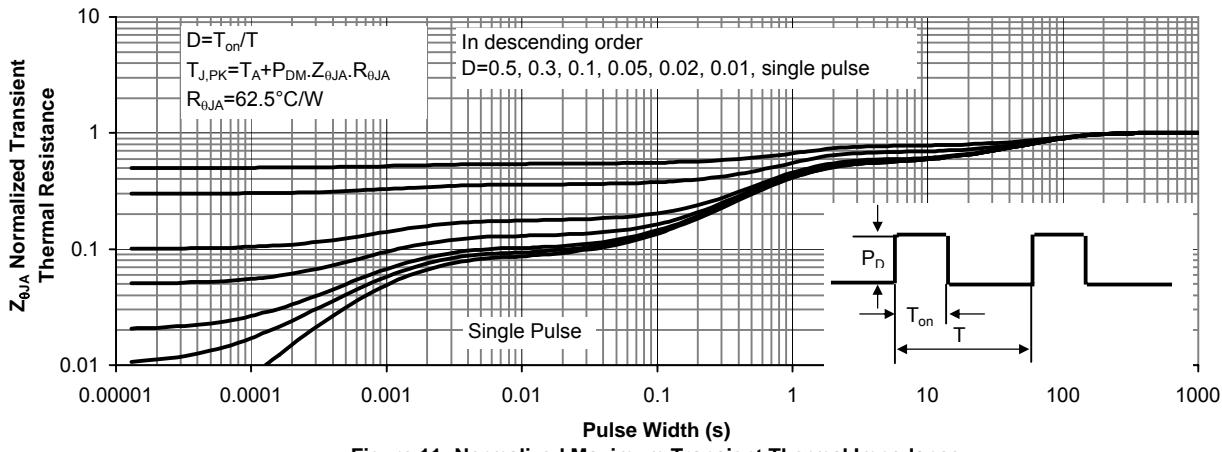


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